

# SPRING VALLEY TOWNSHIP

## ZONING RESOLUTION

2547 US ROUTE 42 SOUTH, PO BOX 147  
SPRING VALLEY OH 45370  
937-862-4532

**Spring Valley Township Zoning Resolution  
Adopted by the Board of Trustees  
1954**

Haines Craig  
Trustee

Lee Ferguson  
Trustee

Sam Graham  
Trustee

<p><b>Recommended for Amendment by the Spring Valley Township Zoning Commission</b></p>	<p>Amended <b>by the Spring Valley Township Board of Trustees</b></p>
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<p><b>February 25, 1965</b></p> <p><u>Hugh Licklighter</u> Chairman</p> <p><u>Will Williams</u> Secretary</p>	<p><b>March 23, 1977</b></p> <p><u>Haines Craig</u>     <u>Paul Kyne</u>     <u>Harvey Huff</u> Trustee             Trustee             Trustee</p> <p><u>H.L. Shrack</u> Clerk</p>
<p>May 26, 1977</p> <p><u>Don Cooper</u> Chairman</p> <p><u>Will Williams</u> Secretary</p>	<p>July 5, 1977</p> <p><u>Haines Craig</u>     <u>Paul Kyne</u>     <u>Wayne Wheeler</u> Trustee             Trustee             Trustee</p> <p><u>Donald Finlay</u> Clerk</p>
<p>June 7, 1982</p> <p><u>Dr. Harry C. Stoneburner</u> Chairman</p> <p><u>Will Williams</u> Secretary</p>	<p>July 19, 1982</p> <p><u>Ancil Dodge</u>     <u>Paul Kyne</u>     <u>John DeWine</u> Trustee             Trustee             Trustee</p> <p><u>Donald Finlay</u> Clerk</p>
<p>April 24, 1986</p> <p><u>Will Williams</u> Chairman</p> <p><u>Ellen Donley</u> Secretary</p>	<p>June 16, 1986</p> <p><u>Ancil Dodge</u>     <u>Paul Kyne</u>     <u>Clem Miller</u> Trustee             Trustee             Trustee</p> <p>Kay Teeters Clerk</p>
<p>April 30, 1987</p> <p><u>James B. Kyne</u> Chairman</p> <p><u>Mary Ann Martin</u> Secretary</p>	<p>June 29, 1987</p> <p><u>Ancil Dodge</u>     <u>Paul Kyne</u>     <u>Clem Miller</u> Trustee             Trustee             Trustee</p> <p>Kay Teeters Clerk</p>
<p>August 22, 1988</p> <p><u>Wendell Johnson</u> Chairman</p> <p><u>Mary Ann Martin</u> Secretary</p>	<p>October 3, 1988</p> <p><u>Ancil Dodge</u>     <u>Paul Ferguson</u>     <u>Clem Miller</u> Trustee             Trustee             Trustee</p> <p>Robert W. Wiggins Clerk</p>
<p>June 27, 1996</p> <p><u>Marty Beam</u> Chairman</p> <p><u>Mary Ann Martin</u> Secretary</p>	<p>July 30, 1996</p> <p><u>Wendell Johnson</u>     <u>John DeWine</u> Trustee             Trustee</p> <p>Robert W. Wiggins Clerk</p>



Recommended for Amendment by the Spring Valley Township Zoning Commission	Amended by the Spring Valley Township Board of Trustees
January 3, 2007 Section 535—Access Standards	February 19, 2007 Section 535—Access Standards
<i>Don Bell</i> <i>Carrie Smith</i>	<i>Jerry Bowen</i> <i>John DeWine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                              Zoning Inspector	Trustee                      Trustee                      Trustee <i>Kitty Crockett</i>
	Fiscal Officer
October 3, 2007 Article 9—Administrative Bodies Section 903.3 f, 1-8	November 5, 2007 Article 9—Administrative Bodies Section 903.3 f, 1-8
<i>Don Bell</i> <i>Carrie Smith</i>	<i>Jerry Bowen</i> <i>John De Wine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                              Zoning Inspector	Trustee                      Trustee                      Trustee <i>Kitty Crockett</i>
	Fiscal Officer
October 3, 2007 Article 4—District Regulations Section 418—Well Field Protection Dist Overlay, 418.2	November 5, 2007 Article 4 _____ District Regulation Section 418—Well Field Protection Dist Overlay, 418.2
<i>Don Bell</i> <i>Carrie Smith</i>	<i>Jerry Bowen</i> <i>John DeWine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                              Secretary/Inspector	Trustee                      Trustee                      Trustee <i>Kitty Crockett</i>
	Fiscal Officer
October 3, 2007 Article 4—District Regulations Section 414—Flood Plain Overlay District, 414.8 & 414.11	November 5, 2007 Article 4—District Regulations Section 414—Flood Plain Overlay District, 414.8 & 414.11
<i>Don Bell</i> <i>Carrie Smith</i>	<i>Jerry Bowen</i> <i>John DeWine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                              Zoning Inspector	Trustee                      Trustee                      Trustee <i>Kitty Crockett</i>
	Fiscal Officer
April 12, 2010 Article 5—Supplementary District Regulations Section 526—Existing Farm Dwelling, 526.3	May 10, 2010 Article 5—Supplementary District Regulations Section 526—Existing Farm Dwelling, 526.3
<i>Bill Freudenberger</i> <i>Carrie Smith</i>	<i>Jerry Bowen</i> <i>John De Wine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                              Zoning Inspector	Trustee                      Trustee                      Trustee <i>Kitty Crockett</i>
	Fiscal Officer
April 12, 2010 Article 5—Supplementary District Regulations Section 532—Division of Acreage Lots within A-5 District	May 10, 2010 Article 5—Supplementary District Regulations Section 532—Division of Acreage Lots within A-5 District
<i>Bill Freudenberger</i> <i>Carrie Smith</i>	<i>Jerry Bowen</i> <i>John DeWine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                              Zoning Inspector	Trustee                      Trustee                      Trustee <i>Kitty Crockett</i>
	Fiscal Officer
April 12, 2010 Article 5__ Supplementary District Regulations Section 536—Small Wind Turbines	May 10, 2010 Article 5 __Supplementary District Regulations Section 536—Small Wind Turbines
<i>Bill Freudenberger</i> <i>Carrie Smith</i>	<i>Jerry Bowen</i> <i>John DeWine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                              Zoning Inspector	Trustee                      Trustee                      Trustee

Fiscal Officer

Recommended for Amendment by the Spring Valley Township Zoning Commission	Amended by the Spring Valley Township Board of Trustees
May 10, 2011 Section 708—Agriculture Product Signs	July 18, 2011 Section 708—Agriculture Product Signs
Bill Freudenberger <i>Carrie Smith</i>	<i>Jerry Bowen</i> <i>John DeWine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                                      Zoning Inspector	Trustee                                      Trustee                                      Trustee <i>Kitty Crockett</i>
Recommended for Amendment by the Spring Valley Township Zoning Commission	Recommended for Amendment by the Spring Valley Township Trustees
Section 708—Agriculture Product Signs	July 2, 2012 Section 708—Agriculture Product Signs
Bill Freudenberger <i>Carrie Smith</i>	<i>Jerry Bowen</i> <i>John DeWine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                                      Zoning Inspector	Trustee                                      Trustee                                      Trustee <i>Kitty Crockett</i>
Recommended for Amendment by the Spring Valley Township Zoning Commission	Amended by the Spring Valley Township Board of Trustees
June 15, 2016 Section 537—Agritourism Section 202.054 – Flood Plain Illustration Section 1004.3	Eff. August 17, 2016 Section 708—Agritourism Section 202.054 – Flood Plain Illustration Section 1004.3
Steve Mays                                      Rhonda Painter	<i>Carrie Smith</i> <i>John DeWine</i> <i>Wendell Johnson</i>
Chairman                                      Zoning Inspector	Trustee                                      Trustee                                      Trustee <i>Kitty Crockett – Fiscal Officer</i>

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**ARTICLE 1**

**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

SECTION 101

PURPOSE: This is a Zoning Resolution for Spring Valley Township, Greene County, Ohio, adopted and amended pursuant to Chapter 519 of the Ohio Revised code for the following purposes, among others:

- 101.1 To promote the health, safety, comfort, and general welfare of the present and future inhabitants of Spring Valley Township;
- 101.2 To protect the agriculturally based economy and promote the orderly development of residential, business, industrial, recreational, and public areas within Spring Valley Township in accordance with *Perspectives: A Future Land Use Plan for Greene County, Ohio*;
- 101.3 To protect the quality of life within Spring Valley Township through the protection of the total environment, the prevention of nuisances, and the provision of adequate light, air, and convenience of access to property;
- 101.4 To achieve such timing, density, and distribution of land development and use as will prevent environmental pollution and the overloading of systems for providing water supply, wastewater disposal, storm drainage, police protection, fire protection, education, and other public services within Spring Valley Township;
- 101.5 To achieve an accessibility, design, and density of land development and use as will secure safety from fire, floods, and other dangers within Spring Valley Township;
- 101.6 To achieve such density, distribution, and design of land development and use as will protect and preserve the design capacity of the streets and roads within Spring Valley Township and prevent traffic congestion or hazards;
- 101.7 To achieve such density, design, and distribution of housing as will protect and enhance residential property and secure adequate housing for every citizen within Spring Valley Township; and
- 101.8 To insure the compatibility of land uses which are either adjacent or in close proximity to each other.

SECTION 102

TITLE: This Regulation, including the Official Zoning District Map made a part hereof, shall be known and may be referred or cited to as the "Spring Valley Township Zoning Resolution".

SECTION 103

INTERPRETATION: In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this Regulation shall be held to be minimum requirements, adopted for the promotion of the public health, safety and the general welfare. Whenever the requirements of this Regulation are at variance with the requirements of any other lawfully adopted rules, regulation, ordinances, resolutions, or private

covenant, the most restrictive, or that imposing the higher standards shall govern.

SECTION 104      AREA OF JURISDICTION: The provisions of this Resolution shall apply to all land within the incorporated area of Spring Valley Township, Greene County, Ohio.

SECTION 105      SEPARABILITY: Should any section, paragraph, clause, sentence, item, phrase, or provision of this Resolution be declared by a Court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of this Regulation as a whole or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

SECTION 106      REQUIRED CONFORMANCE: Except as herein provided, no building or structure shall be erected, converted, enlarged, reconstructed, moved or structurally altered, nor shall any building structure or land be used, nor shall any excavation or fill be made;

106.1    Except for any expressed purpose permitted in the district in which such building or structure or land is located;

106.2    Except in conformance to the height and bulk limits established for the district in which such building or structure or use is located;

106.3    Except in conformance to the area, frontage, and yard regulations of the district in which such building or structure or use is located; and

106.4    Except in conformance to the off-street parking and off-street loading space regulations of the district in which such building or structure or use is located.

**ARTICLE 2**

**CONSTRUCTION OF  
LANGUAGE AND DEFINITIONS**

SECTION 201

CONSTRUCTION OF LANGUAGE: For the purpose of this Resolution; certain terms or words shall be interpreted as follows:

- 201.1 Words used in the singular shall include the plural, and the plural the singular;
- 201.2 Words used in the present tense shall include the future tense;
- 201.3 The word "shall" is mandatory and not discretionary;
- 201.4 The word "may" is permissive;
- 201.5 The phrase "used for" shall include the phrases "arranged for," "designed for," "intended for," "maintained for," and "occupied for;"
- 201.6 The word "person" includes a firm, association, organization, partnership, trust, company, or corporation, as well as, an individual; and
- 201.7 The word "dwelling" includes the word "residence."

SECTION 202

DEFINITIONS: All words used in this Resolution shall have their customary meanings as defined in *Webster's New World Dictionary*, except those specifically defined in this Section:

- 202.001 Accessory Use or Structure: A use or structure incidental and subordinate to the principal use or structure on the lot and serving a purpose customarily incidental and subordinate to the use of the principal building.
- 202.002 Agribusiness: Manufacturing warehousing, storage, and related industrial and commercial activities that provide services for or are dependent upon agricultural activities found within the Agricultural District, and are not necessarily suited to locations within an established community. Agribusiness's include, but are not limited to the following uses: fertilizer production, sales, storage, and blending; sales and servicing of farm implements and related equipment; preparations and sale of feeds for animals and fowl; seed sales; poultry hatchery services; corn shelling, hay baling, and threshing services; grain elevators and bulk storage of feed grains; horticultural services; veterinary services; agricultural produce milling and processing; feed lots; livestock auctions; and retail nurseries.
- 202.003 Agriculture: The use of a tract of land for farming, dairying, pasturage, apiculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture, animal and poultry husbandry, and the necessary accessory uses for packing, treating, or storing the produce, provided, however, that:
  - a. The operation of any such accessory use defined above shall be secondary to that of normal agricultural activities;

- b. The above uses shall not include the feeding of garbage or offal to swine or other animals;
- c. The above uses shall not include the feeding or sheltering of animals or poultry in penned enclosures within one hundred (100) feet of any residential zoning district;
- d. The above uses shall not include the operation or maintenance of a feed lot or a commercial stockyard.

202.004 Airport, Commercial: Any runway, landing strip, or other facility designed or used by any person for the landing and takeoff by the public for commercial purposes, and may also include services such as fuel sales, storage, repair services, and aircraft sales.

202.005 Airport, Private: Any runway, landing strip, or other facility designed or used by any person for the landing, take-off, and storage of aircraft on his own property principally for his own use.

202.006 Alterations: Any change in the supporting members (bearing walls, beams, columns, girders, etc.) of a building or structure; or movement of a building or structure from one location to another.

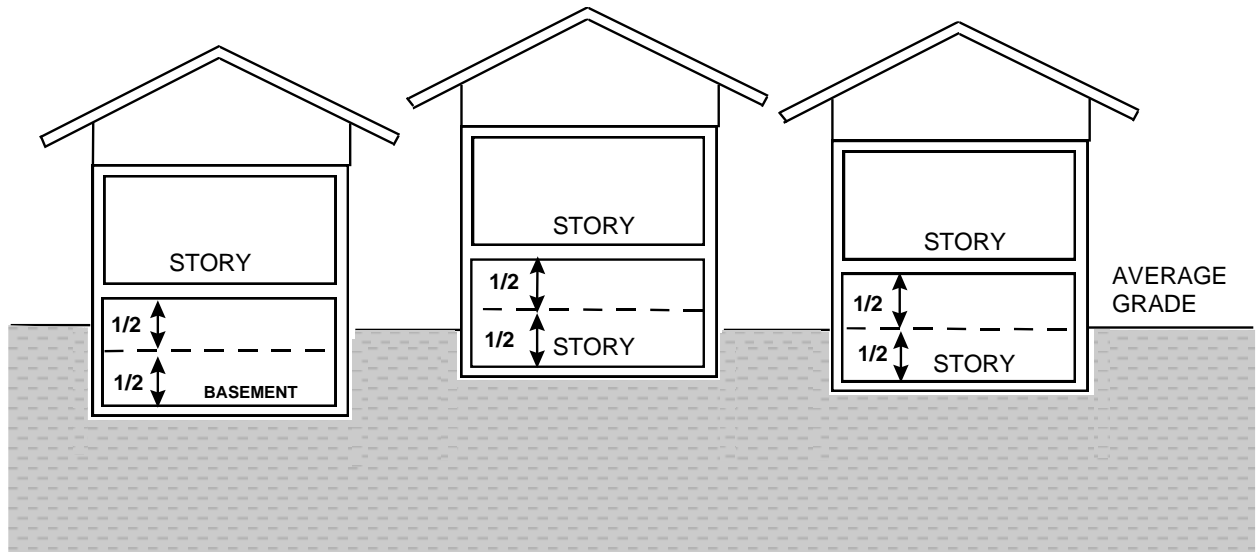
202.007 Automobile Service Station: A building, lot, or both, having pumps and underground storage tanks at which fuels, oils, or accessories for the use of motor vehicles are dispensed, sold, or offered for retail sale, and where mechanical repair service may be incidental to the dispensing of such items. The storage of junk or inoperable vehicles shall not be included in this definition.

202.008 Automobile Repair Station: A building, lot, or both in or upon which the business of general motor vehicle repair and service is conducted, to include engine rebuilding, rebuilding or reconditioning of motor vehicles, body repair, and painting and undercoating of automobiles, but excluding a junk yard as defined in this Section.

202.009 Automobile Sales or Rental: A building, lot, or both used for the display, sale, or rental of new used motor vehicles in operable condition and where repair service is incidental.

202.010 Barn: An accessory structure upon a lot customarily used for the housing of livestock and for the storage of crops and/or machinery used in bonafide agricultural activities as previously defined in this section.

202.011 Basement: Floor space in a building partially or wholly underground, but having more than one-half (1/2) of its clear floor-to-ceiling height below the average grade of the adjoining ground. A basement shall be counted as a story if it does not meet the definition above or is subdivided and used for dwelling or business purposes by other than a janitor employed on the premises. (See Illustration)



202.012 Bed and Breakfast: A single family dwelling unit in which the principal use is the permanent residential quarters of the resident owner, and in which bedrooms in the principal structure are made available for transient occupancy for a fee. Such occupancy shall be generally less than seven (7) consecutive days per person in a thirty (30) day period, and occupied by no more than four (4) guests, with breakfast and served upon the premises as part of the accommodations.

202.013 Beginning of Construction: The beginning of construction is the incorporation of labor and material within the walls of a building or buildings; the incorporation of labor and materials at the site, lot, or parcel where a building is to be constructed; and for the incorporation of labor and material where land is to be used for purposes other than construction of a building.

202.014 Billboard: See Sign.

202.015 Block: A tract of land bounded by streets, a combination of streets, railroad right-of-way, unsubdivided acreage, river or live stream, or any other barrier to the continuity of development, including corporation lines.

202.016 Board of Zoning Appeals: The Board of Zoning Appeals of Spring Valley Township Greene County, Ohio.

202.017 Boarding House: Any building, originally designed for and used as a single-family dwelling or part thereof, where rooms for lodging, with or without meals are provided for compensation for five (5) or less persons who are not members of the keeper's family. A boarding house which is operated for more than five (5) persons shall be deemed to be a motel or hotel as defined in this Section.

202.018 Boat, Sales, Repair, and/or Storage: A business office and lot facility for the express purpose of selling new and/or used boats and which

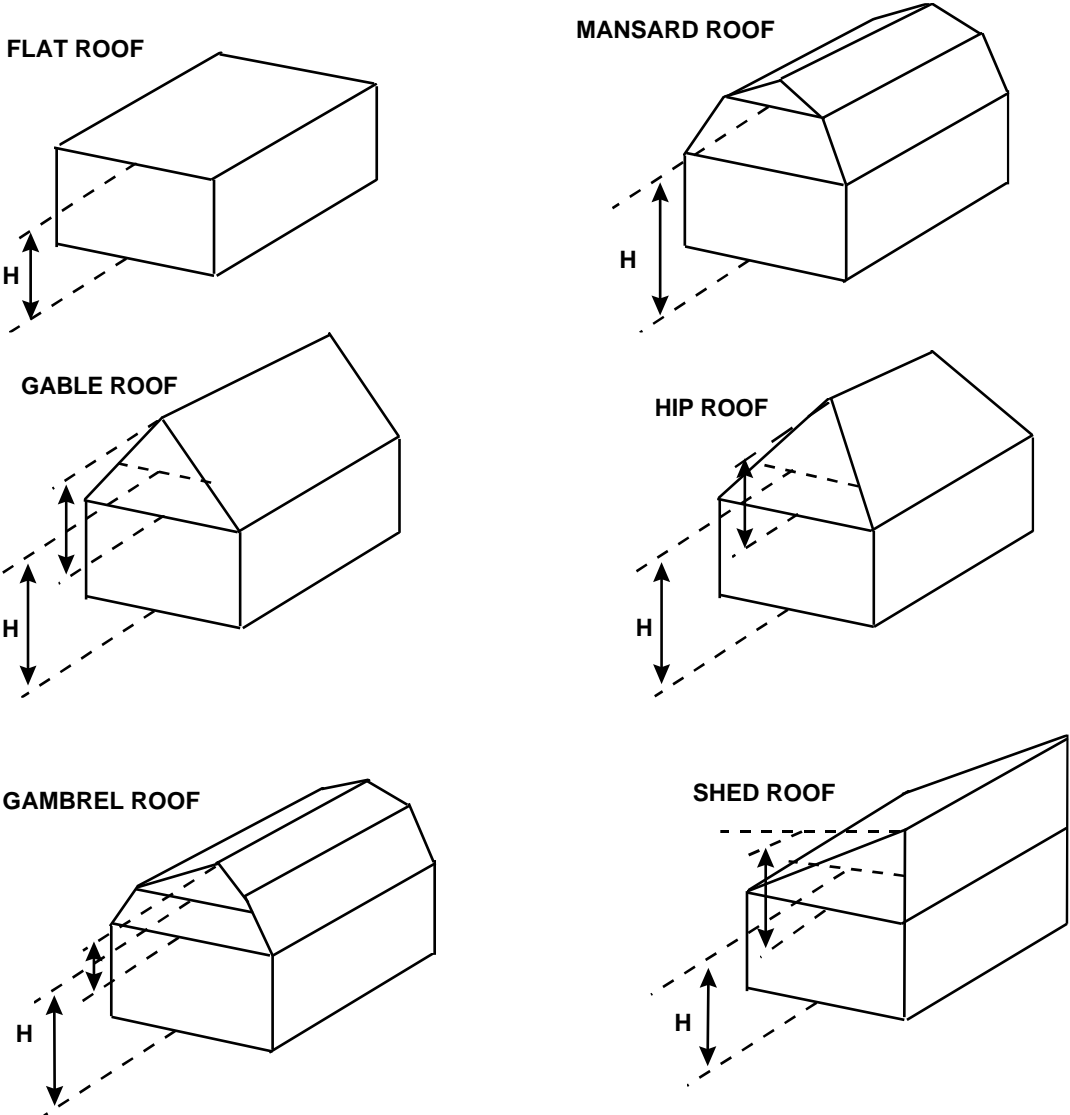


may include a shop for repair and/or building and/or fenced lot area for storage of boats. Such use is conditional meaning Board of Zoning Appeals is required before permitting.

202.019 Buffer Area: That portion of a lot set aside for open space and visual screening purposes, pursuant to applicable provisions of this Resolution, to separate or screen different use districts and/or uses on one property from uses on another property.

202.020 Building: Any structure having a roof supported by poles, columns, or by walls which is designed for the shelter, support, or enclosure of persons, animals, chattels, or property of any kind.

202.021 Building Height: The vertical distance from the average elevation of the finished grade at the front of the building to (a) the highest point of a flat roof; (b) the deck line of a mansard roof; (c) the average height between the eaves and ridge for gable, hip, and gambrel roofs; or (d) the average height between high and low points for a shed roof. (See Illustration)



- 202.022 Cemetery: Land used or intended to be used for the burial of animal or human dead and dedicated for cemetery purposes, including crematories, mausoleums, and mortuaries if operated in connection with and within the boundaries of such cemetery.
- 202.023 Clinic: A place used for the care, diagnosis, and treatment of sick, ailing, infirm, or injured persons, and those who are in need of medical and surgical attention, but who are not provided with board or room or kept overnight on the premises.
- 202.024 Club: A premises owned or operated by a person or persons for a civic, social, cultural, religious, literary, political, recreational, or like activity, but not primarily for profit or to render a service which is customarily carried on as a business.
- 202.025 Commercial Recreational Facilities, Indoor: Any commercial activity conducted primarily indoors which is related to the recreation field, such as bowling alleys, skating rinks, indoor tennis courts, indoor motion picture theaters, and similar recreational activities.
- 202.026 Commercial Recreational Facilities, Outdoor: Any commercial activity conducted primarily outside of a building which is related to the recreation field, such as drive-in theaters, community swimming pools, miniature golf, driving ranges, skiing facilities, country clubs, and similar activities.
- 202.027 Community-Based Residential Social Service Facilities: Facilities providing resident services for the care and/or rehabilitation of groups of individuals who require protective supervision within a residential environment, including the following five (5) types of facilities:
- a. Foster Homes: A private residence providing resident services and protective supervision for the care and/or rehabilitation of one (1) child, adolescent, or adult within a home environment, all under the regulation of the appropriate social service agency having authority under law to license the operation.
  - b. Family Care Home: A residential facility which is operated by private citizens or a social service agency to provide room and board, personal care, habilitation services, and supervision in a family setting for not more than eight (8) persons with developmental disabilities. A developmental disability shall be defined as a disability that originated before the attainment of eighteen (18) years of age and can be expected to continue indefinitely, constitutes a substantial handicap to the person's ability to function normally in society, and is attributable to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism, or any other condition found to be closely related to mental retardation because such condition results in similar impairment of general intellectual functioning or adaptive behavior or requires similar treatment and services. All family care homes shall possess a license from the

appropriate state or local agencies having authority under law to license the operation.

- c. Group Care Home: A residential facility which is operated by private citizens or a social service agency to provide room and board, personal care, habilitation services, and supervision in a family setting for more than eight (8) but not more than sixteen (16) persons with developmental. A developmental disability shall be defined as a disability that originated before the attainment of eighteen (18) years of age and can be expected to continue indefinitely, constitutes a substantial handicap to the person's ability to function normally in society, and is attributable to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism, or any other condition found to be closely related to mental retardation because such condition results in similar impairment of general intellectual functioning or adaptive behavior or requires similar treatment and services. All group care homes shall possess a license from the appropriate state or local agencies having authority under law to license the operation .
  
- d. Home for Adjustment: A residential facility operated by a court, a social service agency, or private citizens which provides therapy, counseling, and a residential environment for eight (8) or less adolescents or adults for the following purposes: 1) to assist them in recuperation from the effects of drugs or alcohol; 2) to assist them in adjusting to living with the handicaps or emotional or mental disorder in lieu of or subsequent to confinement within an institution; or 3) to provide housing and a supervised living arrangement in lieu of or subsequent to placement within a correctional institution. The residents of any home for adjustment shall be limited to those individuals who will not pose a threat to life or property within the community, as determined by the responsible court or social service agency. All homes for adjustment shall possess a license from the appropriate court, or state or local agency having authority under law to license the operation .
  
- e. Institution: A facility such as a hospital, a nursing home, rest home, or a correctional facility. An institution shall also be defined as any residential facility designed or used for more than sixteen (16) persons functioning under the purposes of a family care home or a group care home, or any residential facility designed or used for more than eight (8) persons under the purposes of a home for adjustment. All institutions shall possess a license from the appropriate state or local agency having authority under law to license the operation and may be operated by private citizens, a social service agency, or a governmental authority.

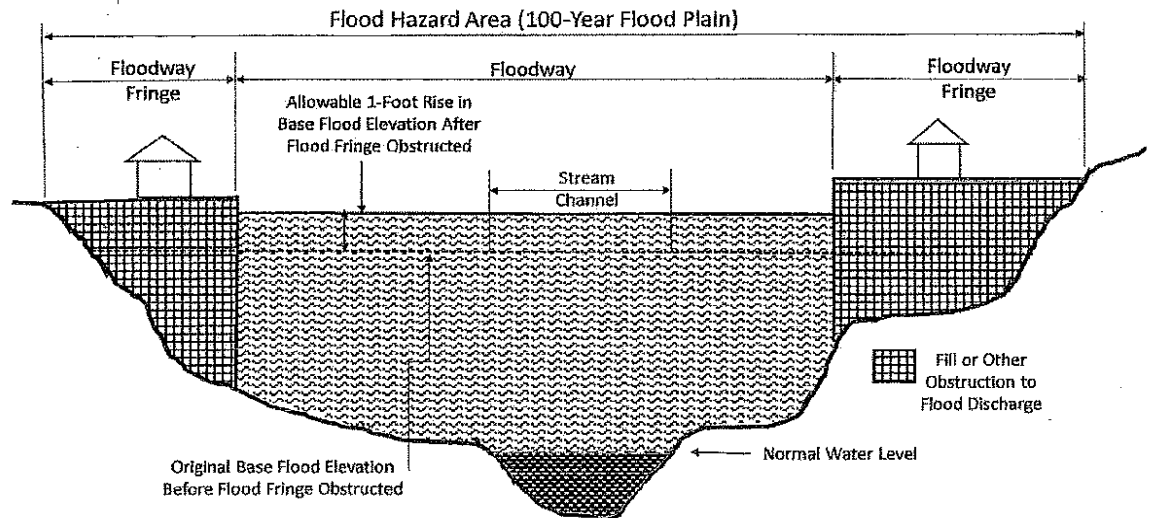
202.028 Common Areas: As used herein, parcels of land, together with the improvements thereon, the use and enjoyment of which shall be shared by the owners and occupants of the individual building sites within a development.

- 202.029 Comprehensive Plan: Perspectives: A Future Land Use Plan for Greene County, as adopted by the Board of County Commissioners of Greene County. This plan establishes the goals, objectives, and policies of Spring Valley Township as well as showing the general facilities including housing, industrial, and commercial uses, major streets, parks, and other community facilities.
- 202.030 Conditional Use: A use permitted within a district other than a permitted principal use, requiring a conditional use permit and approval of the Board of Zoning Appeals. These uses are permitted only after the applicant has followed the procedures outlined in Article 10, Section 1002.
- 202.031 Conditional Use Permit: A permit issued by the Board of Zoning Appeals to allow certain specific developments that would not otherwise be allowed in a particular zoning district. These permits are issued only after the applicant has followed the procedures as stated in Article 10, Section 1002 of this Regulation. Development under a Conditional Use Permit differs from a zoning change in that it is such more specific. The applicant submits plans and conditions exactly or reapplies for a permit before deviating from that plan.
- 202.032 Contract Construction Services: Personal and/or professional service businesses engaged in providing construction services in the form of excavating, concrete work, paving electrical, plumbing, carpentry, roofing, etc. contracting and which operate from a centralized office and/or shop location which may include outside storage and maintenance of equipment and related materials.
- 202.033 Court: An open space which may or may not have direct street access and which is bounded on two or more sides by a single building or a group of related buildings. A court is not a yard.
- 202.034 Corner Lot: See Lot Types.
- 202.035 Density: A unit of measurement designating the number of dwelling units per acre of land as follows:
- a. Gross Density: The number of dwelling units per acre of the total land to be developed.
  - b. Net Density: The number of dwelling units per acre of land when the acreage involved includes only the land devoted to residential uses and excludes areas such as street right-of-way, parks, and other similar uses.
- 202.036 District: A portion of the incorporated area of the Township, within which certain regulations and requirements, or various combinations thereof, apply uniformly under the provisions of this Resolution.
- 202.037 Drive-In: A business or other establishment so developed that its retail or service character is dependent on providing a driveway approach

and/or waiting spaces for motor vehicles so as to service patrons while in the motor vehicle.

- 202.038 Dwelling Unit: One or more rooms designed for or used as a unit to provide complete housekeeping facilities for one (1) individual family with sleeping facilities, permanently installed cooking facilities, and lawfully required sanitary facilities. This definition shall include "modular homes" as defined in this Resolution.
- 202.039 Dwelling, Single -Family: A building consisting of one single dwelling unit on a individual lot, separated from other dwelling units by open space.
- 202.040 Dwelling, Two Family: A building consisting of two dwelling units, including condominiums, which may be either attached side-by-side or one above the other. Each unit shall have a separate entrance.
- 202.041 Dwelling, Multiple-Family: A building consisting of three or more dwelling units, including condominiums, townhouses, quadruples, and garden apartments with varying arrangements of entrances and party walls.
- 202.042 Easement: Authorization by a property owner for use by another for a specified purpose, of any designated part of his property.
- 202.043 Erection: The acts of building, constructing, altering, reconstructing, moving upon, or any physical operations on the premises which are required for construction. Excavation, fill, drainage, and the like shall be considered a part of erection.
- 202.044 Essential Services: The erection, construction reconstruction, change, alteration, maintenance, removal or, use of any underground or overhead equipment including towers, poles, wires, mains, drains, sewers, pipes, conduits, cables, signals, hydrants, or other similar accessories by any public utility or governmental agency for the purpose of furnishing adequate supply, transmission, distribution, collection, or disposal of gas, electric, water, steam, or communication service to the public in order to maintain the public health, safety, and welfare, but not including buildings.
- 202.045 Excavation: The act of digging, hollowing out, or any other breaking of ground resulting in a total quantity of more than one hundred (100) cubic yards of material or a vertical depth of more than four (4) feet. Common household gardening and ground care, or plowing of ground for agricultural purposes, shall be excepted from this definition.
- 202.046 Family: An individual; two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption living together as a single housekeeping unit in a dwelling unit, or a group of individuals, who need not be related, living together as a single housekeeping unit in a dwelling unit, provided that a ratio of two persons or less per bedroom within the dwelling unit be maintained.

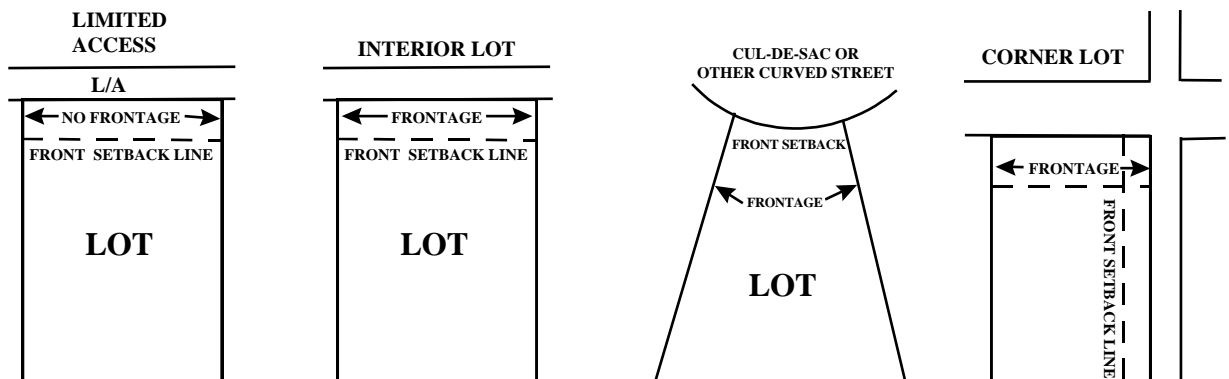
- 202.047 Farm: All of the contiguous, neighboring, or associated land operated as a single unit by the owner-operator himself, his family, or hired employees on which bonafide agriculture is conducted as the primary use, as indicated tax rates.
- 202.048 Feed Lot: Land used for the confining and commercial feeding of livestock for mass production and marketing, and not necessarily connected with any general farming upon the same lot. All feed lots shall obtain appropriate permits for waste treatment and disposal from the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency prior to the issuance of a Zoning Permit.
- 202.049 Fence: Any free-standing structure, other than part of a building, which encloses or partially encloses any premises and is of sufficient strength and dimensions to prevent straying from within or intrusion from without. Live vegetation shall not be included in this definition.
- 202.050 Fill: Soil, rock, earth, sand, gravel, or any other material exceeding a total of one hundred (100) cubic yards or more than four (4) feet in vertical height at its deepest point which may be deposited or placed onto or into the ground.
- 202.051 Filling: The act of depositing or dumping fill onto or into the ground, except common household gardening and ground care.
- 202.052 Flood, 100-Year: The temporary inundation of normally dry land areas by a flood that is likely to occur once every 100 years (i.e., that has a one percent (1%) chance of occurring each year, although the flood may occur in any year).
- 202.053 Flood Plain, Regulatory: That land area of Spring Valley Township which is subject to inundation by the 100-year flood as determined by the *Flood Insurance Study: Unincorporated Areas of Greene County, Ohio* prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. (See Illustration).
- 202.055 Floodway: That portion of the regulatory flood plain which is required to carry and discharge the flood waters of the 100-year flood without obstruction as designated in the *Flood Insurance Study: Unincorporated Areas of Greene County, Ohio* (See Illustration).
- 202.054 Floodway Fringe: That portion of the regulatory flood plain which serves primarily as a storage area for the flood waters of the 100-year flood as designated in the *Flood Insurance Study: Unincorporated Areas of Greene County, Ohio* (See Illustration).



202.055 Floor Area, Non-Residential: The sum of the gross horizontal area of all the floors of a non-residential building measured from the interior faces of the interior walls, excluding stairs, washrooms, elevator shafts, maintenance shafts, and similar areas.

202.056 Floor Area, Residential: The sum of the horizontal area of all floors of a residential building measured from the interior faces of the exterior walls. Floor area shall not include breezeways, carports, garages, storage areas with only outside access, porches, unfinished attics or other unheated and/or unfinished areas attached to the dwelling.

202.057 Frontage: The distance between the side lot lines measured along the continuous required front setback line; and (2) in the case of a corner lot where frontage shall be measured along the continuous shortest front lot line. Property lines which abut limited access roads shall not be construed to be included within any calculation of frontage. (See Illustration)



- 202.058 Garage, Private: A detached accessory building or a portion of a main building, intended for the parking or storage of automobiles, recreational vehicles, or boats of the occupants of the premises.
- 202.059 Garage Public: A principal or accessory building other than a private garage, intended for the parking or storage of automobiles, recreational vehicles, boats, or other vehicles.
- 202.060 Glare: Excessively bright illumination.
- 202.061 Grade, Average: The average elevation of the finished surface of the ground at the exterior walls of a building or structure.
- 202.062 Home Occupation: An occupation conducted by a person on the same premises as his principal place of residence and is clearly subordinate and incidental to its use for residential purposes.
- 202.063 Hotel: A building in which lodging or boarding is offered to the public for compensation. As such it is open to the public in contradistinction to a boarding house, which is herein separately defined.
- 202.064 Junk or Inoperable Vehicle: A vehicle shall be deemed a junk or inoperable vehicle whenever any two or more of the following occur for a period of two weeks prior to the filing of a cease and desist order:
- a. The vehicle is without a valid, current registration and/or license plate;
  - b. The vehicle is apparently inoperable;
  - c. The vehicle is without fully inflated tires and/or has any type of support under it;
  - d. The vehicle has a missing or shattered window or windshield and/or;
  - e. The vehicle has an extensively damaged or missing door, motor, transmission, or other similar major part.
- 202.065 Junk Yard (Salvage Yard): Any use primarily involved with buying, selling, exchanging, storing, baling, packing, disassembling, or handling of waste or scrap materials, including but not limited to vehicles, machinery, and equipment not in operable condition or parts thereof, and furniture, building materials, metals, paper, rags, rubber tires, and bottles. Such operations conducted entirely within completely enclosed buildings shall not be considered a Junk Yard. Two (2) or more junk or inoperative vehicles on a lot shall be considered a Junk Yard.



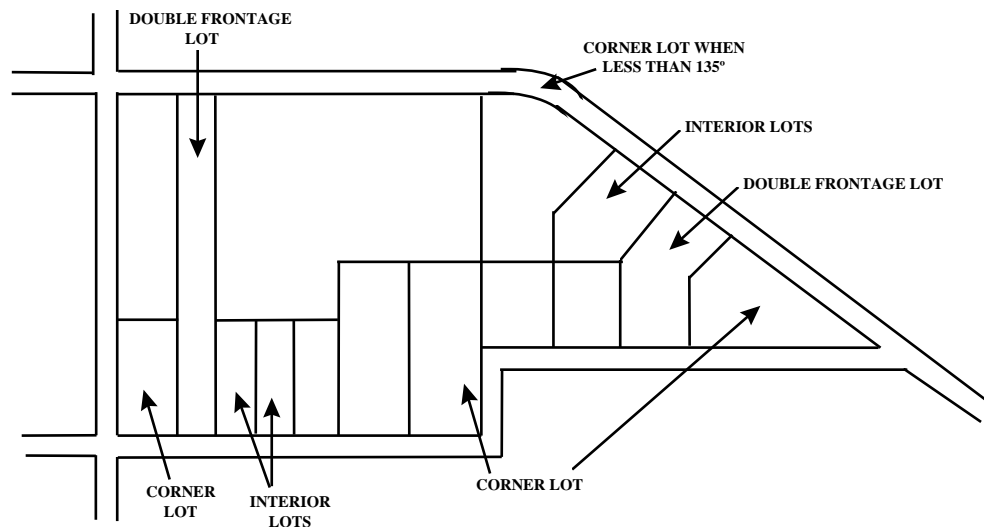
202.066 Kennel Any lot or premises on which four (4) or domesticated animals more than six (6) months of age are bred, boarded, trained, or sold.

202.067 Loading Space Off-Street: A space or berth located totally outside of any street or alley right-of-way for the temporary parking of a commercial vehicle while loading or unloading merchandise or materials, and which abuts upon a street, alley or other appropriate means of access.

202.068 Location Map: See Vicinity Map

202.069 Lot: A piece or parcel of land occupied or intended to be occupied by a principal building or a group of such buildings and its accessory buildings and uses, including such open spaces as are required under the provisions of this Resolution. Every lot shall have the minimum required frontage upon a public street.

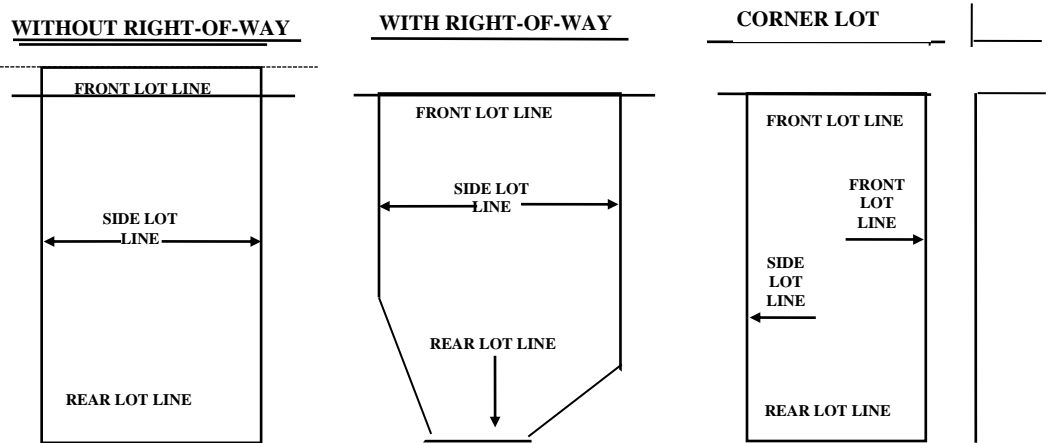
- a. Corner Lot: A lot abutting upon two (2) or more streets at their intersection, or upon two parts of the same street, in either case forming an interior angle of one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or less as measured at the center-line of the road or the interior right-of-way line as applicable. (See Illustration)
- b. Interior Lot: A lot other than a corner lot, with only one frontage on a public street. (See Illustration)
- c. Double Frontage Lot: A lot having frontage on two (2) non-intersecting streets or two approximately perpendicular portions of the same street. (See Illustration)



202.070 Lot Coverage: That percentage of the lot area which, when viewed directly from above, would be covered by the principal and accessory structure or structures, or any part thereof, excluding projecting roof eaves of less than twenty-four (24) inches.

202.071 Lot Lines: Lines bounding the lot as shown in the accepted plat or survey record. (See Illustration)

- a. Front Lot Line: A lot line which either Falls along a street right-of-way line or falls approximately along the center of a road, frontage the boundary of a lot. On a corner, lot lines along both streets shall be considered front lot lines.
- b. Rear Lot Line: The lot line that is most distant from, and most nearly parallel to, the front lot line. If a rear lot line is less than fifteen (15) feet long, or if the lot comes to a point, the rear lot line shall be a line at least fifteen (15) feet long, lying wholly within the lot, parallel to, and a maximum distance from the front lot line. In the case of a corner lot, the rear lot line shall be the lot line opposite the shortest front lot line.
- c. Side Lot Line: Any lot line which is neither a front lot line nor a rear lot line.



202.072 Lot Width: See Frontage.

202.073 Lot of Record: A lot which is part of a subdivision, the plat of which has been recorded in the office of the Recorder of Greene County; or a parcel of land, the deed or land contract to which was of record as the effective date of this Resolution or any appropriate amendment thereto.

202.074 Manufacturing, Heavy: Fabrication, altering, converting, assembling, storing, testing, and similar industrial uses which are generally major operations, extensive in character and require large sites, large open storage and service areas, extensive accessory facilities, and ready access to regional transportation. Heavy manufacturing uses may normally generate some nuisances such as smoke, noise, vibration, dust, glare, air pollution, industrial traffic and water pollution.

202.075 Manufacturing, Light: Manufacturing or other industrial uses which are usually controlled operations and normally do not require large sites. Such uses are normally relatively clean, quiet, and free of

objectionable or hazardous elements such as smoke, noise, vibration, odor, water pollution, glare, air pollution, dust. Light manufacturing uses normally operate and store material within enclosed structures, and generate little industrial traffic or other nuisance.

- 202.076 Mineral Processing: Any operation, including accessory buildings, roads, or structures involving the excavation, mining, quarrying, storage, separation, cleaning and/or processing of clay, sand, gravel, limestone, shale, or other mineral resource. Such operation shall include of the land or property that is used or owned in reserve by the person, firm or corporation involved in such operation. Mineral extraction is an interim land use and such operations shall possess a plan for ultimate use of the property.
- 202.077 Mobile Home: A manufactured relocatable residential unit providing complete, independent living facilities for one family including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation, and the design and construction of which meets the standards and specifications of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. A mobile home is not included within the definition of "Modular Home" and the removal of running gear shall not exempt a mobile home from this definition.
- 202.078 Mobile Home Park: Any lot upon which two or more mobile homes are located for residential use, either free of charge or for revenue purposes. A mobile home park shall include structure, vehicle, or enclosure used or intended for use as part of the facilities of such park.
- 202.079 Modular Home: A factory-fabricated, transportable building consisting of two or more units designed to be assembled into a permanent structure at a building site on a permanent foundation, used for residential purposes by one family, and is built to meet the standards and specifications of the Industrial Unit Standards of the Ohio Building Code.
- 202.080 Motel: A building or group of buildings in which lodging is provided and offered to the public for compensation. As such, it is open to the public in contradistinction to a boarding or lodging house, or a multiple dwelling. A motel shall be distinguished from a hotel in that the building is usually designed to serve tourists traveling by automobile, entrance and exit to rooms need not be through lobby or office, and parking is usually adjacent to the unit.
- 202.081 Non-Conforming Building or Structure: A building or structure lawfully existing at the time of enactment of this Resolution or subsequent amendments, which does not conform to the regulations of the district in which it is situated or other applicable provisions of this Resolution.
- 202.082 Non-Conforming Lot: A lot existing at the time of enactment of this Resolution or any subsequent amendments which does not conform to

the lot area and frontage requirements of the district in which it is located.

- 202.083 Non-Conforming Use: A use of land lawfully existing at the time of enactment of this Resolution or subsequent amendments, which does not conform to the regulations of the district in which it is situated or other applicable provisions of this Resolution.
- 202.084 Nursery Child Care: A building used for the commercial care of five (5) or more children who are not members or wards of the owner of his immediate family. All child care nurseries shall possess an appropriate license from the Ohio Department of Human Services as required.
- 202.085 Nursery, Retail: Land, buildings, structures, or a combination thereof, for the storage of live trees, shrubs, or plants offered for retail sale on the premises, including products used for gardening or landscaping.
- 202.086 Official Thoroughfare Plan: The Official Thoroughfare Plan for Greene County, Ohio, establishing the official right-of-way width of major streets on file in the office of the Recorder of Greene County, Ohio, and in the office of the Regional Planning and Coordinating Commission of Greene County, Ohio, together with all amendments thereto subsequently adopted.
- 202.087 Open Space: An area open and unobstructed to the sky which may be on the same lot with a building. The area may include natural environmental features, water areas, swimming pools, tennis courts, and other recreational facilities that the Zoning Commission, Board of Zoning Appeals, or Township Trustees, whichever is applicable, deems permissible. Streets, parking areas, structures for habitation, and the like shall not be included .
- 202.088 Open Storage: Storing or keeping of chattel not enclosed in a building.
- 202.089 Parking Space, Off-Street: A space located totally outside of any street or alley right-of-way for the parking of an automobile or other vehicle.
- 202.090 Prime Agricultural Soils: Prime agriculture soils are those soils within Spring Valley Township which display characteristics well-suited to agricultural activities such as field crops under normal or typical management practices . It has been determined through studies that the following soil types, as described in the Soil Survey of Greene County, Ohio, are prime agricultural soils:

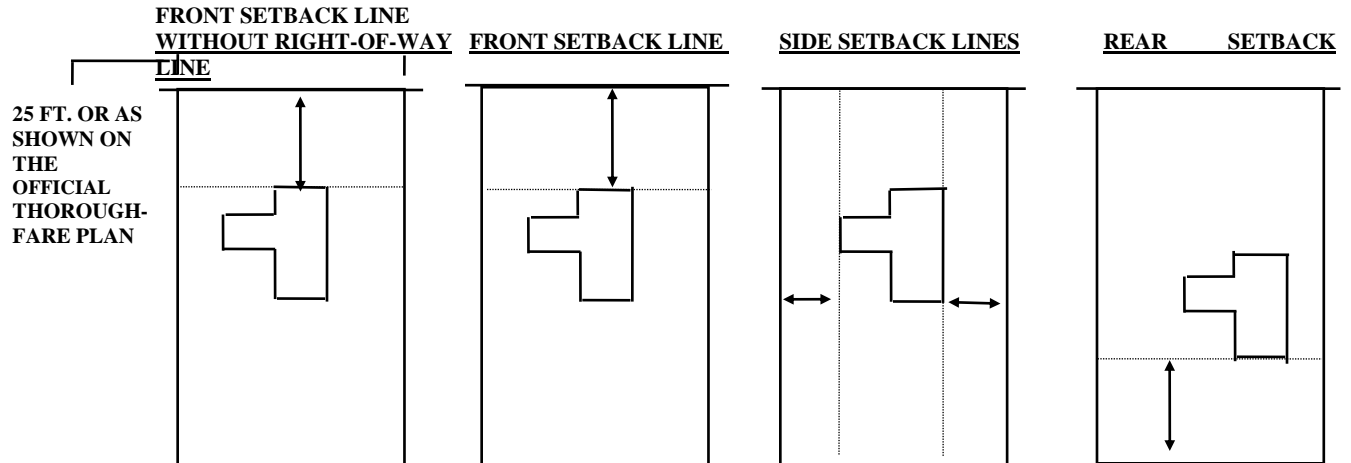
Ag	Algiers Silt Loam	OcA	Ockley Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)
BbB	Birkbeck Silt Loam (1 to 4 percent slopes)	OcB	Ockley Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)
Bs	Brookston Silty Clay Loam	OcB2	Ockley Silt Loam
Bt	Brookston - Urban Land Complex		(2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded)
CeA	Celina Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)	OdB	Ockley Urban Land Complex (undulating)
CeB	Celina Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)	OeB	Odell Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)
CrA	Crosby Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)	Pa	Patton Silty Clay Loam
CrB	Crosby Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)	Ra	Ragsdale Silty Clay Loam
EdB	Edenton Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)	RdA	Raub Silt Loam ( 0 to 2 percent slopes)

Ee	Eel Loam	RdB	Raub Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)
EmA	Eldean Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)	ReA	Reesville Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)
EmB	Eldean Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)	Rs	Ross Loam
EmB2	Eldean Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded)	RtA	Rush Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)
FnA	Fincastle Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)	RtB	Rush Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)
Gn	Genesse Loam	RuA	Russell Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)
Ln	Linwood Muck	RvB	Russell-Miamian Silt Loams (2 to 6 percent slopes)
MhA	Miamian Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)	RvB2	Russell-Miamian Silt Loams (2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately slopes)
MhB	Miamian Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)	SIA	Sleeth Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)
MhB2	Miamian Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded)	ThA	Thackery Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)
MoB2	Miamian-Eldean Silt Loams (2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded)	ThB	Thackery Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)
MrB	Miamian Urban Land Complex (Undulating)	WaA	Warsaw Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)
MtA	Milton Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)	WeB	Wea Silt Loam ( 1 to 3 percent slopes)
MtB	Milton Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)	Ws	Westland Silty Clay Loam
		XeA	Xenia Silt Loam (0 to 2 percent slopes)
		XeB	Xenia Silt Loam (2 to 6 percent slopes)

The physical distribution of these soils within Spring Valley Township, is noted on the Prime Agricultural Soils Map which is incorporated into this Resolution as a guide in considering zoning district amendments, variances appeals, conditional use permits, and other administrative actions.

- 202.091 Principal Building: A non-agricultural building in which is conducted the main or principal use of the lot on which said building is located; ordinarily the largest building on the lot, and ordinarily the use conducted on the first story of such building above the basement.
- 202.092 Principal Use: The main use to which the premises are devoted and the main purpose for which the premises exist.
- 202.093 Public Way: An alley, avenue, boulevard, bridge, channel, ditch, easement, expressway, freeway, land, parkway, right-of-way, road, sidewalk, street, tunnel, viaduct, walk, or other way in which the general public or a public entity have a right, or which are dedicated, whether improved or not.
- 202.094 Recreational Vehicle: Any motor vehicle, or any other vehicle less than thirty-five (35) feet in length, designed or intended to be used primarily for short term dwelling or sleeping purposes away from the place of residence of the occupants; and not constituting the principal place of residence of the occupants.
- 202.095 Research Activities: Research, development and testing related to such fields as chemical, pharmaceutical, medical electrical, transportation, and engineering. All research, testing, and development shall be carried on within entirely enclosed buildings, and no noise, smoke, glare, vibration, or odor shall be detected outside such building.
- 202.096 Restaurant, Carry-Out: An establishment whose primary function is the offering of food and beverage which are sold only inside the building and are usually packaged to be carried and consumed off of the premises, but may be consumed within the restaurant building or on the premises.

- 202.097 Restaurant, drive-in: An establishment offering food and beverages which are sold within the building, or to persons while in motor vehicles in an area designated for drive-in service, and may be consumed on or off the premises.
- 202.098 Restaurant, sit-down: An establishment whose primary function is the offering of food and beverages which are sold and normally consumed within the restaurant building.
- 202.099 Retail: Sale to the ultimate consumer for direct consumption and/or use and not for resale.
- 202.100 Riding Academies: Facilities designed or used for the renting of horses and/or the instruction of horse riding, including any barns, exercise areas, and field areas to be used in the operation.
- 202.101 Right of Way: A strip land purchased or dedicated for use as a public way. In addition to the roadway, it normally incorporates the curbs, lawn strips, sidewalks, lighting, and drainage facilities, and may include special features (required by the topography or treatment) such as grade separation, landscaped areas, viaducts, and bridges.
- 202.102 Seat: For purposes of determining the number of off-street parking spaces for certain uses, the number of seats is the number of seating units installed or indicated, or each twenty-four (24) lineal inches of benches, pews, or space for loose chairs.
- 202.103 Screening: Structures, fences, or vegetation maintained for the purpose of concealing the area behind such structures or vegetation from view.
- 202.104 Setback Line: A line parallel to a lot line, street or right-of-way line at any story level of a building which defines the limits of a yard and represents the distance which all or part of a building or structure is to be set back from said lot line, street, or right-of-way line.
- a. Front Setback Line: An imaginary line parallel to the front lot line, extending the full width of the lot, representing the distance which all or any part of any structure or building is to be set back from the front lot line. In the event that the front lot line does not fall along a right-of-way line, then the front setback line shall be measured from a line parallel to and twenty five (25) feet from the centerline of the street. (See Illustration)
  - b. Side Setback Line: A imaginary line parallel to any side lot line representing the distance which all or any part of any principal building is to be set back from the side lot line. (See Illustration)
  - c. Rear Setback Line: An imaginary line parallel to any rear lot line representing the distance which all or any part of any principal buildings is to be set back from the rear lot line. (See Illustration)



202.105 Sewage Disposal System, Central: A waste water treatment system approved by the appropriate county, state, and/or federal agencies which provides a collection network and a central waste water treatment facility for a single development, a community, or a region.

202.106 Sewage Disposal System, On-Site: A septic tank or similar installation on an individual lot which utilizes an aerobic or anaerobic bacteriology process or equally satisfactory process for the treatment of sewage and provides for the proper and safe disposal of the effluent.

202.107 Sign: A name, identification, description, display, or illustration which is affixed to, painted or represented, directly or indirectly upon a building, structure, parcel, or lot and which directs attention to an object, product, place, activity, person, institution, organization, or business .

a. Billboard: Any sign or advertisement used as an outdoor display by painting, posting, or affixing, on any surface, a picture, emblem, work, figure, numerals, or lettering for the purpose of directing attention to any business, service, or product which is not conducted or sold on the lot where such sign is located.

b. Sign Area: The entire area within a single contiguous perimeter enclosing the extreme limits of writing, representation, emblem, or figure of similar character together with any frame or material or color forming an integral part of the display or used to differentiate such sign from the background against which it is placed, excluding the necessary supports or uprights on which the sign is placed; sign area shall be computed from measurements of

the maximum silhouette of the largest sign face or combination of faces as viewed from a single point .

- c. Freestanding Sign: Any sign which is not attached to, painted on, or supported by a building .
- d. Projecting Sign: Any sign which is attached perpendicular to any building or structure and extends more than twelve (12) inches beyond the surface of that portion of the building or structure.
- e. Wall Sign: Any sign attached to or painted on the wall of a building or structure with the face in a plane parallel to such wall, and not extending more than twelve (12) inches from the face of such wall.

202.108 Stables: Facilities designed or used for the commercial boarding of horses including any barns, exercise areas, and field areas to be used in the stable operation.

202.109 Story: The part of a building, except a mezzanine, included between the surface of one floor and the surface of the next floor above; or if there is not a floor above, then the ceiling next above. The floor of a story may have split levels provided that there not be more than four feet difference in elevation between the different levels of the floor. A basement shall not be counted as a story.

202.110 Story Half: An uppermost story lying under a gambrel, hip, gable, or shed roof if used, in whole or part, for dwelling or habitable purposes.

202.111 Street: See Thoroughfare

202.112 Structure: Anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires location on the ground or attachment to the ground. Among other things, structures include buildings, mobile homes, walls, fences, swimming pools, tennis courts, signs, and billboards.

202.113 Swimming Pool: Any artificially constructed pool or natural body of water which contains a depth of water of at least 1 1/2 feet at any point used or intended to be used for swimming or bathing, including any accessory recreational structures.

202.114 Swimming Pool, Community: Any swimming pool, other than a private pool, which is the principal use upon a lot and operated with or without a charge for admission.

202.115 Swimming Pool, Private: A swimming pool located on the same lot as the principal use and used or intended to be used without compensation by the residents and guests of a single-family residence, a two-family residence, a multi-family development, or a motel.

202.116 Temporary Use or Structure: A transient, non permanent use or structure permitted to exist for a designated period of time during



periods of construction of the principal use of structure, or for special events. A temporary structure shall not be intended to be permanently affixed to the ground.

202.117 Tenant Farm Dwelling: A dwelling unit constructed or occupied for the purpose of providing housing for a farmer and his family who are engaged in assisting the owner in the practice of agriculture and/or maintenance of his farm.

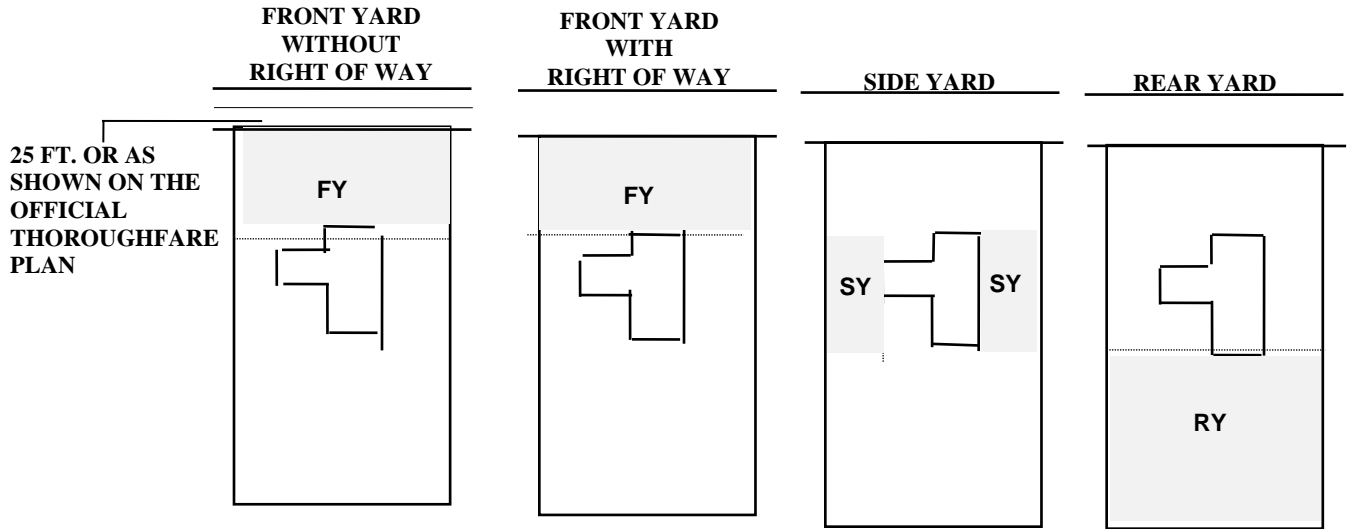
202.118 Thoroughfare, Street, or Road: The full width between property lines bounding every public way of whatever nature, with a part thereof to be used for access to a property by vehicular traffic and designated as follows:

- a. Alley: A minor street used primarily for vehicular service access to the back or side of properties abutting on another street.
- b. Arterial Street: A general term denoting a highway primarily for through traffic, carrying heavy loads and large volumes of traffic, usually on a continuous route .
- c. Collector Street: A thoroughfare, whether within a residential, industrial, commercial, or other type of development, which primarily carries traffic from local streets to arterial streets, including the principal entrance and circulation routes within subdivisions.
- d. Cul-de-Sac: A local street of relatively short length with one end open to traffic and the other end permanently terminating in a vehicular turn around.
- e. Dead-End Street: A street temporarily having only one outlet for vehicular traffic and intended to be extended or continued in the future.
- f. Local Street: A street primarily for providing access to residential, commercial, or other abutting property .
- g. Loop Street: A type of local street, each end of which terminates at an intersection with the same arterial or collector street and whose principal radius points of the one hundred and eighty (180) degree system of turns are not more than one-thousand ( 1,000) feet from said arterial or collector street are not normally more than six hundred ( 600) feet from each other.
- h. Marginal Access Street: A local or collector street, parallel to and adjacent to an arterial or collector street, providing access to abutting properties and protection from arterial or collector streets. (Also called Frontage Street. )

202.119 Township Trustees: The Board of Township Trustees of Spring Valley Township, Greene County, Ohio.

- 202.120 Use: The specific purpose for which land, a structure, or a building is designed, arranged, intended, occupied, or maintained.
- 202.121 Variance: A variance is a modification of the strict terms of this Resolution where such modifications will not be contrary to the public interest and, where owing to conditions peculiar to the property and not the result of the action of the applicant, a literal enforcement of this Resolution would result in unnecessary hardship. Variances are granted only after the applicant has followed the procedures as stated in Article 10, Section 1003 of this Resolution.
- 202.122 Veterinary Animal Hospital or Clinic: A place used for the care, grooming, diagnosis, and treatment of sick, ailing, infirm, or injured animals, and those who are in need of medical or surgical attention. Such use may include overnight accommodation on the premises for treatment, observation, and/or recuperation.
- 202.123 Vicinity Map: A drawing which sets forth by dimensions or other means the relationship of a property or use to other nearby developments of landmarks and community facilities and services within Spring Valley Township in order to better locate and orient the area in question.
- 202.124 Water System, Central: A water supply approved by the appropriate county, state, and/or federal agencies which provides a water supply to a single development, a community, or a region.
- 202.125 Water System, On-Site: A well or other similar installation on an individual lot which provides a water supply to any structures or uses upon the lot, subject to the approval of health and sanitation officials having jurisdiction.
- 202.126 Yard: An open or unoccupied space other than a court on the same lot with a principal building and unobstructed by buildings or structures from ground to sky except by trees or shrubbery or as otherwise provided herein. The minimum depth of a yard shall be determined by the setback lines as defined in this Resolution. No part of a yard provided for any building or structure shall be included as part of any yard required for any other building or structure unless specifically permitted herein.
- a. Front Yard: An open space extending the full width of the lot between a building or structure and the front lot line of a street unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward except as hereinafter specified. Minimum depth shall be measured from the front lot line, existing right-of-way lines, or proposed right-of-way line established on the Official Thoroughfare Plan or by any other method specified elsewhere in this Resolution, as appropriate. (See Illustration)

- b. Side Yard: An open space extending from the front yard to the rear yard between a building or structure and the nearest side lot line unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward except as hereinafter specified. (See Illustration)
- c. Rear Yard: An open space extending the full width of the lot between a building or structure and the rear lot line, unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward except as herein after specified. ( See Illustration )



202.127 Township Council: The Zoning Commission of Spring Valley Township, Greene County, Ohio.

202.128 Zoning District: See District.

202.129 Zoning Inspector: The Zoning Inspector or his authorized representative, appointed by the Township Trustees of Spring Valley Township, Greene County, Ohio.

202.130 Zoning Map: The Official Zoning District Map of Spring Valley Township or portion thereof, together with all amendments thereof subsequently adopted.

202.131 Zoning Permit: A document issued by the Zoning Inspector certifying that the use of lot, structure, or building or location of a structure of building upon a lot is in conformance with this Resolution.

**ARTICLE 3**

**ESTABLISHMENT OF  
DISTRICT AND MAP**

SECTION 301 ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS: In order to carry out the purposes and provisions of the Resolution, Spring Valley Township is hereby divided into the following zoning districts:

**AGRICULTURAL DISTRICTS**

- A-10 Prime Agricultural District
- A-5 General Agricultural District

**RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS**

- E-3 Rural Residential Estate District
- E-1 Suburban Residential Estate District
- RS-2 Low Density Single-Family Residential District
- RS-3 Medium-Low Density Single-Family Residential District
- RT-3 Medium-Low Density Two-Family Residential District
- RM-8 Medium-High Density Multiple-Family Residential District
- R-MH Mobile Home Park District

**BUSINESS DISTRICT**

- TB Township Business

**INDUSTRIAL DISTRICTS**

- LI Light Industrial District
- HI Heavy Industrial District

**FLOOD PLAIN DISTRICT**

- FP Flood Plain District

**PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS**

- PUD-R Residential Planned Unit Development District
- PUD-B Business Planned Unit Development District
- PUD-I Industrial Planned Unit Development District

SECTION 302 OFFICIAL ZONING DISTRICT MAP: The zoning districts and their boundaries are shown on the Official Zoning District Map of Spring Valley Township. The Official Zoning District Map shall be identified by the signature of the Chairman of the Township Trustees, attested by the Township Clerk, and bearing the seal of the Township. The map, together with all explanatory data and changes, is hereby incorporated into and made part of this Resolution. The original and one copy of the official map are to be maintained and kept up-to-date by the Zoning Inspector. One up-to-date copy shall be the final authority as to the current zoning status of lands, buildings, and other structures within the Township.

SECTION 303 INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICT BOUNDARIES: Where uncertainty exists with respect to the boundaries of the various districts as shown on the Official Zoning District Map, the following rules shall apply:

303.1 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the center line or right-of-way lines of streets, highways, and/or alleys shall be construed to follow such lines or their extensions;

- 303.2 Boundaries indicated as approximately following platted lot lines shall be construed as following such lines;
- 303.3 Boundaries indicated as approximately following municipal limits shall be construed as following municipal limits
- 303.4 Boundaries indicated as following railroad lines shall be construed to be the midway between the main tracks;
- 303.5 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the center lines of streams, rivers, canals, lakes, or other bodies of shall be construed to follow such center lines;
- 303.6 Boundaries indicated as parallel to or extensions of features or lines indicated in subsections 303.1 through 303.5 above shall be so construed. Distances not specifically indicated on the Official Zoning District Map shall be determined by the scale of the map;
- 303.7 Initial interpretations of the location and/or elevation of the flood plain shall be made by the Zoning Inspector. Should a dispute arise concerning the location and/or elevation of the flood plain, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall make the necessary determination using information provided in the *Flood Insurance Study for the Unincorporated Areas of Greene County, Ohio* prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The person questioning or contesting the location and/or elevation of the flood plain shall be given a reasonable opportunity to present his case to the Board of Zoning Appeals and to submit such technical evidence as the Board of Zoning Appeals requests; and
- 303.8 Where physical or cultural features existing on the ground are at a variance with those shown on the Official Zoning District Map, or in other circumstances not covered by the preceding subsections, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall interpret the district boundaries.

**ARTICLE 4**  
**DISTRICT REGULATIONS**

SECTION 401

USES NOT SPECIFICALLY MENTIONED

401.1 Uses Not Specifically Mentioned: Any use of land or buildings which is not specifically mentioned as a permitted principal, permitted accessory, or conditional use within any district shall not be permitted by the Zoning Inspector until it is determined by the Board of Appeals that such use is similar and compatible to uses permitted within such district. In determining if such uses are similar and compatible, the process outlined under Article 10, Section 1003 for Appeals shall be followed.

SECTION 402

A-10 PRIME AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT

402.1 Intent and Purpose: The intent of the Prime Agricultural District is to recognize the long-range physical, social, and economic needs of the agricultural community within Spring Valley Township. Since agricultural pursuits provide a substantial economic base for Spring Valley Township, and many areas still exist which possess an existing agricultural character and prime agricultural soils, it is the intent of this district to maintain and protect such areas. Only those land uses, which perform necessary functions within the agricultural community, will be encouraged to locate within the Prime Agricultural District. Rural farm dwellings are permitted to locate within the Prime Agricultural District at a maximum density of one dwelling unit per ten acres. Unnecessary encroachment by non-agricultural land uses which limits agricultural effectiveness either through encroachment of land resources or through incompatibility of land uses will be discouraged.

402.2 Permitted Principal Uses:

- a. Agriculture.
- b. Churches.
- c. One single-family dwelling in accordance with Section 529.
- d. Essential services.
- e. Plant materials nurseries.
- f. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed through studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks; playgrounds; libraries; schools; fire stations; community centers; water treatment, pumping, and storage facilities; and waste water treatment and pumping facilities;

402.3 Permitted Accessory Uses:



- a. Bona fide accessory agricultural structures or buildings including but not limited to barns, stables, sheds, tool rooms, shops, bins, tanks, silos, and fences.
- b. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
- c. Accessory signs as regulated in Article 7.
- d. Private garages.
- e. Home occupations regulated in Section 528.
- f. Accessory storage of recreational vehicles as regulated in Section 517.
- g. Temporary uses incidental to construction work as regulated in 524.
- h. Private accessory swimming pools and game courts for the use of occupants and their guests as regulated in Section 513.
- i. Fences as regulated in Section 510.
- j. Private accessory landing strips as regulated in Section 531.
- k. Accessory structures necessary for domestic activities and storage, which does not include any business activity or other use not otherwise permitted within this Resolution.

402.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002 upon the satisfaction of the Board of Zoning Appeals that such use will not pose, by means of location or mode of operation, a threat to surrounding agricultural activities or needless encroachment of prime agricultural soils:

- a. Commercial airports as per Section 531.
- b. Cemeteries as regulated in Section 525.
- c. Agribusiness operations as regulated in Section 519.
- d. Private recreation facilities, including but not limited to fishing lakes, swimming pools, tennis courts, gun clubs, country clubs, recreational vehicle parks and campgrounds, and golf courses (excluding driving ranges and miniature golf) as regulated in Section 514.
- e. Private schools and child care nurseries.
- f. Billboards as regulated in Article 7.
- g. Public or private sanitary landfill operations as regulated in Section 522.
- h. Construction equipment storage as per Section 517.
- i. Contract Construction Companies subject to Section 515 and 517 requirements.
- j. Bed and Breakfast as permitted in Section 534.
- k. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

Effective 11/3/88

402.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

SECTION 403 A-5 GENERAL AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT

403.1 Intent and Purpose: The General Agricultural District is intended for or application in outlying rural areas where urbanization and the extension of central water supply is not expected within the foreseeable future. It should be encouraged in rural areas where the Prime Agricultural District is not appropriate due to such factors as soil types, topography, existing land use and potential encroachment upon substantial agricultural activities. Rural home sites with secondary agricultural activities are permitted to locate within the General Agricultural District at a maximum density of one dwelling unit per five acres.

403.2 Permitted Principal Uses:

- a. Agriculture.
- b. Churches.
- c. One single-family dwelling in accordance with Section 529.
- d. Essential Services.
- e. Forests and wildlife preserves.
- f. Plant materials nurseries.
- g. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed through studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks; playground; libraries; schools; fire stations; community centers; and waste water treatment and pumping facilities.

403.3 Permitted Accessory Uses:

- a. Bona fide accessory agricultural structures or buildings including but not limited to barns, stables, sheds, tool rooms, shops, bins, tanks, silos, and fences.
- b. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
- c. Accessory signs as regulated in Article 7.
- d. Private garages.
- e. Home occupations as regulated in Section 528.
- f. Accessory storage of recreational vehicles as regulated in Section 517.
- g. Temporary uses incidental to construction work regulated in Section 524.
- h. Private accessory swimming pools and game courts for the use of occupants and their guests as regulated in Section 513.
- i. Fences as regulated in Section 510.
- j. Private accessory landing strips as regulated in Section 531.
- k. Accessory structures necessary for domestic activities and storage, which does not include any business activity or other use not otherwise permitted within this Resolution.

- 403.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:
- a. Commercial Airports as regulated in Section 531.
  - b. Cemeteries as regulated in Section 525.
  - c. Private recreation facilities, including but not limited to fishing lakes, swimming pools, tennis courts, gun clubs, and golf courses (excluding driving ranges and golf courses) as regulated in Section 514.
  - d. Private schools and child care nurseries.
  - e. Billboards as regulated in Section 701.
  - f. Public or private sanitary landfill operations as regulated in Section 522.
  - g. Storage of construction equipment as regulated in Section 517.
  - h. Bed and Breakfast as permitted in Section 534.
  - i. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

403.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

SECTION 404

E-3 RURAL RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

404.1 Intent and Purpose: The intent of the Rural Residential Estate District is to recognize the existence of and the demand for residential lots of a relatively rural and spacious nature on which agricultural activities may represent only a minor use by the occupants. Its purpose is to allow platted rural estate development to occur at an overall net density of three (3) acres per dwelling unit yet allow variable lot sizes within the development based on the physical characteristics of the site. Individual lots created outside of a plat by survey record shall be no less than 3 acres in area and have at least 200 feet frontage. This district is intended for application in outlying rural areas where urbanization and the extension or creation of central water supply and wastewater disposal systems are either not appropriate or not expected to occur for an extended period of time into the future. It is the intent of this district to encourage the proper placement of planned residential estate development within Spring Valley Township in coordination with Greene County Subdivision Regulations through flexible lot requirements in an effort to insure the following:

Effective 11/3/88.

(1) On-going adequacy of the underground water supply, (2) sufficient lot area for long term use of individual on-site leaching devices for waste water disposal, and (3) the protection of prime agricultural soils and other irreplaceable natural resources. The Rural Residential Estate District should only be encouraged in those areas of Spring Valley Township which do not possess prime agricultural

soils and/or in areas where similar non-farm residential development has already occurred to such an

extent that the principal use of the land for large scale agricultural activities is no longer desirable.

404.2 Permitted Principal Uses:

- a. One single-family dwelling as per Section 529.
- b. Churches/places of worship as per Section 530.
- c. Essential Services.
- d. Forests and wildlife preserves.
- e. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed by studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks, playgrounds, libraries, schools, fire stations, community centers, water pumping and storage facilities. No outside storage or stockpiling of materials shall be permitted.
- f. Community Based Residential Social Service Facilities: Family Care Homes as per Section 518.

404.3 Permitted Accessory Uses:

- a. Accessory structures necessary for domestic activities and storage, which does not include any business activities.
- b. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
- c. Accessory signs as regulated in Article 7.
- d. Private garages.
- e. Home occupations as regulated in Section 528.
- f. Accessory storage of recreational vehicles as regulated in Section 517.
- g. Private accessory swimming pools and game courts for the use of occupants and their guests as regulated in Section 513.
- h. Fences as regulated in Section 510.

404.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- a. Private recreation facilities, including but not limited to swimming pools, tennis courts, country clubs and golf courses (excluding driving ranges and miniature golf courses) as regulated in Section 514.
- b. Private accessory landing areas as regulated in Section 531.
- c. Private schools and child care nurseries.
- d. Extensions of existing cemeteries as regulated in Section 525.
- e. Bed and Breakfast as permitted in Section 534.
- f. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

404.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416 amended effective 11/3/88.

405.1 Intent and Purpose: The intent of the Suburban Residential Estate District is to recognize the existence of and the demand for residential lots of a relatively spacious nature located both within and contiguous to urban areas. The density of residential development should be limited to a maximum of one acre per dwelling unit. This district should be applied to areas where physical land characteristics, central water or sewer system constraints and/or accessibility to community services require the lowest densities of urban residential development and should not be encouraged outside of the designated urban service boundaries of public utility systems. Agricultural activities should be limited to minor accessory uses within this District.

405.2 Permitted Principal Uses:

- a. One single-family dwelling in accordance with Section 529.
- b. Churches and other places of worship as regulated in Section 530.
- c. Essential Services.
- d. Forests and wildlife and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed by studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks, playgrounds, libraries, schools, fire stations, community centers, water pumping and storage facilities, and waste water pumping facilities. No outside storage or stockpiling of materials shall be permitted.
- f. Community Based Residential Social Service Facilities: Family Care Homes as regulated in Section 518.

405.3 Permitted Accessory Uses:

- a. Accessory structures necessary for domestic activities and storage, which does not include any business activity.
- b. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
- c. Accessory signs as regulated in Article 7.
- d. Private garages. Home occupations as regulate Accessory storage of recreate regulated in Section 517. Private accessory swimming courts for occupants and regulated in Section 513. Temporary uses incidental to construction work as regulated in Section 524.
- e. Home occupation as regulated in Section 529.
- f. Accessory storage of recreational vehicles as regulated in Section 517.
- g. Private accessory swimming pools and game courts for occupants and their guests as regulated in Section 513.

- h. Temporary used incidental to construction work as regulated in Section 524.
- i. Fences as regulated in Section 510.

405.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- a. Private recreation facilities, including but not limited to swimming pools, tennis courts, country clubs and golf courses (excluding driving ranges and miniature golf courses) as regulated in Section 514.
- b. Private accessory landing areas as regulated in Section 531.
- c. Private schools and child care nurseries.
- d. Extensions of existing cemeteries as regulated in Section 525.
- e. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

405.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

## SECTION 406

### RS-2 LOW DENSITY SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

406.1 Intent and Purpose: The intent of the Low Density Single-Family Residential District is to recognize the existence of and the demand for residential lots at a density of approximately two dwelling units per acre. Necessary services and accessory uses compatible with low-density residential surroundings are encouraged to locate within this district. Central water supply and wastewater disposal facilities shall be required for land placed in this district.

406.2 Permitted Principal Uses:

- a. One single-family dwelling in accordance with Section 529.
- b. Churches and other places of worship as regulated in Section 530.
- c. Essential services.
- d. Forests and wildlife preserves.
- e. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed by studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks, playgrounds, libraries, schools, fire stations, community centers, water pumping and storage facilities, and waste water pumping facilities. No outside storage or stockpiling of material shall be permitted.
- f. Community Based Residential Social Service Facilities: Family Care Homes as regulated in Section 518.

406.3 Permitted Accessory Uses:

- a. Accessory structure necessary for domestic activities and storage, which does not include any business activity.
- b. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
- c. Accessory signs as regulated in Article 7.
- d. One private garage.
- e. Home occupations as regulated in Section 528.
- f. Accessory storage of recreational vehicles as regulated in Section 517.
- g. Private accessory swimming pools and game courts for the use of occupants and their guests as regulated in Section 513.
- h. Temporary uses incidental to construction work as regulated in Section 524.
- i. Fences as regulated in Section 510.

406.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- a. Private schools and child care nurseries.
- b. Extensions of existing cemeteries as regulated in Section 525.
- c. Private recreation facilities, including but not limited to swimming pools, tennis courts, country clubs, and golf courses (excluding driving ranges and miniature golf courses) as regulated in Section 514.
- d. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

406.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

SECTION 407

RS-3 MEDIUM-LOW DENSITY SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

407.1 Intent and Purpose: The intent of the Medium-Low Density Single-Family Residential District is to recognize the existence of and the demand for residential lots at a density of approximately three dwelling units per acre. Necessary services and accessory uses compatible with medium-low density residential surroundings are encouraged to locate within this district. Central water supply and wastewater disposal facilities shall be required for land placed in this district.

407.2 Permitted Principal Uses:

- a. One single-family dwelling in accordance with Section 529.
- b. Churches and other places of worship as regulated in Section 530.
- c. Essential services.
- d. Forests and wildlife preserves.



- e. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed by studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks, playgrounds, libraries, schools, fire stations, community centers, water pumping and storage facilities, and waste water pumping facilities. No outside storage or stockpiling of material shall be permitted.
- f. Community Based Residential Social Service Facilities: Family Care Homes as regulated in Section 518.

407.3 Permitted Accessory Uses:

- a. Accessory structures necessary for domestic activities and storage, which does not include any business activity.
- b. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
- c. Accessory signs as regulated in Article 7.
- d. One private garage.
- e. Home occupations as regulated in Section 528.
- f. Accessory storage of recreational vehicles as regulated in Section 517.
- g. Private accessory swimming pools and game courts for the use of occupants and their guests as regulated in Section 513.
- h. Temporary uses incidental to construction work as regulated in Section 524.
- i. Fences as regulated in Section 510.

407.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- a. Private schools and child care nurseries.
- b. Extensions of existing cemeteries as regulated in Section 525.
- c. Private recreation facilities, including but not limited to swimming pools, tennis courts, country clubs, and golf courses (excluding driving ranges and miniature golf courses) as regulated in Section 514.
- d. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

407.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

SECTION 408

RT-3 MEDIUM-LOW DENSITY TWO-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

408.1 Intent and Purpose: The intent of the Medium-Low Density two-family Residential District is to provide for both single-family and two-family residential development at a density of approximately three dwelling units per acre. Necessary services and accessory uses compatible with

single-family and two-family dwellings are encouraged to locate within this district. Central water supply and wastewater disposal facilities shall be required for land placed in this district.

408.2 Permitted Principal Uses:

- a. One single-family dwelling or two-family in accordance with Section 529.
- b. Churches and other places of worship as regulated in Section 530.
- c. Essential services.
- d. Forests and wildlife preserves.
- e. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed by studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks, playgrounds, libraries, schools, fire stations, community centers, water pumping and storage facilities, and waste water pumping facilities. No outside storage or stockpiling of material shall be permitted.
- f. Community Based Residential Social Service Facilities: Family Care Homes as regulated in Section 518.

408.3 Permitted Accessory Uses:

- a. Accessory structures necessary for domestic activities and storage, which does not include any business activity.
- b. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
- c. Accessory signs as regulated in Article 7.
- d. One private garage.
- e. Home occupations as regulated in Section 528.
- f. Accessory storage of recreational vehicles as regulated in Section 517.
- g. Private accessory swimming pools and game courts for the use of occupants and their guests as regulated in Section 513.
- h. Temporary uses incidental to construction work as regulated in Section 524.
- i. Fences as regulated in Section 510.

408.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- a. Private schools and child care nurseries.
- b. Extensions of existing cemeteries as regulated in Section 525.
- c. Private recreation facilities, including but not limited to swimming pools, tennis courts, country clubs, and golf courses (excluding driving ranges and miniature golf courses) as regulated in Section 514.
- d. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

408.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

SECTION 409      RM-8      MEDIUM-HIGH      DENSITY      MULTIPLE      RESIDENTIAL  
DISTRICT

409.1      Intent and Purpose: The intent of this district is to provide for both two-family and multiple-family residential development at a density up to approximately eight units per acre. Necessary services and accessory uses compatible with medium-high density residential surroundings are encouraged. This district should only be encouraged at locations which possess adequate access to schools, employment areas, shopping facilities, and other community services via major streets without passage through areas of lower density. Central water and sewer facilities shall be required for land placed within this district.

409.2      Permitted Principal Uses:

- a. One two-family dwelling or multiple-family dwelling structure in accordance with Section 529.
- b. Churches and other places of worship as regulated in Section 530.
- c. Essential services.
- d. Forests and wildlife preserves.
- e. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special assessments, the location of which has been fixed by studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks, playgrounds, libraries, schools, fire stations, community centers, water pumping facilities. No outside storage or stockpiling shall be permitted.
- f. One boarding house.
- g. Community-Based Residential Social Service Facilities: Family Care Homes as regulated in Section 518.

409.3      Permitted Accessory Uses:

- a. Accessory structures necessary for domestic activities and storage, which does not include any business activity.
- b. Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
- c. Accessory signs as regulated in Article 7.
- d. Home occupations as regulated in Section 528.
- e. Accessory storage of recreational vehicles as regulated in Section 517.
- f. Private accessory swimming pools and game courts for the use of occupants and their guests as regulated in Section 513.
- g. Temporary uses incidental to construction work as regulated in Section 524.
- h. Fences as regulated in Section 510.

409.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- a. Private schools and child care nurseries.
- b. Extensions of existing cemeteries as regulated in Section 525.
- c. Private recreation facilities, including but not limited to swimming pools, tennis courts, country clubs, and golf courses (excluding driving ranges and miniature golf courses) as regulated in Section 514.
- d. Community Based Residential Social Services Facilities: Group Care Homes or Homes for Adjustment as regulated in Section 518.
- e. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years

409.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

## SECTION 410

### R-MH MOBILE HOME PARK DISTRICT

410.1 Intent and Purpose: The purpose of the Mobile Home Park District is to provide sites for mobile homes at appropriate locations in relation to existing and potential development of the surroundings, other land uses, and community facilities. By realizing the special requirements of the mobile home and specifying the provisions under which mobile home parks may be established, this district is intended to provide a proper setting for such uses in relationship to other land uses and to *Perspectives: A Future Land Use Plan for Greene County*.

410.2 Permitted Principal Uses: The following uses may be permitted provided all the requirements of the Mobile Home Park District are met:

- a. Mobile homes.
- b. Essential Services.
- c. Public parks, playgrounds, and other public recreation facilities, including but not limited to community swimming pools, golf courses (excluding driving ranges and miniature golf), game courts, ball fields and country clubs.

410.3 Accessory Uses:

- a. Those uses required for the direct servicing and well being of mobile home park residents, and for the management and maintenance of the mobile home park, including but not limited to offices, storage facilities, laundry facilities, and recreation areas.
- b. Structural additions to mobile homes which include awnings, cabanas, carports, Florida rooms, porches, armadas, storage cabinets, and similar accessory structures. All such additions shall be

considered as part of the mobile home for the purpose of determining compliance with the general provision requirements of this section.

410.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- a. Home occupations as regulated in Section 528.
- b. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

410.5 General Provisions: The location and operation of all mobile home parks shall be in accordance with the following provisions:

- a. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, and/ or corporation to open, operate, or administer any mobile home park within Spring Valley Township unless a valid license is obtained from the proper health authorities in the name of such person, firm, or corporation for the specific mobile home park.
- b. Any mobile home not located within a licensed mobile home park and not used for agricultural tenants on or after the effective date of this Resolution is privileged to remain at its present location, but may not be relocated within the Township except by meeting the requirements of this Section.
- c. No existing mobile home park may be expanded or altered without first obtaining the licenses required, meeting the requirements of this Section, and obtaining a Mobile Home Park Permit.
- d. At least forty percent (40%) of the mobile home park lots shall be completed and ready for occupancy before the owner may initiate rental of any space within the development. Such completion shall include installation of roadways, sidewalks, lighting, public utilities, and service and management buildings.
- e. Conditions of soil, ground water level, drainage, and topography shall not hazards to the property or the health or safety of the occupants. The site shall not be exposed to objectionable smoke, dust, noise, odors, or other adverse influences. No portion subject to predictable sudden flooding or erosion shall be used for any purpose, which would expose persons or property to hazards.
- f. Mobile home parks shall be served adequately by essential public facilities and services such as water supply, wastewater disposal, highways, streets, police and fire protection, drainage, refuse disposal, and schools. Persons or agencies responsible for the establishment of Mobile Home Parks shall be able to adequately provide any such services.
- g. Mobile home parks shall be consistent with the intent and purpose of *Perspectives: A Future Land Plan for Greene County, Ohio*.
- h. Mobile home parks shall have vehicular approaches to the property, which shall be so designed as not to create an interference with or hazard to traffic on surrounding public streets or roads.

- i. Development of a mobile home park shall not result in the destruction, loss, or damage of natural, scenic, or historic features of major importance.
- j. Mobile home parks shall meet those requirements of the Ohio Revised Code and Sanitary Codes and the regulations of the Greene County Health Department, which are more restrictive than the requirements of this Resolution.
- k. Every mobile home park shall not contain less than ten (10) acres of land.
- l. All mobile home parks shall have a not less than two hundred fifty along a public thoroughfare.
- m. Signs shall be permitted only in with the provisions of Article otherwise approved by the Board Appeals.

SECTION 411      TB      TOWNSHIP BUSINESS DISTRICT

411.1      Intent and Purpose: The purpose of the Township Business District is to provide for the establishment of areas devoted for the use of those retail and personal service businesses that operate as a response to the daily needs of the residents of Spring Valley Township. Uses in this district are intended to be located on major streets at strategic access points to surrounding areas minimizing the potential adverse effects on surrounding residential property. It is the intent of this District to encourage clustering of businesses in order to discourage "strip" development, provide for a minimum of traffic interference and encourage pedestrian access.

411.2      Permitted Principal Uses: Public water supply and sanitary sewer service shall be available to the site, or the owner shall present proof that proposed on-site water and/or sewage disposal facilities have been approved by the Greene County Health Department and/or the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency before any Zoning Permit shall be issued to such use.

- a. Antique Shops.
- b. Automobile Parts and Accessory Sales.
- c. Automobile Service Stations.
- d. Bakeries.
- e. Banks.
- f. Book and Stationary Shops.
- g. Business Services.
- h. Candy and Ice Cream Stores.
- i. Contract Construction Businesses.
- j. Convenience Carry-out Stores.
- k. Clothing and Apparel Stores.
- l. Delicatessens.

Effective 11/3/88

- Effective 11/3/88
- m. Department and/or Discount Stores.
  - n. Drug Stores.
  - o. Farm Supply Stores.
  - p. Food Stores and Groceries.
  - q. Furniture Repair and Upholstery Stores.
  - r. Hardware Stores.
  - s. Ice Sales.
  - t. Indoor Commercial Entertainment Facilities.
  - u. Inside and Outside Storage Facilities.
  - v. Laundry and Dry Cleaning, self-service or Pick-Up.
  - w. Medical Clinics.
  - x. Personal Services.
  - y. Post Offices.
  - z. Professional Offices.
  - aa. Restaurants, Sit-Down Service.
  - bb. Variety Stores.
  - cc. Veterinary Services, Without Kennels or the Outside Keeping of Animals.
  - dd. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed by studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks, playgrounds, libraries, schools, fire stations, police stations, public administrative offices, public maintenance garages, community centers, water storage, and water and waste water pumping stations.
  - ee. Essential services.

411.3 Accessory Uses:

- Effective 11/3/88
- a. Off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
  - b. Signs as regulated in Article 7.
  - c. Storage within an enclosed building of supplies or merchandise, which are normally carried in stock in connection with a permitted use.
  - d. Temporary buildings or uses as regulated in Section 524.
  - e. Outside Storage of Equipment and Materials as regulated by Sections 512 and 515.

411.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- Effective 11/3/88
- a. Accessory living quarters for persons employed on the premises.
  - b. Auction Houses.
  - c. Automobile Repair Stations.
  - d. Automobile Sales or Rentals.
  - e. Automobile Washing Facilities.
  - f. Boat Sales, Repair, and Storage.
  - g. Billboards as regulated in Article 7.

- h. Clubs, Lodges, Civic or Fraternal Organizations.
- i. Lumber and Building Material Sales.
- j. The creation or making of goods for sale at retail on premises, which have a high volume-to, balk ratio and not involving extensive mechanization.
- k. Motels or Hotels.
- l. Off-Street Parking Lots.
- m. Outdoor Commercial Recreation Facilities.
- n. Restaurants, Drive-In.
- o. Retail Nursery.
- p. Veterinary Services with Kennels, or Outside Keeping of Animals.
- q. Bed and Breakfast as permitted in Section 534.
- r. Sexually Oriented Facilities. A conditional use permit shall not be authorized unless the following conditions at a minimum are complied with:

Effective 8/7/04

1. Minimum Setback from Residential District or Parcel used for Residential Purposes: No sexually oriented facility shall be established within 1000 feet of any residential district and/or parcel used for residential purposes.
2. Minimum Setback from Library, Schools, and Child Care Facilities Parcel: No sexually oriented facility shall be established within a radius of 1000 feet from any school, library, or teaching facility, whether public or private, governmental or commercial, which school, library or teaching facility is attended by persons under 18 years of age.
3. Minimum Setback from Park, Recreation Facility and Bikeway Corridor Parcel: No sexually oriented facility shall be established within a radius of 1000 feet from any park, recreational facility, and bikeway corridor attended by persons under 18 years of age.
4. Minimum Setback from Churches Parcel: No sexually oriented facility shall be established within a radius of 1000 feet from any church, synagogue, or permanently established place of religious services which is attended by persons under 18 years of age.
5. Minimum Setback from Other Sexually Oriented Facilities Parcel: No sexually oriented facility shall be shown or exhibited with a radius of 1000 feet of any other sexually oriented facility.
6. Prohibited Public Display: No advertisements, displays or other promotional materials shall be shown or exhibited so as to be visible to the public from pedestrian sidewalks or walkways, or from other public or semi-public areas.
7. Public View to be Prevented: All building openings, entries, windows, etc. shall be located, covered, or serviced in such a manner as to prevent a view into the interior from any public or semi-public area, sidewalk or street. For new construction, the building shall be oriented so as to minimize any possibility of viewing the interior from public or semi-public areas.



- 8. External Audio and Visual Impact: No screens, loudspeakers or sound equipment shall be used that can be seen or discerned by the public off the premise of the sexually oriented facility.
  - 9. Prohibited Sale or Consumption of Alcohol: No sale or consumption of alcoholic beverages shall be permitted on property with a sexually oriented facility.
  - s. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.
- 411.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

## SECTION 412

### LI LIGHT INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

- 412.1 Intent and Purpose: The purpose of the Light Industrial District is to provide space for those industrial uses which operate in a clean and quiet manner and generate only light to moderate amounts of traffic. This district is not intended for the use of industries which deal with hazardous elements of emit noise, glare, dust, odor, smoke, or possess other offensive characteristics detrimental to surrounding land uses such as large traffic generators. The intent is to create and protect efficient light industrial areas by insuring careful design, placement, and grouping of industries, which will promote the protection of any adjacent residential or business activities. Land to be placed in this district is intended to have level topography, public utilities, and major transportation facilities readily available.
- 412.2 Permitted Principal Uses: Manufacturing or industrial uses including, but not limited to, the following uses provided that by nature of the materials, equipment, or processes utilized, such use is not objectionable by reason of odor, radiation, noise, vibration, cinders, gas fumes, dust, smoke, refuse matter, or waste water generation. Public water supply and a public sanitary sewer system shall be available to the site, or the owner shall present proof that proposed on-site water and/or sewage disposal facilities have been approved by the Greene County Health Department and/or the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency before any Zoning Permit shall be issued to such use.
- a. Fabrication, processing, packaging and/or assembly of articles or merchandise from the following previously prepared materials: bone, canvas, cellophane, cloth, cork, feathers, felt, fiber, horn, leather, paint, paper, plastics, precious or semi-precious metals or stones, textiles, tobacco, wax, wood, and yarn.
  - b. Fabrication, processing, packaging and/or manufacture of food products and condiments, excluding slaughterhouses and rendering and refining of fats, oils, fish, vinegar, yeast and sauerkraut.
  - c. Manufacturing, assembling or repairing of electrical and electronic products components, and equipment.
  - d. Machine shops and tool and die shops.
  - e. Lumber yards including incidental millwork, coal, brick, and stone.

- f. Recycling center collection points, provided materials are kept in an enclosed building.
  - g. Warehouses and warehouse distribution centers.
  - h. Research and engineering laboratories.
  - i. Cold storage and frozen food lockers.
  - j. Publishing and printing.
  - k. Automobile repair and painting but no commercial wrecking, dismantling or salvage yard.
  - l. Auto Service station.
  - m. Parcel post delivery stations.
  - n. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed by studies. Such uses include but are not limited to: Water storage, water and waste water pumping facilities; sanitary landfills as regulated in Section 522, excluding hazardous waste storage or burial; fire stations, police stations; parks, and public maintenance facilities.
- Effective 11/3/88 o. Auction Centers
- Effective 11/3/88 p. Boat Sales, Repair, and Storage.
- Effective 7/24/02 q. Inside and Outside Storage Facilities.
- r. Contract Construction Company.

#### 412.3 Accessory Uses:

- a. Off-street parking and loading spaces regulated in Article 6.
  - b. Signs as regulated in Article 7.
  - c. Temporary buildings as per Section 524.
  - d. Storage of materials within an enclosed building normally utilized in connection with a permitted use.
  - e. Accessory landing areas as per Section 531.
- Effective 11/3/88 f. Outside Storage of Equipment and Materials as regulated by Sections 512 and 515.

#### 412.4 Conditional Uses: The following uses shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- a. Manufacturing or industrial enterprises operations, or processes similar to any permitted principal use provided that any resulting cinders, dust, flashing, fumes, gas, noise, odor, refuse matter, smoke, vapor or vibration is no greater or more detrimental to the neighborhood than the above specified uses, that no extra fire hazard is created and that the proposed use is determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals to be of the same general character as the above uses.
- b. Billboards as regulated in Article 7.
- c. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

#### 412.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

412.6 Landscaping: Landscaping shall be required subject to approval of the Zoning Commission. Proposals for such landscaping shall be provided with the Zoning Amendment Application. All landscaping shall be completed within six (6) months of completion of the building.

SECTION 413HI HEAVY INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

413.1 Intent and Purpose: The purpose of the Heavy Industrial District is to create and protect areas for industries which require large sites and should be isolated from other land uses by virtue of their external effects such as heavy traffic generation, open storage materials, and possible emission of noise, glare, dust, odor, smoke, or other offensive characteristics. This district is intended to insure proper design, placement, and grouping of all types of industries of this nature within the Township so as not to create a nuisance to other surrounding land uses. Land to be placed in this district is intended to have level topography, sufficient public utilities, and major transportation facilities readily available.

413.2 Permitted Principal Uses: Manufacturing or industrial uses including but not limited to the following uses. Public water supply and a public sanitary sewer system shall be available to the site or the owner shall present proof that proposed on-site water and/or sewage disposal facilities have been approved by Greene County Health Department and/or the Ohio environmental Protection Agency before any Zoning Permit shall be issued to such use.

- a. Any principal use permitted in the LI Light Industrial district.
- b. Contractor sales, storage and equipment yards.
- c. Flour or grain mills.
- d. Truck terminals provided that truck entrances and exits are on to streets where pavement width is at least thirty (30) feet.
- e. Mobile home and recreational vehicle storage.
- f. Manufacture and storage of building materials.
- g. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which have been fixed by studies. Such uses include but are not limited to: water treatment, pumping, and storage facilities; waste water treatment and pumping facilities; sanitary landfills in accordance with Section 522; fire stations; police stations; parks; and public maintenance facilities.
- h. Essential services.
- i. Agri-business.

Effective 5/15/02

413.3 Accessory Uses:

- a. Indoor or outdoor storage of materials normally utilized in connection with a permitted use.
- b. Off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.
- c. Signs as regulated in Article 7.
- d. Temporary buildings or uses as regulated in Section 524.
- e. Accessory landing areas as per Section 531

Effective 11/3/88  
Sections 512 and 515.

f. Outside Storage of Equipment and Materials as regulated by

413.4 Conditional Uses: The following shall be permitted only in accordance with Article 10, Section 1002:

- a. Automotive, tractor-trailer farm implement assembly or manufacture.
- b. Boiler shops, machine shops, structural steel fabricating shops, or metal working shops.
- c. Manufacturing of cement products, including ready mix concrete batching plants.
- d. Manufacture of glass products, pottery, figurines or similar products using previously pulverized clay.
- e. Storage facilities for fuels, coal, chemicals, or other similar flammable or toxic materials not defined as hazardous waste. The storage or disposal of hazardous waste materials shall only be permitted within an approved sanitary landfill site as regulated in Section 522.14.
- f. Manufacture of asphalt and asphalt products.
- g. Solid waste reduction and/or recycling facilities.
- h. Junk yards as regulated in Section 521.
- i. Manufacturing or industrial enterprises, operations, or process similar to any permitted principal use provided that any resulting cinders, dust, flashing, fumes, gas, noise, odor, refuse matter, smoke, vapor, or vibration shall not be greater or more detrimental to the neighborhood than the above specified uses and that no extra fire hazards be created.
- j. Billboards as regulated in Article 7.
- k. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

413.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

As shown in Section 416.

## SECTION 414

### FPO FLOOD PLAIN DISTRICT

This district encompasses underlying zoning districts and imposes additional requirements above that required by the underlying zoning districts.

414.1 Intent and Purpose: The purpose of the Flood Plain District is to prevent the loss of property and life, to prevent the disruption of commerce and governmental services, to prevent the unnecessary and extraordinary expenditure of public funds for flood protection and relief, and to prevent the impairment of the tax base, by:

- a. Regulating uses, activities, and developments, which, acting alone or in combination with other existing or future uses,

- activities, and developments, will cause unacceptable increases in flood heights, velocities and frequencies;
- b. Restricting or prohibiting certain uses, activities, and developments from locating within areas subject to flooding;
- c. Requiring all those uses, activities, and developments that occur in flood-prone areas to be protected and/or flood proofed against flooding and flood damage; and
- d. Protecting individuals from buying lands and structures, which are unsuited for intended purposes because of, flood hazards.

414.2 Basis for Establishing the initial areas of the Flood Plain Overlay District: The degree of flood protection required by this Resolution is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based upon the *Flood Insurance Study for the Unincorporated Areas of Greene County, Ohio* prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The Flood Insurance Study, with accompanying maps and any revisions thereto, is adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this Resolution. Where detailed studies of the Floodway and Floodway Fringe have not been made available within the Flood Insurance Study, the following sources of data may be used to determine the necessary elevations for the purposes of this Resolution:

- a. Corps of Engineers-Flood Plain Information Reports.
- b. U.S. Geological Survey-Flood Prone Quadrangles.
- c. U.S.D.A., Soil Conservation Service-Flood Hazard Analysis Studies and County Soil Surveys (Alluvial Soils).
- d. Ohio Department of Natural Resources-Flood Hazard Reports and Flood Profile Charts.
- e. Known high-water marks from past floods.
- f. Other sources acceptable to the Board of Zoning Appeals.

This Resolution does not imply that areas outside of the Flood Plain District as designated on the Official Zoning District Map or land uses permitted within such district will be free from flooding damages. This Resolution shall not create liability on the part of Spring Valley Township or any official or employee thereof for any flood damages that result from reliance on this Resolution.

414.3 Flood Plain Overlay District Sections: The Flood Plain Overlay District is hereby divided into three (3) areas in accordance with the *Flood Insurance Study for the Unincorporated Areas of Greene County, Ohio*: Floodway, Floodway Fringe, and General Flood Plain.

- a. Floodway: The floodway is delineated for purposes of this resolution using the criteria that a certain area within the flood plain must be capable of carrying the waters of the one-hundred (100) year flood, The floodway is shown on the Flood Insurance Study maps and tables.
- b. Floodway Fringe: The Floodway Fringe is defined as that area of the one-hundred (100) year flood plain not included in the Floodway. The basis for the outermost boundary of this area shall be the one-hundred (100) year flood elevations contained in the flood profiles of the above

referenced Flood Insurance Study and as shown on the accompanying Flood Boundary and Roadway Map and on the Spring Valley Township Official Zoning Map.

- c. General Flood Plain: The general flood plain shall be that one-hundred (100) year flood plain area for which the floodway and floodway fringe areas have not been delineated, and for which no detailed flood profiles or elevations are provided. In determining the necessary elevations for the purposes of this Resolution, sources of data as identified in Section 414.02 a-f may be used when available.

Where the one-hundred (100) year flood elevation cannot be determined for an area using other sources of data, the applicant for the proposed use, development and/or activity shall, if requested to do so by the Zoning Inspector, determine the one-hundred (100) year flood elevation in accordance with hydrologic and hydraulic engineering techniques. Hydrologic and hydraulic analysis shall be undertaken only by registered professional engineers, who shall demonstrate that the technical methods used correctly reflect current accepted technical concepts. Studies, analysis, computations, etc., shall be submitted in sufficient detail to allow a thorough technical review as provided for in 414.06,

#### 414.4 Overlaying of Existing Districts:

- a. The Flood Plain Overlay District described above shall be an overlay to the existing underlying district(s) as shown on the Official Zoning Map, and as such, the provisions for the Flood Plain Overlay District shall serve as a supplement to the underlying district provisions.
- b. Where there happens to be any conflict between the provisions or requirements of the Flood Plain Overlay District and those of any underlying district(s) the more restrictive provisions and/or those pertaining to the Flood Plain Overlay Districts shall apply.
- c. In the event any provision concerning a Flood Plain Overlay District is declared inapplicable as a result of any legislative or administrative actions or judicial discretion, the basic underlying district provisions shall remain applicable.

414.5 Zoning Map: The boundaries of the Flood Plain Overlay District are established per the *Flood Insurance Study for the Unincorporated Areas of Greene County, Ohio* and as shown on the Official Zoning Map of Spring Valley Township which is declared to be a part of this Resolution and which shall be kept on file at the Spring Valley Township Zoning Inspectors Offices.

414.6 Boundary Changes: The delineation of the Flood Plain Overlay District boundary shall be revised as outlined in Section 1004 of this Resolution.

Where natural or man-made changes have occurred and the Flood Insurance Study, with accompanying maps have been revised or letters of amendment have been issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and/or more detailed studies are conducted by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, Federal Insurance Administration or sources listed in Section 414.02, boundary amendments may be

considered. However, prior to any such legislative change, approval must be obtained from the Federal Emergency Management Agency, Federal Insurance Administration.

414.7 Interpretation of Boundaries: The Zoning Inspector shall make initial interpretations of the boundaries of the Flood Plain Overlay District.

Should a dispute arise concerning the boundaries of the Flood Plain Overlay District the Board of Zoning Appeals shall make the necessary determination. The person questioning or contesting the location of the district boundary shall be given a reasonable opportunity to present his case to the Board and to submit such technical evidence as the Board requests.

414.8 Floodway:

- a. Permitted, Conditional and Accessory Uses within the Floodway: Uses shall be that of the underlying district and shall be permitted outside the buffer area described in 414.11, as long as they do not include structures, require fill or storage of materials or equipment. No uses shall be allowed which require below ground placement of materials. In addition, no use shall adversely affect the efficiency or restrict the capacity of the channels or floodways of any tributary to the main stream, drainage ditch or other drainage facility or system.
- b. Prohibited Uses: The following prohibited uses apply to the Floodway Fringe, and General Flood Plain.
  1. Automobile and scrap metal wrecking; junk and salvage yards.
  2. Automobile service stations.
  3. Automobile, tractor, trailer, farm implement assembly and/or manufacturing,
  4. Battery manufacturing and tire re-capping or re-treading.
  5. Cemeteries.
  6. Channel modifications that increase flow and/or reduce the storage capacity and/or increases velocity.
  7. Commercial machine and tool and die shops.
  8. Commercial chemical and paint warehouse/storage.
  9. Commercial feedlots.
  10. Commercial fertilizer and agrichemical distribution centers.
  11. Commercial quarries, gravel pits, and asphalt production.
  12. Commercial repair garages, storage, or repair yards or warehouses.
  13. Dry cleaners.
  14. Foundries.
  15. Industrial research laboratories.
  16. Motor freight depots and trucking terminals.
  17. Underground storage tanks.
  18. Landfills.
  19. Sludge and septic waste disposal, including the disposal of biosolids from waste water treatment facilities.
  20. Structures, fill or storage of materials and/or equipment,
  21. Uses similar to the above, as determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

414.9 Floodway Fringe:

a. Conditional uses to the extent that they are not prohibited elsewhere and are constructed on fill or elevated with the first floor or basement floor at least two (2) foot above the one-hundred (100) year flood plain elevations. The fill shall extend at least fifteen (15) feet beyond the limits of any structure or building erected thereon. Where existing streets or utilities are at elevations which make compliance with this provision impractical or in other special circumstances, the Board of Zoning Appeals may authorize other techniques for elevation as long as the use does not adversely affect the efficiency or restrict the capacity of the flood plain.

#### 414.10 General Flood Plain:

a. Permitted, Conditional and Accessory Uses within the General Flood Plain: Uses shall be that of the underlying district and shall be permitted outside the buffer area described in 414.11, as long as the use does not adversely affect the efficiency or restrict the capacity of the flood plain. All uses specified, or similar to those specified in the underlying district that require fill, are permitted only as conditional uses. No conditional use shall be located in the established buffer area as described in Section 414.11. The General Flood Plain encompasses both floodway and floodway fringe areas. Therefore, the Zoning Inspector and Board of Zoning Appeals as provided in Section 414.07, shall determine whether the proposed conditional use is located within a floodway or floodway fringe area. If it is determined that the proposed use is located within the floodway, the provisions of Section 414.09 shall apply. If it determined that the proposed use is located within the floodway fringe, the provision of Section 414.12 shall apply. All uses shall be subject to performance and other standards contained in this resolution, The applicant shall be required to supply necessary data to enable this determination when not otherwise available.

414.11 Establishment of Buffer Area: A buffer area shall be maintained along both sides of stream channels which have an average mean water surface water width of ten (10) feet or greater and which are designated as components of both state and national scenic river systems, provided through which they flow is being utilized for a non-agricultural purpose. The boundary for the buffer area shall be one hundred twenty (120) feet in horizontal plain outward from the normal edge of the stream channel. Natural land cover is to be preserved within the buffer area. The buffer area is thus intended to limit impact of non-agricultural land uses on the stream in order to: preserve and conserve the quality, purity, clarity, and free-flowing condition of its waters; cool water temperatures, lessen the impact of siltation on stream waters and reserve valuable resources in the interest of present and future generations. (Consider having the buffer area placed in a conservation easement)

#### 414.12 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

The following standards shall be adhered to within the Flood Plain Overlay District where such uses are permitted.

1. The minimum lot size, width and percent of coverage shall be that of the underlying district.
2. In the Flood Plain Overlay District, the yard areas shall be that of the underlying district.



3. Maximum permitted building height regulations in this district shall be that of the underlying district.

#### 414.13 Required Conditions:

- a. All applications for a Conditional Use Permit within the Flood Plain Overlay District shall be accompanied by a report and recommendation bearing the seal of a professional surveyor registered in the State of Ohio certifying the elevation of the 100-year regional flood on the property, the location and elevation of existing and proposed fill and/or structures not elevated above the 100-year regional flood elevation.

- b. Upon consideration of the application for a Conditional Use Permit, the Board of Zoning Appeals may attach conditions to such uses as it deems necessary to further the purposes of this Section. Such conditions may include but not limited to the following:

1. Requirements for the elevation of structures of a minimum of twenty-four (24) inches above the one-hundred year flood elevation;
2. Modification of waste disposal and water supply facilities to the satisfaction of the Greene County Health Department the Greene County Sanitary Engineer, and/or the Ohio EPA;
3. Limitations on periods of use and operation;
4. Imposition of operational controls, sureties, and deed restrictions;
5. Requirements for construction of channel modifications, dikes, levees, and other protective measures; and/or
6. Flood proofing measures such as the following may be required and shall be designed consistent with the regional flood protection elevation for the particular area, flood velocities, duration's, rate of rise, hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces, and other factors associated with the regional flood. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall require that the applicant submit a plan or document certified by a registered professional engineer that the flood proofing measures are consistent with the regional flood protection elevation and associated flood factors for the particular area. The following flood proofing measures may be required:
  - a. Anchorage to resist flotation and lateral movement;
  - b. Installation watertight doors, bulkheads, and shutters, or similar methods of construction;
  - c. Reinforcement of walls to resist water pressures;
  - d. Use of paints, membranes, or mortars to reduce seepage or water through walls;
  - e. Addition of mass or weight to structures to resist flotation.
  - f. Installation of pumps to lower water levels in structures.
  - g. Construction of water supply and waste treatment systems so as to prevent the entrance of floodwaters;
  - h. Pumping facilities or comparable practices for sub-surface drainage systems for buildings to relieve external foundation wall and basement flood pressures;
  - i. Construction to resist rupture of collapse caused by water pressure of floating debris;

- j. Installation of valves or controls on sanitary and storm drains which will permit the drains to be closed to prevent back up of sewage and storm waters into the buildings or structures. Gravity drainage of basements may be eliminated by mechanical devices;
- k. Location of all electrical appliances in a manner which will assure they are not subject to flooding and to provide protection from inundation by the regional flood; and/or
  - 1. Location of any structural storage facilities for chemicals, explosives, buoyant materials, flammable liquids or other toxic materials which could be hazardous to public health, safety, and welfare in a manner which will assure that the facilities are situated at elevations above the height associated with the regional flood protection elevation or are adequately flood proofed to prevent flotation of storage containers which could result in the escape of toxic materials into floodwaters

c. In passing upon such applications, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall consider the following relevant factors:

- 1. The danger of life and property due to increase flood heights or velocities caused by encroachments.
- 2. The danger that materials may be swept on to other lands or downstream to the injury of others.
- 3. The proposed water supply and sanitation systems and the ability of these systems to prevent disease, contamination and unsanitary conditions.
- 4. The susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the owner.
- 5. The importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community.
- 6. The requirements of the facility for a waterfront location.
- 7. The availability of alternative locations not subject to flooding for the proposed use.
- 8. The compatibility of the proposed use with existing development and development anticipated in the foreseeable future.
- 9. The relationship of the proposed use to *Perspectives: A Future Land Use Plan for Greene County, Ohio*.
- 10. The safety of access to the property in times of flood by ordinary and emergency vehicles.
- 11. The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise, and sediment transport of the floodwaters expected at the site.
- 12. Other factors which are relevant to the purposes of this Resolution.

SECTION 415

PUD PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS

415.01 Intent and Purpose: The intent and purpose of the Planning Unit Development Districts is to provide a means for encouraging ingenuity, imagination, and flexibility on the part of engineers, architects, site planners, and developers in the planning and design of

development within Spring Valley Township. The arrangement and design of such developments shall be based upon a unified development plan conceived and carried out for the entire site.

- 415.02 Criteria for Approval of Planned Unit Developments: Before the approval of any Planned Unit Development is granted, the Zoning Commission and Township Trustees shall find that the facts submitted with the application meet the following criteria:
- a. The Planned Unit Development shall be consistent in all respects with the comprehensive plan of Spring Valley Township;
  - b. The Planned Unit Development shall provide a more desirable and more diverse environment than would be possible under strict application of the standard minimum design requirements of other districts provided within this Resolution;
  - c. The Planned Unit Development shall provide a development pattern, which preserves and utilizes the natural topography, geologic features, scenic vistas, natural vegetation, and natural drainage patterns of the site;
  - d. The Planned Unit Development shall provide an environment of stable character, which promotes a harmonious relationship between land uses within the site and a harmonious relationship with surrounding development;
  - e. The Planned Unit Development shall promote greater efficiency in the use of land, but shall not impose an undue burden on public services and facilities such as fire and police protection, schools, water supply, and wastewater disposal due to excessive population densities;
  - f. The Planned Unit Development shall be accessible from public thoroughfares adequate to accommodate the traffic which will be imposed on them by the proposed development, and the proposed streets and parking areas within the site shall be adequate to serve the proposed arrangement of land uses;
  - g. The Planning Unit Development shall provide a more spacious and useful pattern of open space and recreation areas than would normally be required under the strict application of existing zoning and subdivision requirements;
  - h. The Planned Unit Development shall be designed in such a way that each individual section of the development, as well as the total development, can exist on an independent section capable of creating an environment of sustained desirability and stability, or that adequate assurance has been provided that such an objective will be attained;

- i. If governmental ownership is planned for common open space or recreational facilities within the Planned Unit Development, its acceptance shall be approved prior to approval to the PUD.

If it is proposed that such open space be owned and/or maintained by any entity other than a governmental authority, copies of the proposed articles of incorporation and by-laws of such entity shall be submitted; and

- j. The Planned Unit Development shall be substantially completed within the time specified in the schedule of development submitted by the developer and the proposed development shall be initiated within five (5) years of the date of final approval.

415.03 Conflict With Other Articles: Because of the special characteristics of planned unit developments, special provisions governing the development of land for this purpose are required. Whenever that is a conflict or difference between the provisions of this Section and those of the other Sections of this Resolution, the provisions of this Section shall prevail. Subjects not covered by this Section shall be governed by the respective provisions found elsewhere in this Resolution.

415.04 Ownership and Divisions of Land: No tract of land may be considered for or approved as a planned unit development unless such tract is under single ownership or evidence of unified control of the entire site is submitted with the application. The landowner of an approved planned unit development shall not divide and/or transfer parts of such development unless any successor in title has been bound to complete, use, and maintain each such unit in strict conformance with the adopted final master development plan.

415.05 Relationship to the Subdivision Regulations: The uniqueness of each proposal for a planned unit development may require that there be modification from the specifications established in the Subdivisions Regulations of Greene County, Ohio. Modifications may be incorporated only with the approval of the Regional Planning and Coordinating Commission of Greene County.

415.06 Underground Utilities Required: Underground utilities, including telephone and electrical systems, are required within the limits of all planned unit developments. Appurtenances to these systems, which can be effectively screened, may be excepted from this requirement if the Zoning Commission finds that such exemption will not violate the intent or character of the proposed planned unit development.

415.07 PUD-R Residential Planned Unit Development District: This district is intended to provide flexibility in the arrangement and design of residential neighborhoods, based upon a unified development plan conceived and carried out for an entire area. Within this district, appropriate and reasonable population is maintained while a variety of dwelling unit types is encouraged. Natural features such as

topography, trees, and drainage ways are encouraged to remain in their natural state to the degree possible. Such developments are generally characterized by a significant proportion of usable open space and a unified design concept with particular attention devoted to the periphery of the development, the overall objective being the compatibility of the development with its surroundings.

- a. **Minimum Project Area:** The minimum land area required for a residential planned unit development shall be ten (10) acres. This area required may only be reduced through the variance procedure outlined in Article 10, Section 1003. Such a variance procedure shall only be granted if it can be demonstrated that an improved site design under PUD is necessary to achieve an improved site design and that surrounding neighborhoods and public facilities will not be adversely affected.
- b. **Density:** Every preliminary plan application for a residential planned unit development shall designate the corresponding residential district or districts which reflect the intended density and types or residential land uses are to be located. Although the lot design requirements may be waived for the approval of the final plan, the overall gross density, which would normally be permitted under the designated residential district or districts. Increased densities may be permitted by the Zoning Commission and Township Trustees where the developer provides a proportionate increase in the amount of open space.
- c. **Permitted Uses:** Only those uses which are specified as permitted, accessory, or conditional uses within the designated residential district or districts on the preliminary plan may be included within the planned unit development.
- d. **Minimum Area, Frontage, and Yard Requirements:** The minimum area, frontage, and yard maximum lot coverage requirements may be varied to allow for greater creativity in site design and structural design within the residential planned unit development. However, all spacing between principal structures shall be subject to the approval of the Zoning Inspector with input from the Spring Valley Township Fire Chief.
- e. **Height Requirements:** The height of any structure within a residential planned unit development shall not exceed thirty-five (35) feet or 2 1/2 stories. However, the Zoning Commission may grant an exception if it is demonstrated that the additional height has the approval of the Zoning Inspector with input from the Spring Valley Township Fire Chief and that there will not be an adverse reduction of light and air to adjacent properties.
- f. **Required Off-Street Parking and Loading:** All accessory off-street parking and loading spaces shall be provided in accordance with Article 6 unless otherwise approved by the Zoning Commission.

- g. Signs: All signs within the residential planned unit development shall be in accordance with Article 7 unless otherwise approved by the Zoning Commission.
- h. Perimeter Uses Abutting Lower Residential Density: The outside perimeter of any residential planned unit development which adjoins any existing residential district which requires a lower density, shall be developed into a pattern of residential lots and structures permitted within such district. Adequate screening which consists of mounding and vegetative plantings sufficient to protect the privacy and amenity of adjoining residential uses may be substituted for the required perimeter development at the discretion of the Zoning Commission.
- i. Accessory Commercial Uses: Convenience commercial establishments may be permitted within a planned unit development of fifty (50) acres or more upon presentation of a market study which demonstrates a need for such establishments within the development. The amount of land devoted to such commercial use within that planned unit development shall be subject to approval by the Zoning Commission, but in no case shall exceed five percent (5%) of the total site. Commercial areas within the planned unit development shall be located, designed, and operated to serve primarily the needs of the residents of the unit development with no direct access or advertising signs visible from the exterior of such development. All accessory commercial areas not intended for immediate development shall be landscaped or otherwise maintained in a neat and orderly manner, subject to Zoning Commission approval.
- j. Required Open Space: Each residential planned unit development shall have acreage devoted to common open space which shall be designed for the leisure and recreational use of the general public. All common open space shall be accordance with the following:
  - 1. The location, shape, size and character of common open space shall be suitable for the planned unit development in relation to the location, number, and types of dwelling units it is intended to serve. In any case, it shall be highly accessible to all residents or users of the planned unit development.
  - 2. The common open space shall be used for amenity and/or recreational purposes. Any uses and/or buildings authorized for the common open space must be appropriate to the scale and character of the planned unit development in relation to its size, density, expected population, topography, and the type of dwellings.
  - 3. The common open space must be suitably improved for its intended use, but common open space containing natural features worthy of preservation may be left unimproved. The buildings, structures, and improvements, which are permitted

in the common, open space and must conserve and enhance the amenities of the common open space with regard to its topography and unimproved condition.

4. The proposed common open space may be conveyed to a public authority which will agree to maintain the common open space and any buildings, structures or improvement, which have been placed on it. All land dedicated to the public must meet the requirements of the appropriate authority as to size, shape, and location. Public utility or other similar easements and right-of-way for water courses or other similar channels are not acceptable for common open space dedication unless such land or right-of-way is usable as a trail or other similar purpose and approved by the authority to which the land is dedicated.
5. The proposed common open space may be conveyed to the trustees of a Homeowners Association or similar organization formed for the maintenance or the planned development. The common open space may be conveyed by covenants under such an arrangement subject to approval by the Zoning Commission. Such covenants shall restrict the common open space to the uses specified on the final development plan and provide for the maintenance of common open space in a manner, which assures its continuing use for its intended purpose.

415.08 PUD-B Business Planned Unit Development District: This district is provided in recognition that many commercial establishments seek to develop within unified commercial areas, usually under single ownership and control, and typically called "shopping centers". Within the premises of the zone, such centers shall have all necessary services and facilities comprehensively provided in accordance with an approved development plan. Provisions of this zone are formulated to achieve harmoniously designed structures upon a well-landscaped site, achieving a high degree of pedestrian-vehicular separation, all of which shall be compatible with surrounding land uses.

- a. Minimum Project Area: The minimum land use required for commercial planned unit development shall be five (5) acres. This area requirement may only be reduced through the variance procedure outlined in Article 10, Section 1003. Such a variance should only be granted if it can be demonstrated that an improved site design under PUD will help to alleviate traffic congestion, sign clutter, mixed land use conflicts, deterioration or existing structures, and other negative qualities of strip commercial development.
- b. Permitted Uses: Every preliminary plan application for a commercial the corresponding commercial uses which are to be located in each segment of such planned unit development. Only those uses which are specified as permitted, accessory, or conditional uses within the designated commercial districts on the

preliminary plan may be included within the planned unit development.

- c. Minimum Area, Frontage, and Yard Requirements: The minimum are, frontage, yard and maximum lot coverage requirements may be varied to allow for greater creativity in site design and structural design within the commercial planned unit development. However, all spacing between principal structures shall be subject to the approval of the Zoning Inspector with input from the Spring Valley Township Fire Chief.
- d. Maximum Height Requirements: The height of any structure within a commercial planned unit development shall not exceed thirty-five (35) feet. However, the Zoning Commission may grant an exception if it is demonstrated that the additional height has the approval of the Zoning Inspector with input from the Spring Valley Township Fire Chief and that there will not be an adverse reduction of light and air to adjacent properties.
- e. Required Off-Street Parking and Loading: All accessory off-street parking and loading spaces shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of Article 6 unless otherwise approved by the Zoning Commission.
- f. Signs: All signs within the commercial planned unit development shall be in accordance with the provisions of Article 7 unless otherwise approved by the Zoning Commission.
- g. Arrangement of Commercial Uses: Commercial buildings and establishments shall be planned as groups having common parking areas and common ingress and egress points in order to reduce the number of potential accident locations at intersections with streets. The plan of the projects shall provide for the integrated and harmonious design of buildings, and for adequate and properly arranged facilities for internal traffic circulation, landscaping, and such other features and facilities as may be necessary to make the project attractive and efficient from the standpoint of the adjoining and surrounding non-commercial areas. All spacing between principal structures shall be subject to the approval of the Zoning Inspector with input from the Spring Valley Township Fire Chief.
- h. Perimeter Uses Abutting Residential Districts: The outside perimeter of any commercial planned unit development which adjoins any existing residential district shall be developed into a pattern of residential lots and uses which are permitted within such an adjoining residential district. The Zoning Commission may waive such requirement only if it is satisfied that the natural topography and vegetative cover of the site provide sufficient screening or the developer has provided adequate landscaped mounding to protect the privacy and amenity of surrounding residential development.



- i. Perimeter Uses Abutting Non-Residential Districts: Where the outside perimeter of any commercial planned unit development adjoins any non-residential district, setback and screening requirements shall be at the discretion of the Zoning Commission.

415.09 PUD-I Industrial Planned Unit Development District: The provisions of this district are provided in recognition that many industrial establishments seek to develop within unified industrial areas having all necessary services and facilities comprehensively provided in accordance with a predetermined plan. The provisions of this district are formulated to encourage a high degree of coordinated development upon well-landscaped premises. Particular attention is devoted to design of the periphery of the development with the objective of achieving compatibility with existing and potential surrounding land uses.

- a. Minimum Project Area: The minimum land area required for industrial planned unit development shall be twenty (20) acres. This area requirement may only be reduced through the variance procedure outlined in Article 10, Section 1003. Such a variance shall only be granted if it can be demonstrated that an improved site design under PUD is necessary to achieve an improved site design, which will help to alleviate traffic congestion, mixed land use conflicts, deterioration of existing structures, and other negative qualities of isolated industrial development.
- b. Permitted Uses: Only those uses which are specified as permitted, accessory, or conditional uses within the I-1 Light Industrial District may be included within the planned unit development.
- c. Minimum-Area, Frontage, and Yard Requirements: The minimum area, frontage, yard and maximum lot coverage requirements may be varied to allow for greater creativity in site design and structural design within the industrial planned unit development. However, all spacing between principal structures shall be subject to the approval of the Zoning Inspector with input from the Spring Valley Township Fire Chief.
- d. Maximum Height Requirements: The height of any structure within an Industrial planned unit development shall not exceed thirty-five (35) feet. However, the Zoning Commission may grant an exception if it is demonstrated that the additional height has the approval of the Zoning Inspector with input from the Spring Valley Township Fire Chief and that there will be an adverse reduction of light and air to adjacent properties.
- e. Required Off-Street Parking and Loading: All accessory off-street parking and loading spaces shall be provided in

accordance with Article 6 unless otherwise approved by the Zoning Commission.

- f. Signs: All signs within the Industrial planned unit development shall be in accordance with Article 7 unless otherwise approved by the Zoning Commission.
- g. Arrangement of Industrial Uses: Industrial uses and parcels shall be developed in park like surroundings utilizing landscaping and existing woodlands as buffers to screen lighting, parking areas, loading areas or docks, and/or outdoor storage of raw materials or products. A planned industrial area shall provide for harmony of buildings and a compact grouping in order to economize in the provision of utility services as they are required. Thoroughfares shall be kept to a minimum throughout a planned industrial area in order to reduce through traffic.
- h. Accessory Commercial Uses: Convenience commercial establishments may be included within the planned unit development upon presentation of a market study, which demonstrates a need for such establishments within the development. The amount of land devoted to such commercial uses within an industrial planned unit development shall be subject to approval by the Zoning Commission, but in no case shall exceed five percent (5%) of the total site. Commercial areas within the planned unit development shall be located, designed, and operated to serve primarily those employees of the planned unit development with no direct access from the exterior of such development. All accessory commercial areas not intended for immediate development shall be landscaped or otherwise maintained in a neat and orderly manner, subject to the approval of the Zoning Commission.
- i. Perimeter Uses Abutting Residential Districts: The outside perimeter of any industrial planned unit development which adjoins any existing residential district shall be developed into a pattern of residential lots and uses which are permitted within such an adjoining residential district. The Zoning Commission may waive such requirement only if it is satisfied that the natural topography and vegetative cover of the site provide sufficient screening and landscaped mounding to protect the privacy and amenity of surrounding residential development.
- j. Perimeter Uses Abutting Non-Residential Districts: Where the outside perimeter of any industrial planned unit development adjoins any non-residential district, setback requirements shall be equal to those of the adjoining district at a minimum and screening may be required at the Zoning Commission.

415.10 Procedure for Approval of Planned Unit Development Districts: All applications for the approval of planned unit development districts shall be processed in accordance with the following:

- a. Pre-Application Meeting: The applicant shall meet with the Zoning Commission, and the staff of the Regional Planning and Coordinating Commission of Greene County prior to the submission of the preliminary plan. The purpose of these meetings is to discuss, both early and informally, the relationship of the plan to this Resolution, the comprehensive plan, Greene County Subdivision Regulations, the thoroughfare plan, the park and open space plan, and the drainage, water, and waste water systems of the Township.
- b. Content of Application for Approval of Preliminary Plan: An application for preliminary plan approval for the planned unit development shall be filed with the Chairman of the Zoning Commission by at least one owner of property for which the planned unit development is proposed. At a minimum, the application shall contain the following information filed in triplicate:
  1. Name, address, and phone numbers of the applicant and all property owners within the proposed development, evidence of unified control of the entire area of the development, and tentative agreement of all owners to proceed with development according to plan or to provide adequate sureties for completion;
  2. Map(s) indicating the relation of the proposed development to the surrounding area. As appropriate to the development, such map(s) shall demonstrate access to major streets, and community facilities, and show the approximate location and sizes of existing public sewers, water lines, and storm drainage systems;
  3. Name, address and phone number of registered surveyor, registered engineer and/or urban professional planner assisting in the preparation of the Preliminary Development;
  4. A legal description of the property;
  5. A description of existing uses both upon and surrounding the site;
  6. A map illustrating the existing zoning districts within and surrounding the site;
  7. A topographic data map drawn to a scale of 100 feet or less to one inch by a registered surveyor and/or engineer showing boundary lines, easements, ground elevations, and wooded areas, streams, lakes, marshes, flood plains, and other physical conditions affecting the site;

8. A preliminary development plan and report presenting, in generalized form, the proposed location and type of residential, commercial, and/or industrial zones; the proposed circulation pattern including all public and private streets; proposed off street parking or loading areas; a preliminary layout of lots, land uses, and the location of all principal structures; the general location of utility installations and easements; proposed parks and other community spaces; and other information which the Zoning Commission deems necessary;
  9. A proposed schedule for the development of the site; and
  10. Evidence that the applicant has sufficient control over the land in question to initiate the proposed development plan within five (5) years. The application for preliminary planned unit development shall be accompanied by a written statement by the developer setting forth the reasons why in his opinion, the planned unit development would be in the public interest and would be consistent with the statement of intent and purpose and the criteria for approval of developments.
- c. Approval Process of Preliminary Plan by Zoning Commission: The public hearing and notification process for the preliminary plan by the Zoning Commission shall be in accordance with Article 10, Section 1004 procedures.
  - d. Approval in Principle by the Zoning Commission: Within thirty (30) days after the public hearing, the Zoning Commission shall review the preliminary plan to determine if it is consistent with the intent and purpose of this Resolution; whether the proposed development advances the general welfare of the community and neighborhood; and whether the benefits, combination of various land uses, and the interrelationship with the land uses in the surrounding area justify the deviation from standard district regulations. The approval in principle shall be necessary before the applicant may submit a final plan. Approval in principle shall not be construed to endorse a precise location of uses, configuration of parcels, or engineering feasibility.
  - e. Approval of Preliminary Subdivision Plan requirement: The proposed planned unit shall receive either approval or conditional approval of a preliminary subdivision plan from the Regional Planning and Coordinating Commission of Greene County prior to the submission of a final plan for final zoning approval.
  - f. Final Plan: After approval in principle of the preliminary plan, the developer shall submit a final plan to the Zoning Commission. The final plan shall be in general conformance with the preliminary development plan approved in principle. Five (5) copies of the final development plan shall be submitted.

- g. Contents of Application for Approval of Final Plan: An application for approval of the final plan shall be filed with the Chairman of the Zoning Commission by at least one (1) owner of property for which the planned unit development is proposed. Each application shall be signed by the owner or lessee, attesting to the truth and exactness of all information supplied on the application for final development plan. At a minimum, the application shall contain the following information:
1. A survey of the proposed development site, showing the dimensions and bearings of the property lines, area in acres, topography, and existing features of the development site including major wooded areas, structures, streets, easements, utility lines, and land uses.
  2. A map or maps in the form required of dwelling units, non-residential building intensity; and land use considered suitable for adjacent properties;
  3. A schedule for the development of units to be constructed in progression and the anticipated timing for each unit; tabulation of the number of acres in the proposed project for various uses; the number of housing units and bedrooms proposed by type of housing; estimated non-residential population where appropriate; and standards for height, open space, building density, parking areas, population density and public improvements proposed for each unit of the development whenever the applicant proposes an exception from standard zoning district requirements governing the development;
  4. Engineering feasibility studies and plans showing necessary water, sewer, and storm drainage installations; waste disposal facilities; street improvements, and the nature and extent of earthwork required for site preparation and development;
  5. The site plan, showing buildings, various functional use areas, circulation, and their relationship;
  6. Preliminary building plans, including floor plans and exterior elevations;
  7. Landscaping plans; and
  8. Deed Restrictions, protective covenants, and other legal statements or devices to be used to control the use, development, and maintenance of the land, and the improvements thereon, including those areas to be commonly owned and maintained.

- h. Approval Process of Final Plan: The approval process for the final plan by both the Zoning Commission and the Township Trustees shall be in accordance with the district amendment procedure outlined in Article 10, Section 1004.
- i. Supplementary Conditions and Safeguards: In approving any planned unit development district, the Township Trustees may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards, in conformity with this Resolution. Violation of such conditions or safeguards, when made a part of the terms under which the final development plan is approved, shall be deemed a violation of this Resolution and punishable under Article 10, Section 1005, of this Resolution.

**SECTION 416 MINIMUM DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:** Minimum dimensional requirements for each district shall apply as shown in the following table.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED PRINCIPAL USES COVERAGE	MINIMUM LOT AREA PER FAMILY OR PER PRINCIPAL STRUCTURE			MINIMUM LOT FRONTAGE	MINIMUM CORNER LOT FRONTAGE	MINIMUM YARD REQUIREMENTS				MAXIMUM HEIGHT	MAXIMUM LOT
		ON-SITE WATER & SEWER	ON-SITE WATER OR SEWER	CENTRAL WATER & SEWER			FRONT (b)	SIDE		REAR		
								ONE	TOTAL BOTH			
A-10	Article 4 Section 402.2	(a) 10 Acres	(a) 10 Acres	10 Acres	350 ft.	350 ft.	50 ft.	20 ft.	50 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	10%
A-5	Article 4 Section 403.2	5 Acres	5 Acres	5 Acres	250 ft.	350 ft.	50 ft.	20 ft.	50 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	10%
E-3	Single Family Dwellings	PLANNED SUBDIVISION LOTS AVERAGE NET DENSITY MUST EQUAL 3 ACRES					50 ft.	20 ft.	50 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	10%
		5 + Acres	5 + Acres	5 + Acres	250 ft.	250 ft.						
		4 Acres	4 Acres	4 Acres	225 ft.	225 ft.						
		3 Acres	3 Acres	3 Acres	200 ft.	200 ft.						
		2 Acres	2 Acres	2 Acres	175 ft.	175 ft.						
		1 Acre	1 Acre	1 Acre	150 ft.	150 ft.						
E-1	Article 4 Section 405.2	1 Acre	1 Acre	1 Acre	150 ft.	150 ft.	50 ft.	20 ft.	50 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	10%
RS-2	Article 4 Section 406.2	1 Acre	1 Acre	20,000 Sq. Ft.	100 ft.	125 ft.	40 ft.	10 ft.	25 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	20%
RS-3	Article 4 Section 407.2	1 Acre	1 Acre	15,000 Sq. Ft.	100 ft.	125 ft.	40 ft.	10 ft.	25 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	20%
RT-3	Single-Family Dwellings	1 Acre	1 Acre	15,000 Sq. Ft.	100 ft.	125 ft.	40 ft.	10 ft.	25 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	
	Two-Family Dwellings	Not Permitted	Not Permitted	12,000 Sq. Ft.	125 ft.	125 ft.	40 ft.	15 ft.	30 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	20%
	All Other Permitted Uses in Article 4 Section 408.2	1 Acre	1 Acre	1 Acre	150 ft.	150 ft.	40 ft.	15 ft.	30 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	
RM-8	Two-Family Dwellings	Not Permitted	Not Permitted	6,000 Sq. Ft.	100 ft.	125 ft.	35 ft.	10 ft.	25 ft.	30 ft.	35 ft.	30%
	Multiple Family Dwellings	Not Permitted	Not Permitted	5,000 Sq. Ft.	130 ft.	130 ft.	35 ft.	20 ft.	40 ft.	30 ft.	35 ft.	
	All Other Permitted Uses in Article 4 Section 409.2	Not Permitted	Not Permitted	1 Acre	150 ft.	150 ft.	35 ft.	20 ft.	40 ft.	30 ft.	35 ft.	
R-MH	AS REGULATED IN ARTICLE 4, SECTION 410											
TB Buildings	Article 4 Section 411.2	2 Acres	2 Acres	1 Acres	200 ft.	200 ft.	50 ft.	15 ft.	30 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	30%
								(c)	(c)			
LI Buildings	Article 4 Section 412.2	2 Acres	2 Acres	2 Acres	200 ft.	200 ft.	40 ft.	15 ft.	30 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	30%
								(d)	(d)			
HI Buildings	Article 4 Section 413.2	5 Acres	5 Acres	5 Acres	300 ft.	300 ft.	70 ft.	30 ft.	60 ft.	100 ft.	35 ft.	40%
								(d)	(d)			
FP	Article 4 Section 414.2	3 Acres	3 Acres	3 Acres	200 ft.	200 ft.	50 ft.	20 ft.	50 ft.	50 ft.	35 ft.	Subject to Approval by the Board of Zoning

Appeals

R-MH AS REGULATED IN ARTICLE 4, SECTION 410

- (a) Lot size is the required minimum. Final lot size shall be subject to approval by the Greene County Health Department or the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, whichever is applicable.
- (b) A minimum setback of seventy (70) feet shall be required along major thoroughfares or where off-street parking is provided within the front yard.
- (c) Side yards abutting residential districts shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet. However, where some natural barrier such as a railroad, stream, or limited access highway intervenes the Board of Zoning Appeals may reduce this requirement.
- (d) Side yards and rear yards abutting residential districts shall be a minimum of two-hundred (200) feet for the LI District and two-hundred feet for the HI District.
- (e) The rear yard shall not be less than two-hundred (200) feet when abutting a residential district. However, where some natural barrier such as a railroad, stream, or limited access highway intervenes, the Board of Zoning Appeals may reduce this minimum requirement.

**SECTION 417 AM AGRICULTURAL/MINERAL RESOURCE DISTRICT**

417.1 Intent and Purpose: The intent and purpose of the Agricultural/Mineral Resource District is to provide a zoning district within Spring Valley Township which recognizes the importance and value of both agricultural and mineral resource extraction within the Township, and provides reasonable regulation of said uses which allows them to be conducted in a manner not detrimental to the health, safety, morals, and general welfare of the residents of the Township. Agricultural land uses provide a substantial economic base for the Township. Land within the Agricultural/Mineral Resource District is substantially agricultural in character, with prime agricultural soils and other attributes favorable for agricultural uses.

Also within the district are mineral deposits and mineral extraction and processing land uses whose unregulated activities could potentially adversely impact adjoining properties and the community by the creation of excessive traffic, noise, dust, airborne particulate, smoke, fumes, glare, odors, and vibrations from the operation of heavy equipment. The regulations within the Agricultural/Mineral Resource District are intended to allow Mineral Extraction to be conducted as a permitted conditional use under reasonable regulations and restrictions intended to protect and preserve the health, safety, morals and general welfare of the community and adjoining land owners and uses, as well as to provide for prompt reclamation of depleted mining sites and allow management of these limited resources for the future as proposed by *Perspectives 2020: A Future Land Use Plan for Greene County, Ohio*.

417.2 Permitted Principal Uses:

- a. Agricultural as defined under Section 202.003 of this Resolution.
- b. Churches.
- c. Essential services.
- d. Plant materials nurseries.
- e. Public buildings and/or uses which are supported in whole or in part by taxes or special public assessments, the location of which has been fixed through studies. Such uses include, but are not limited to: parks; playgrounds; libraries, schools; fire stations; community centers; water treatment, pumping, and storage facilities; and waste water treatment and pumping facilities.

417.3 Permitted Accessory Uses:

Bona fide accessory agricultural structures or buildings including (but not limited to) barns, stables, sheds, tool rooms, shops, bins, tanks, silos, and fences.

417 Accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as regulated in Article 6.

- b. Accessory signs as regulated in Article 7.
- c. Private garages.



- d. Temporary uses incidental to construction work as regulated in Section 524.
- e. Fences as regulated in Section 510.
- f. Private accessory landing strips as regulated in Section 531.

417.4 Permitted Conditional Uses:

- a. Mineral extraction as defined under Spring Valley Zoning regulation's definition (Section 202.076). If any of the proposed area is within the regulatory flood plain, Section 414 requirements and considerations of the Spring Valley Township zoning regulation will apply. No conditional use for mineral extraction will be approved which will cause or allow the total acreage in Spring Valley Township currently under permits issued by Spring Valley Township Board of Zoning Appeals and State regulations for mineral extraction to exceed 800 acres.

(At the time of this amendment 787+/- acres have received State approval of which approximately 373 acres in Spring Valley Township has received a conditional use permit, according to township records. All mineral extraction operations listed on Resolution #\_\_\_ shall be considered pre-existing for the purpose of this section, and shall be considered a part of the 800 acres.)

- b. Agritourism as regulated in Section 537 if the property has been in CAUV for a minimum of three years.

417.5 Minimum Dimensional Requirements:

Minimum lot size: 25 acres  
Minimum frontage: 350 feet

SECTION 418

WFPDO WELL FIELD PROTECTION DISTRICT OVERLAY

418.1 Intent and Purpose: The intent and purpose of this Well Field Protection District Overlay is to provide for the protection of community groundwater supplies within Spring Valley Township through the regulation of potentially polluting land uses and Regulated Substances.

418.2 Scope: The provisions contained herein shall apply to community water supply systems within the Township that have scientifically delineated and currently maintained protection areas endorsed by the Ohio EPA, The Well Field Protection District Overlay shall include the lands, located within the current boundaries of the one year capture area or Inner Management Zone as defined by Ohio EPA and

the five year capture area. Parcels wholly located or portions of parcels located within these boundaries are subject to the requirements of this Section. The provisions for the Well Field Protection District Overlay shall be supplemental to the regulations of the underlying zoning district. Where the requirements of this Section are in conflict with the regulations of the underlying district, the more restrictive regulations shall apply.

418.3 Land Use Changes: Each and every zoning and rezoning application and/or change in use and/or zoning permit request that is wholly or partially within the Well Field Protection District be submitted to the water purveyor for review and comment.

418.4 Permitted Principal Uses: Within the Well Field Protection District Overlay, the permitted uses shall be those of the underlying zoning district in addition to the requirements contained in this regulation.

418.5 Permitted Conditional Uses:

- a. Within Well Field Protection District Overlay, the conditional uses shall be those of the underlying zoning district, unless listed in 418.6 Prohibited Uses, and any other requirements contained herein.
- b. In addition to the conditional use procedure requirements, if a proposed activity/use will involve quantities of Regulated Substances meeting the criteria set forth in 418.9 (f) Reporting Regulated Substance Spills, and is not prohibited under 418.6 Prohibited Uses, the applicant shall provide the Township Zoning Inspector with a written plan with the following:
  1. Description of proposed activity,
  2. List the specific Regulated Substances and quantities involved.
  3. Analyze any potential threats posed by the activity to groundwater resources.
  4. Provide information on the Best Management Practices that will be utilized to reduce and/or alleviate those threats. This plan shall be used by the Board of Zoning Appeals and the Zoning Commission to render a decision on the proposed conditional use,

418.6 Prohibited Uses:

- a. Automobile and scrap metal wrecking; junk and salvage yards.
- b. Automobile service stations.
- c. Automobile, tractor, trailer, farm implement assembly and/or manufacturing.
- d. Battery manufacturing and tire re-capping or re-treading.
- e. Cemeteries.
- f. Commercial machine and tool and die shops.
- g. Commercial chemical and paint warehouse/storage.
- h. Commercial feedlots,
- i. Commercial fertilizer and agrichemical distribution centers.

- j. Commercial quarries, gravel pits, and asphalt production.
- k. Commercial repair garages, storage, or repair yards or warehouses,
  - 1. Dry cleaners.
- m. Foundries.
- n. Industrial research laboratories.
- o. Motor freight depots and trucking terminals.
- p. New underground storage tanks.
- q. Landfills.
- r. Sludge and septic waste disposal, including the disposal of biosolids from waste water treatment facilities,
- s. Uses similar to the above, as determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

#### 418.7 Non-Conforming Uses:

- a. A property or business having an amount of Regulated Substances exceeding the quantities set forth in 418.8 is a non-conforming use and is allowed to remain, however, no expansion involving Regulated Substances, or modification resulting in an increased amount of Regulated Substances greater than the quantities set forth in Section 418.8 on the property is permitted, without first obtaining conditional use approval in accordance with this Resolution,
- b. If a non-conforming use of any land, building, or structure is discontinued for two years or more, any further use shall be in conformity with these zoning regulations.

#### 418.8 Groundwater Protection Standards:

- a. Quantity Limitations: Use, storage, handling, and/or production of Regulated Substances in connection with permitted and conditional uses within the Well Field Protection District Overlay shall be limited by aggregate of Regulated Substances. The aggregate of Regulated Substances in use, storage, handling and/or production on any single parcel or portion thereof located within the District may not exceed 55 gallons or 440 pounds, which ever is less at any time.
- b. Limited Exclusions: The following activities and Regulated Substances and associated amounts are exempt from the requirements of these regulations.
  - 1. Regulated Substances used for non routine maintenance and repair of property or equipment. The use, storage, handling and/or production of Regulated Substances under the exclusion shall be limited to:
    - a) The aggregate of Regulated Substances in use, storage, handling, and/or production may not exceed 50 gallons or 400 pounds at any time.
    - b) The total use, storage, handling and/or production of Regulated Substances may not exceed 100 gallons or 800 pounds in any twelve months.
  - 2. Medical and laboratory research substances used in containers not larger than five gallons or 40 pounds.

3. Cleaning agents, medicines, and cosmetics packaged for personal or household use.
4. Animal maintenance and medicinal substances packaged for residential and farm use.
5. Lawn care, garden, and home and equipment chemicals packaged for personal or residential use.
6. Construction materials stored at or being transported to a permitted construction site which do not pose real or present danger of causing contamination.
7. Office supplies packaged for personal or office use.
8. Refrigerants contained in on-site cooling equipment or contained in household appliances, including refrigeration repair service storage vessels.
9. Properly maintained liquid-filled electrical transformers.
10. Motor vehicle fuels and other liquids that are stored on or are an integral part of an operable motor vehicle in which the substances are contained. This does not include the tanker portion of a tractor-trailer or similarly purposed vehicle.
11. Heating oil for residential uses stored in tanks with a total aggregate capacity of less than 550 gallons per residential lot.
12. On-site storage of agricultural chemicals to be used for routine on-site agricultural operations and application provided such substances are stored in standard approved packaging and such chemicals are applied to cropland under Best Management Practices as indicated by soil tests, agricultural experts, or label direction approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the Ohio Department of Agriculture. This exclusion also applies to the application of agricultural chemicals to cropland where such chemicals are brought in from other locations.
13. The use of agricultural chemicals applied in accordance with Best Management Practices and/or label directions.

8.9 Best Management Practices: To the maximum extent practicable, owners and operators that use, store, handle and/or produce applicable Regulated Substances within the Well Field Protection District in the quantities provided in Section 418.8 shall implement Best Management Practices to reduce risk of release and pollution of environment.

- a. Inventory Information: Owners and operators with applicable types and quantities of Regulated Substances within the Overlay shall, upon written request of the Township Zoning Inspector, provide inventory information on those Regulated Substances and evidence and/or documentation of the applicable Best Management Practices being utilized to manage them. Information including, but not limited to, types, quantities, containment, and location of Regulated Substances may be required in writing.
- b. Secondary Containment: Drums and other types of containers holding Regulated Substances and wastes of such substances shall be stored within secondary containment. The containment system shall be designed to capture 110 percent of a release from a primary containment unit. Existing containment systems and procedures shall not be removed, nor shall their ability to contain spills be compromised, so long as Regulated Substances are stored, transferred or used within the containment areas. Improvements and/or additions to containment systems may be performed so long as the ability to contain a spill is not compromised. Temporary approved containment systems may be required during maintenance

and/or improvement activities.

- c. Spill Response: Standardized spill response procedures shall be adopted and documented and training will be provided to employees to help insure response protocols are enacted if a spill or release occurs.
- d. Existing Tanks: All existing underground storage tanks shall be removed.
- e. Septic Systems: Residential septic systems shall be permitted by the Greene County Combined Health District and maintained by the owner in accordance with Health District regulations. Such systems shall be periodically pumped out at the interval recommended by the Greene County Combined Health District. Commercial septic systems shall be permitted by Ohio EPA and be maintained in accordance with state law.
- f. Reporting Regulated Substance Spills, Leaks or Discharges: Any person with direct knowledge of a spill, leak or discharge of a regulated substance that escapes containment or contacts a pervious ground surface within Well Field Protection District and such spill, leak, or discharge is not immediately and completely remediated, shall give notice to the Township Fire Department (911) by telephone as soon as feasibly possible. Such notification shall not alleviate other local, state, and federal reporting obligations.
- g. Application of Agricultural Chemicals Not a Spill, Leak or Discharge: The application of agricultural chemicals, fertilizers, mineral acids, organic sulfur compounds, etc. used in routine agricultural operations, including plant nutrients and crop protection materials, applied under Best Management Practices as indicated by soil tests, agricultural experts, or label directions approved by the United States EPA or the Ohio Department of Agricultural, shall not be considered a spill, leak, or discharge subject to the requirements of this Section.
  - h. Liability and Required Documentation: Any entity or person who spills, leaks or discharges Regulated Substances shall be liable for any reasonable expense, loss or damages incurred by the Township in response to such an incident, in addition to the amount of any fines imposed on account thereof under state and federal law. Said entity or person shall document and maintain sufficient records so as to reflect accurately the circumstances related to any such incident and develop and implement procedures to substantially eliminate the likelihood of reoccurrence of such spills, leaks, or discharges as soon as practicable following the incident, but no later than 180 days after the incident. Clean Closure Requirements: Except in the case of a seasonal discontinuation of operation, the owner or operator of any non residential property that becomes unoccupied or has discontinued operation for a period of ninety consecutive days shall remove all Regulated Substances from the property, other than those used exclusively for heating, cooling, and providing electrical lighting for the premises, within ninety days after the date upon which the property initially became unoccupied or the operation discontinued, The owner or operator shall notify the Spring Valley Township Zoning Inspector in writing of the date of the cessation of operation no later than the day upon which the operation actually ceases or the property becomes unoccupied, and such notification shall include the owner's name, phone number, and address and the operator's name, phone number, and new address,

#### 418,10 Enforcement:

- a. In accordance with Section 901 of this Resolution, the Spring Valley Township Zoning Inspector or his/her designee, shall administer, implement, and enforce the provisions of this Section.
- b. Notice of Violation: Any person found in violation of any provisions of this Section or any other requirement, rule or regulation issued under the authority of this Section will

be served with a written notice stating the nature of the violation and providing reasonable time for compliance, provided however, written notice of violation may be waived under the conditions heretofore described in this Section and provided further, that if the Zoning Inspector has previously promulgated a schedule of compliance or issued an order addressing the same type of or a similar violation and the time for compliance has passed, the Zoning Inspector may dispense with establishing another time period for compliance.

- c. Public Water Supply Protection Authority: If any activity or use of Regulated Substance is deemed by the Zoning Inspector, with advice from the appropriate authorities, to pose a real and present danger of contaminating surface and/or groundwater that would normally enter the public water supply, the Zoning Inspector is hereby authorized to
  1. Cause cessation of said activity or use of the regulated substance.
  2. Require the provision of administrative controls and/or facilities sufficient to mitigate said danger.
  3. Cause the provision of pollution control and/or abatement activities.
- d. Exemption of Regulated Substances: The City of Dayton Well Field Protection Office maintains a list of Regulated Substances that have been determined by the Dayton Environmental Advisory Board to pose no threat to groundwater quality. Spring Valley Township shall use said list as the basis for excluding non-threatening Regulated Substances from the provisions of these regulations. The Zoning Inspector shall make said list available to interested parties. The Township Trustees may, with appropriate scientific evidence, supplement said list to include additional Regulated Substances that do not pose threats to local community water supplies.
- e. Technical Consultants: Upon application for a conditional use permit, zoning certificate and/or occupancy certificate for a use within the Well Field Protection District Overlay, the Zoning Inspector may employ such technical expertise as needed to ensure compliance with the provisions of these regulations. All reasonable costs, as determined by the Township, incurred in the compliance review process shall be passed through to the applicant and shall be in addition to those fees normally charged to review an application for a zoning certificate and/or occupancy certificate.
- f. Liability: Any entity or person who spills, leaks, or discharges contaminates shall be liable for any expense, loss, or damages, including cleanup, incurred by Spring Valley Township or any other affected party.
- g. Violation: Whoever violates and is found guilty of any provisions of this Section are subject to the penalty provisions as outlined in this Resolution.
- h. Considerations: When considering the exercise of any of the above authorities or actions on an entity, the Zoning Inspector shall consult with the appropriate Township authorities (Trustee, Fire Chief, Zoning Commission, Board of Zoning Appeals, etc.) and community water supply authorities to determine what measures need to be taken to ensure the public water supply is reasonably and adequately protected from contamination for the present and future. These authorities may take into consideration any evidence provided by the entity regarding cost-benefit and economic impact imposed by the requirements or actions.

**ARTICLE 5**  
**SUPPLEMENTARY**  
**DISTRICT REGULATIONS**

SECTION 501      GENERAL PROVISIONS: The following supplementary regulations are applicable to all Zoning Districts within Spring Valley Township unless otherwise modified by the requirements of a specific Zoning District.

SECTION 502      PUBLIC STREET FRONTAGE REQUIRED: No new lot shall be created nor shall any building be erected upon a lot which does not possess the required minimum frontage upon a public street establishment for the district in which such lot is located or unless a variance is otherwise granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

SECTION 503      PRINCIPAL BUILDINGS PER LOT: No more than one principal building or structure may be constructed upon any one lot for the purposes of this Regulation. The construction of more than one principal building or structure upon any one lot shall require either that approval of a variance from the Board of Zoning Appeals, be approved as part of a Planned Unit Development, or exempt as a tenant farmer dwelling.

SECTION 504      REDUCTION OF AREA OR SPACE: No lot, yard, court, parking area, or other space shall be reduced in area or dimension, thus making said area or dimension less than the minimum required by this Resolution and, if said area or dimension is already less than the minimum required by this Resolution, it shall not be further reduced.

SECTION 505      ARCHITECTURAL PROJECTIONS INTO REQUIRED YARDS: All architectural projections shall be in accordance with the following provisions:

505.1 Chimneys, flues, sills, pilasters, cornices, eaves, gutters, and other similar architectural features may project into any required yard a maximum of twenty-four inches.

505.2 Unroofed porches and steps may extend from the dwelling into the required front yard a maximum of ten (10) feet. Open structures such as roofed porches, canopies, balconies, decks, platforms, and carports, shall be considered parts of the building to which attached and shall not project into any required yard.

505.3 No structure may project into a required side yard except in the case of a single non-conforming lot of record which is or insufficient width to meet the side yard requirements of this Regulation. The Board of Zoning Appeals may grant a minimum specified variance to permit the construction of a one-family residence in such a case.



SECTION 506      EXCEPTIONS TO HEIGHT REGULATIONS: The height limitations contained in the District Regulations do not apply to spires, belfries, cupolas, antennas, water tanks, ventilators, chimneys, or other appurtenances usually required to be placed above the roof level and not intended for human occupancy, except where the height of such structures will constitute a hazard to the safe landing and take-off or aircraft at an established airport.

SECTION 507      ACCESSORY BUILDINGS: All accessory buildings shall be in conformity with the following provisions:

507.1 No garage or other accessory building shall be erected within a side yard or front yard.

507.2 An accessory building must be to the rear of the main building, and not less than ten (10) feet from the side or rear lot lines nor less than ten (10) feet from the main building.

507.3 An accessory building may precede construction of a main building, and must be submitted with site plan showing location of the septic system, well, and main building. If the accessory building precedes the main building it is subject to inspection until the main building is completed. Under no circumstance will an accessory building be used for habitation.

SECTION 508      CONVERSION OF DWELLINGS TO MORE UNITS: A structure may not be converted to accommodate an increased number of dwelling units unless the following requirements are met:

508.1 The district is properly zoned for an increase in dwelling units.

508.2 The yard dimensions still meet the yard dimensions required off-street parking for the new comparable structures in such district.

508.3 The lot area shall be adequate to accommodate the required off-street parking for the converted unit as provided within Article 6.

508.4 The lot area per family equals the lots area requirements for new structures in such district.

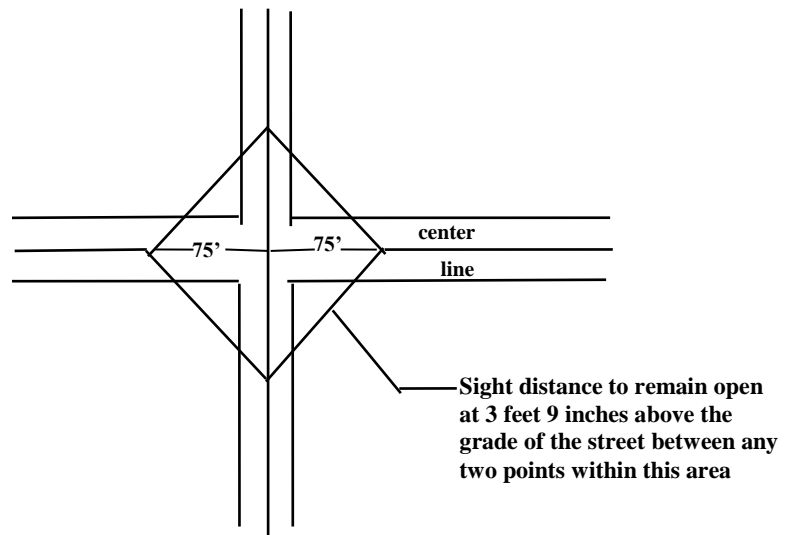
508.5 The floor area per dwelling unit is not reduced to less than that which is required construction in such district.

508.6 The conversion is in compliance with all other applicable Federal, State, and local codes.

SECTION 509      SETBACK REQUIREMENTS FOR CORNER LOTS OR THROUGH LOTS: On a corner lot or through lot, the principal building and all accessory structures shall be required to have the same setback for the front yard in the district in which such structures are located.

SECTION 510      FENCES, WALLS, AND VEGETATION: The location and height of all fences, walls, and vegetation shall be in accordance with the following provisions:

- 510.1 Partition Fences and Livestock Fences Agricultural Districts: Partition fences livestock fences may be permitted within any required yard within any Agricultural District are exempt from zoning agricultural uses and are permitted within any required side or rear yard for non-agricultural uses, provided that adequate sight distance is maintained at all intersections and driveway entrances. All such partition fences and livestock fences shall be constructed and maintained in accordance with Chapter 971 of the Ohio Revised Code.
- 510.2 Fences, Walls, and Vegetation in Front Yards: No fence, wall or hedge shall be permitted within any required front yard above the height of two and one-half (2 1/2) feet.
- 510.3 VISIBILITY AT INTERSECTION: No structure, fill or vegetation shall be erected, placed, planted, or allowed to grow on any corner lot so as to create a sight impediment within seventy-five (75) feet of the intersecting centerlines of any two or more streets. In determining if any sight impediment exists, the zoning inspector shall measure the sight distance between the centerlines of such streets at a height of three feet, nine inches (3'9") above the actual grades of the streets. (See Illustration)



- 510.4 Fences, Walls, and Vegetation in Side and Rear Yards: No fence wall shall be permitted within any side or rear yard which exceeds six (6) feet in height. Dense evergreen plantings, deciduous trees, shrubs, or hedges, or other vegetation may exceed six (6) feet in height within any side or rear yard.
- 510.5 Screening: Fences, walls, or vegetation used for required screening as outlined in Article 5, Section 515, may exceed six (6) feet in height upon approval by the Zoning Inspector or Board of Zoning Appeals.

510.6 Security Fences: Security Fences for uses within non-residential districts may exceed six (6) feet in height.

510.7 Barbed Wire and Electric Fences: Barbed wire and electric fences shall be prohibited within any residential district; barbed wire and electrified sections of fences when used for security purposes within any non-residential district, shall be a minimum of eight (8) feet above the ground.

510.8 Fences Prohibited Within right-of-way: Fences and walls shall not be permitted within any right-of-way.

#### SECTION 511

REQUIRED TRASH AREAS: All commercial, industrial, and multi-family residential uses that provide trash and/or garbage collection areas shall have such areas enclosed on at least three sides by a solid wall or fence adequate in height to screen the containers, if such area is not within an enclosed building or structure. Provisions for adequate vehicular access to and from such area or areas for collection of trash and/or garbage as determined by the Zoning Inspector shall be required.

#### SECTION 512

OUTDOOR STORAGE AND WASTE DISPOSAL: All outdoor storage and waste disposal shall be in accordance with the following provisions:

512.1 Highly flammable or explosive liquids, solids, or gases shall not be stored in bulk above ground except within the HI Heavy Industrial District or as otherwise approved by the appropriate fire officials. The storage areas of such materials shall be completely enclosed by a solid wall or fence adequate to ensure the safety of surrounding land uses. Fuel products stored for use on bonafide farms are excluded from this provision.

512.2 The storage and/or disposal of hazardous waste materials shall only be permitted as a conditional use within an approved sanitary landfill site, subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 522.14 and documented approval from the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.

512.3 All outdoor storage areas shall be adequately screened from view from any residential district by an appropriate wall, fence, or vegetative planting in accordance with Section 515.

512.4 Materials or wastes which might cause fumes, dust, which constitute a fire hazard, or which may be edible or attractive to rodents or insects shall be stored outdoors only in closed containers constructed of impervious material.

512.5 No materials or wastes shall be deposited upon a lot in such form or manner that they may be transferred off the lot by wind, flood, or natural causes or forces.

Effective 11/3/88      512.6    Parking and/or storage of heavy equipment or implements used for Contract Construction Service businesses that are located in TB/Township Business zoned areas of the Township and/or adjacent to or in view of a residential use or district must comply with applicable screening requirements listed in Section 515.

SECTION 513      PRIVATE ACCESSORY SWIMMING POOLS: Private accessory swimming pools may be permitted in any district, provided the following provisions are met

- 513.1    The pool is intended solely for the enjoyment of the occupants and guests of the principal use of the property on which it is located.
- 513.2    It may not be located closer than ten (10) feet to any property line and may not encroach upon any required front yard, side yard, or within fifteen (15) feet of required on-site waste water leaching areas or replacement areas designated by the Greene County Health Department.
- 513.3    The swimming pool shall be walled or fenced in order to prevent uncontrolled access by children from any street or adjacent property. Any such fence shall not be less than five (5) feet in height and maintained in good condition with a gate and lock.
- 513.4    Exterior lighting shall be shaded wherever necessary in order to avoid casting direct light upon any other property or any public street.

SECTION 514      PRIVATE RECREATION FACILITIES: All private recreation facilities shall be in accordance with the following provisions in addition to any conditions required by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

- 514.1    Community swimming pools may be permitted provided the following conditions are met.
  - a.    The pool and accessory structures, including the areas used by the bathers and the required parking areas, shall not be located closer than fifty (50) feet to any residential district and must be screened in accordance with Section 515.
  - b.    The swimming pool and all of the areas used by bathers shall be walled or fenced in order to prevent uncontrolled access by children from the streets or adjacent properties. Said fence or wall shall not be less than six (6) feet in height and maintained in good condition.
  - c.    Loudspeakers, juke boxes, public address systems, and electric amplifiers shall be permitted insofar as they do not create a nuisance and/or disturb the peace of persons on any other properties within any district.

- d. Exterior lighting shall be shaded wherever necessary in order to avoid casting direct light upon any other property or a public street.

514.2 Recreational vehicle parks and campgrounds may be permitted as a conditional use within any designated district in accordance with the following minimum provisions:

- a. The minimum total area of the park or campground shall be five (5) acres. The maximum density of the park or campground shall be established by the Board of Zoning Appeals, but in no case shall the overall density exceed twelve (12) campsites per acre. In determining the overall density limit, the capability of the land to accommodate adequate campsites with a minimum of 1,500 square feet of nearly level and well drainage area shall be considered.
- b. The thoroughfare upon which the park or campground is located shall be of adequate width and base to accommodate the type of traffic generated by the Board of Zoning Appeals. No entrance or exit from the park or campground shall require movement of traffic through a residential district.
- c. Each campsite within the park or campground shall be provided with a minimum of one adequately sized parking space for the type of vehicle intended to use the site. In order to guarantee stability, the parking pad shall be composed of concrete, gravel, or other approved material.
- d. All recreational vehicle sites, other camping sites, and all off-street parking spaces shall be located a minimum of twenty feet from any side or rear property line, and the minimum front yard setback from any public street. The minimum side or rear setbacks shall be fifty feet when adjacent to any residential district.
- e. The Board of Zoning Appeals may require fencing, walls, landscaping, earth mounds, or other suitable efforts in accordance with Section 515 where it is determined that buffering or screening is necessary to minimize land use conflicts and/or protect the public safety.
- f. Management structures, recreational facilities, toilets, showers, dumping stations, or other similar uses shall be located within the park or campground in such a manner that they will not attract customers other than occupants of the park or campground.
- g. The park or campground shall provide water supply and waste water disposal facilities which meet the needs of the intended clientele, either independent recreational vehicles or dependent campers and primitive campsites. At a minimum, a service building with showers and toilets shall be required where not provided separately. All water supply, wastewater disposal, and refuse disposal facilities shall be located and designed subject the approval of the Greene County Health Department.
- h. No recreational vehicle shall be used as a permanent place of residence or business within the park or campground. Continuous occupancy for longer than ninety (90) day period within any twelve (12) month period shall be deemed permanent occupancy.
- i. All traffic into and out of the park or campground shall be through entrances and exits designed for safe and convenient movement of

traffic. No entrance or exit shall require an acute angle turn for vehicles moving into or out of the park. The radii of curbs and pavements at intersections shall facilitate easy turning movements. No material impediment to visibility shall be created or maintained which violates the requirements of Section 510.3

514.3 Other private recreation facilities shall be in accordance with the following:

- a. Loudspeakers, juke boxes, public address systems, and electric amplifiers shall be permitted insofar as they do not create a nuisance within any district.
- b. Exterior lighting shall be shaded wherever necessary in order to avoid casting direct light upon any other property or public street.
- c. Firing lines used by gun clubs shall be located a minimum of five hundred (500) feet from the nearest property line. All target areas shall be protected by natural or artificial embankments approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- d. All water activities shall be adequately protected by fences, walls, or other suitable barriers in order to prevent uncontrolled access by unauthorized persons.

## SECTION 515

SCREENING: No buildings or structures shall be erected, altered, or enlarged nor shall for any non-residential use on a lot that adjoins or faces any Residential District be used, nor shall any multiple family use be established adjoining any single family development, until a plan for screening has been submitted, approved by the Zoning Inspector, or the Board of Zoning Appeals in case of Conditional Uses, except in accordance with the following provisions:

515.1 Screening shall be provided for one more of the following purposes:

- a. A visual barrier to partially or completely obstruct the view of structures or activities.
- b. As an acoustic screen to aid in absorbing or deflecting noise.
- c. For the containment of debris and litter.

515.2 Screening may be one of the following or a combination or two or more, as determined by the Zoning Inspector.

- a. A solid masonry wall.
- b. A solidly constructed decorative fence.
- c. Louvered fence.
- d. Dense evergreen plantings.
- e. Landscaped mounding.

515.3 Whenever any non-residential use abuts a residential use or district, a visual screening wall, fence, planting and/or a landscaped mound shall be erected or placed beside such mutual boundary lines, except where

the Zoning Inspector has determined that a traffic hazard will be created.

515.4 Height of screening shall be in accordance with the following:

- a. Visual screening walls, fences, plantings, or mounds shall be a minimum of five and one half (5 1/2) feet high in order to accomplish the desired screening effect, except in required front yards when maximum height shall be not greater than two and one half (2 1/2) feet. Exception to the height of screening in the front yard may be provided for the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- b. A dense evergreen planting with a minimum height of four (4) feet at planting and a mature height of at least five and one half (5 1/2) feet or greater or solidly constructed decorative fence shall be permanently maintained along the mutual boundary of an accessory parking area and adjacent land zoned for residential uses except for the portion of such boundary located within a required front yard.

515.5 Screening for purposes of absorbing or deflecting noise shall have a depth of at least fifteen (15) feet of dense planting or a solid masonry wall in combination with decorative plantings.

515.6 Whenever required screening is adjacent to parking areas or driveways such screening shall be protected by bumper blocks, post, or curbing to avoid damage by vehicles. All screening shall be trimmed, maintained in good condition, and free of advertising or other signs.

## SECTION 516

DRIVE-IN SERVICE: Establishments, which by their nature create lines of customers waiting to be served within automobiles, shall provide off-street storage areas in accordance with the following requirements.

516.1 Photo pick-ups, restaurants, drive-thru beverage docks, and other similar commercial establishments that can normally serve customers in three minutes or less shall provide no less than five (5) storage spaces per window. Drive-in restaurants and other similar uses which require an additional stopping point for ordering shall provide a minimum of five (5) storage spaces for each such stopping point.

516.2 Commercial establishments which require a transaction time in excess of three (3) minutes such as banks, savings and loan offices, or other similar money windows shall provide no less than seven (7) storage spaces per window.

516.3 Self-serve automobile washing facilities shall provide no less than five (5) storage spaces per stall. All other automobile washing facilities shall provide no less than seven (7) storage spaces per window.

516.4 Automobile service stations shall provide no less than two (2) storage spaces for each accessible side of a gasoline pump island. Gasoline pumps shall not be located closer than fifteen (15) feet to any street

right-of-way line, nor within fifteen (15) feet of a reserved sight distance area as required in Article 5, Section 510.

SECTION 517

PARKING AND STORAGE OF MOBILE HOMES AND VEHICLES OTHER THAN PASSENGER CARS: The parking and/or storage of mobile homes, recreational vehicles or other vehicles other than passenger cars upon any lot shall be in accordance with the following provisions:

- 517.1 Mobile Homes: Mobile homes shall not be stored or parked outside of any mobile home park unless the storage of mobile homes is a permitted or a conditional use within such a district. No living quarters shall be maintained or any business conducted within any mobile home located outside of any Mobile Home Park District, unless it is for the purpose of a tenant farmer dwelling as defined by Section 202.115.
- 517.2 Recreational Vehicles: The outdoor storage or parking of any recreational vehicle shall not be permitted within any front yard within any district in which residential dwellings are permitted. No dwelling unit shall be maintained and no business shall be conducted within any recreational vehicle while such vehicle is parked outside of any approved camping area. The wheels or any similar transporting devices of any recreational vehicle shall not be removed except for repairs, nor shall any recreational vehicle be permanently attached to the ground.
- 517.3 Construction Equipment Within Residential Districts: Outdoor storage or parking of backhoes, bulldozers, well rigs, and other similar construction equipment, other than equipment temporarily used for construction upon the site, is not be permitted in any residential district.
- 517.4 Other Vehicles: The storage parking of any vehicle having a gross vehicle weight rating greater than 10,000 pounds or an overall vehicle length greater than 21 feet shall not be permitted within any Residential District, excluding vehicles making temporary service or delivery calls.

SECTION 518

COMMUNITY BASED RESIDENTIAL SOCIAL SERVICE FACILITIES: Residential facilities providing resident services for the care and/or rehabilitation of groups or individuals who require protection supervision within a residential environment shall be permitted only in accordance with the following provisions:

- 518.1 Foster Homes may be permitted within any district in which residential dwellings are permitted, provided such homes possess a valid, appropriate license.
- 518.2 Family Care Homes may be permitted within an adequately sized unattached residential dwelling, provided that:



- a. The home shall possess a valid license from the appropriate state agency.
- b. The home shall be required to meet the district regulations applicable to single family residences within the district in which such home is located.
- c. The home shall provide adequate off-street parking area for each resident and/or resident supervisor who is permitted to own or operate an automobile.
- d. The Zoning permit shall be limited to the operator to whom it is originally issued and is not transferable to any subsequent operator.

518.3 Group Care Homes may be permitted within an adequately sized unattached residential dwelling within designated residential districts subject to the Board of Zoning Appeals. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall determine whether to permit such requests and may assign conditions it feels are necessary to insure compatibility with the neighborhood, using the following criteria as a minimum:

- a. No group care home may be permitted unless the agency supervising such a facility satisfies the Board of Zoning Appeals that the home complies with licensing required by the State of Ohio.
- b. The home shall not be located closer than 20,000 feet to another Family Care Home, Group Care Home, Home for Adjustment or Institution. Variances of more than ten percent (10%) of this requirement may not be considered.
- c. The home shall not be reasonably accessible, by reasons of location or transportation provided by the operator, to necessary medical, psychiatric, recreational, or other services required by the residents.
- d. Every room of the home occupied for sleeping purposes home shall have a least eighty square feet habitable floor area for each occupant.
- e. The operator or agency applying for a conditional use permit to operate a facility shall provide the Board of Zoning Appeals with a plan which documents the need for the home in relation to the specific clientele served, describes the program objectives and nature of the facility, identifies the location and type of other community based residential social service facilities operated by such operator or agency, and lists the standards of the State of Ohio, and the sponsoring agency for the operation of the desired facility.
- f. The home shall provide adequate off-street parking area for each resident and/or resident supervisor who is permitted to own or operate an automobile.
- g. The proposed use of the site as a group care home shall be compatible with the present character of the neighborhood, considering noise, traffic, lights, exterior alterations of the structure, or other potentially offensive characteristics.
- h. The conditional use permit shall be limited to the operator to whom it is originally issued and is not transferable to any subsequent operator.

- 518.4 Homes for Adjustment may be conditionally permitted within an adequately sized unattached residential structure subject to the approval of the Board of Zoning Appeals. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall determine whether to permit such requests and any conditions which it feels may be necessary to insure compatibility with the neighborhood, using the following criteria as a minimum:
- a. No Home for Adjustment may be permitted unless the court or agency supervising such a facility satisfies the Board of Zoning Appeals that the home complies with all licensing requirements of the State of Ohio.
  - b. The home shall not be located closer than 20,000 feet to another Family Care Home, Group Care Home, Home for Adjustment, or Institution. Variances or more than ten percent (10%) of this requirement may not be considered.
  - c. The home shall be reasonably accessible, by reason of location or transportation provided by the operator, to necessary medical, psychiatric, recreational, or other services required by the residents.
  - d. Every room occupied for sleeping purposes within the home shall contain a minimum of eighty (80) square feet or habitable floor area for each occupant.
  - e. The operator or agency applying for a conditional use permit to operate a facility shall provide the Board of Zoning Appeals with a plan which documents the need for the home in relation to the specific clientele served, describes the program objectives and nature of the facility, identifies the location and type of other community based residential social service facilities operated by such operator or agency, and lists the standards of the State of Ohio, and the desired facility.
  - f. The home shall provide adequate off-street parking area for each resident and/or resident supervisor who is permitted to own or operate an automobile.
  - g. The proposed use of the site as a home for adjustment shall be compatible with the present character of the neighborhood, considering noise, traffic, lights, exterior alterations of the structure, or other potentially offensive characteristics.
  - h. The conditional use permit shall be limited to the operator to whom it is originally issued and is not transferable to any subsequent operator.
- 518.5 Institutions may be conditionally permitted in an unattached structure within any designated district, subject to approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

## SECTION 519

AGRIBUSINESS OPERATIONS: No conditional use permit shall be issued for any agribusiness operations unless the following conditions have been satisfied:

- 519.1 The agribusiness establishment shall be incidental and necessary to the conduct of agriculture within the agricultural district and shall not be a

business which is not dependent upon the surrounding agricultural community.

519.2 The minimum distance permitted between the agribusiness establishment and any existing dwelling unit or existing residential district shall be established by the Board of Zoning Appeals based upon the character of the agribusiness.

519.3 The agribusiness establishment shall have approval from the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency for any on-site water supply and/or wastewater disposal system.

519.4 The agribusiness shall not emit noise, odor, dust, or chemical residues which result in the creation of a nuisance or trespass to surrounding properties.

519.5 The agribusiness shall be located upon a thoroughfare which the Board of Zoning Appeals determines is adequate to accommodate any traffic which is generated by the agribusiness establishment.

#### SECTION 520

JUNK: The accumulation of trash, unlicensed vehicle, junk vehicles, vehicle parts, rags, or other debris in any district shall be a nuisance per se and shall be prohibited outside of an approved junk yard. The purpose of this section is to promote the health, safety, and welfare of Spring Valley Township by eliminating environments for breeding of vermin, rodents, insects, and infestations.

#### SECTION 521

JUNK YARDS: Junk yards may be permitted as a Conditional Use within specified districts upon the submission of satisfactory proof that such operations will not be detrimental to the neighborhood or surrounding properties. No junk yard shall be located, operated, or maintained within Spring Valley Township unless it is located within the proper district and the following conditions have been guaranteed by the applicant:

521.1 The operator of the junk yard shall possess a license from the Greene County Auditor.

521.2 The junk yard operation shall possess a plan for the control operation shall be permitted closer than five hundred (500) feet from any established residential or rural center district.

521.3 The area of the site used for the storage of junk shall be completely enclosed by a fence or other suitable means to prevent any uncontrolled access by unauthorized persons.

521.4 The site shall contain mounding, screening, or natural vegetation adequate to obscure the view of junk from any public street or surrounding property as determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

- 521.5 Any fence required for screening purposes shall be in accordance with the following requirements:
- a. It shall be neatly constructed of opaque material.
  - b. It shall not be less than six (6) in height.
  - c. It shall be maintained in a condition so as to insure its opaqueness.
  - d. It shall contain no advertising.
- 521.6 All motor vehicles stored or kept in such junk yards shall be kept that they will not catch and hold water in which mosquitoes may breed, and so that they will not constitute a place or places in which mice or other vermin may be harbored, reared, or propagated.
- 521.7 Because of the tendency for junk yards to promote the breeding of mosquitoes and vermin and the potential volatile nature of certain materials, no operation shall be permitted closer than five hundred (500) feet from any established residential or rural center district.
- 521.8 The Zoning Inspector or a Health Department Employee may visit the site at any time and may have cause for a Cease and Desist Order if any of the above sections are in violation.

## SECTION 522

SANITARY LANDFILLS: Sanitary landfills may be permitted as a Conditional Use within specified districts upon submission of satisfactory proof that such operations will not be detrimental to surrounding properties or to the environment. The following conditions shall be guaranteed by the applicant:

- 522.1 All zoning permit applications for sanitary landfills within Spring Valley Township shall be accompanied by the following information, at a minimum:
- a. Vicinity maps, drawn at a scale of one (1) inch equal to one thousand (1,000) feet, illustrating the proposed site in relation to surrounding existing and proposed land uses, existing and proposed roads, surrounding zoning districts, and Perspectives: A Future Land Use Plan for Greene County, Ohio;
  - b. Topographic maps, drawn at a scale no greater than one (1) inch equal to two hundred (200) feet with five (5) foot contour intervals, showing the existing and the proposed final physiographic layout of the site;
  - c. A hydrogeologic and surface drainage study of the site conducted by a qualified professional engineer registered in the State of Ohio, illustrating the various depths, thicknesses, and hydrologic characteristics of underlying geologic deposits and the depth, direction of flow, and potential for contamination of the underground water supply;
  - d. A transportation plan for the site illustrating any proposed external routes or access to the landfill site and any proposed internal circulation routes within the landfill site;

- e. Proposed methods of control for insects, rodents and other disease vectors;
  - f. Proposed methods of controlling odor, dust, and/or blowing debris such as paper;
  - g. Proposed methods for screening;
  - h. Proposed hours of operation;
  - i. The location and size of proposed shelters for landfill personnel and equipment; and
  - j. A proposed plan for future use of the site.
- 522.2 All proposed sanitary landfill operations shall be required to secure a "Permit to Install" from the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency prior to the issuance of a Conditional Use Permit.
- 522.3 The site shall contain mounding or screening adequate to obscure the view of the landfilling operation from any public street, existing dwelling unit, or any residentially zoned property.
- 522.4 The site shall be limited to areas where surfaces or underground water pollution will not occur.
- 522.5 The site shall not be accessible from any established residential area.
- 522.6 The site shall be so located as to minimize the effects of winds carrying objectionable odors to urbanized or urbanizing areas.
- 522.7 An attendant shall be on duty during the time the sanitary landfill site is open to supervise the unloading or refuse.
- 522.8 Blowing paper shall be controlled by providing a portable fence near the working area. The fence and area shall be policed daily.
- 522.9 There shall be no open storage or burning of refuse or garbage.
- 522.10 Conditions unfavorable for the production of insects, rodents, and other disease vectors shall be maintained by carrying out routine landfill operations promptly in a systematic manner.
- 522.11 Domestic animals shall be excluded from the site.
- 522.12 A compacted layer of at least six (6) inches of suitable cover material shall be placed on all exposed refuse by the end of each working day.
- 522.13 Other conditions which the Board of Zoning Appeals deems necessary to insure that the sanitary landfill operation will not be detrimental to surrounding properties or to the environment.
- 522.14 No hazardous waste, defined under Ohio Revised Code Section 3724.01 (J) (1) and (2), and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, 90 Stat. 2806-2812, 42 U.S.C. 6921 to 6931 shall be deposited in or stored on any site designated as a Sanitary Landfill under Section 523 of this code without application for and receipt of a

hazardous waste storage-burial conditional use permit from the Board of Appeals and submission of an operating plan by the proposed site operator to include the following information and assurance;

- a. The full legal and corporate name of the site operator to include any other names used by said site operator within the past five (5) years, and the names of all the officers of the said proposed operator in include detailed resumes of same indicated prior experience or expertise in the operation of a hazardous waste storage-burial facility.
- b. A detailed listing of the specific types of hazardous waste to be stored on site to include chemical and generic designation and known effects on flora and fauna of same.
- c. A complete fire and population evacuation plan for all areas within five (5) miles of the site center.
- d. A complete geologic and hydrologic study of the site showing site barrier control sufficient to prevent all off-site leachate transmission and insure protection of all water supplies.
- e. Operator shall submit the name of this waste transport company to include the type of vehicles to be used to transport the hazardous waste and the training of the driver-operators.
- f. Operator shall submit a plan for the control of malodorous airborne pollutants so that no such odors are transported off-site.
- g. Operator-applicant shall present proof to the Board of licensure for Hazardous Waste Storage under Section 3734.03 of the Ohio Revised Code prior to issuance of any conditional use permit by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- h. Operator-applicant shall present proof of bond or surety to the sum set by Zoning Board of Appeals subject to the approval of the Township Council. Proof of bond shall be required prior to the grant of a conditional use permit for Hazardous Waste Storage in Spring Valley Township.

522.15 The Zoning Inspector or a Health Department Employee may visit the site at any time and may have cause for a Cease and Desist Order if any of the above sections are in violation.

## SECTION 523

MINERAL EXTRACTION OPERATIONS: The purpose of this Section is

Effective 9/18/03

to insure that the mineral resources of Spring Valley Township are properly managed, and that all land used for mineral extraction be properly located, screened, and reclaimed so as not to create a hazard or nuisance which may adversely affect the health, safety, morals or general welfare of the community, either immediately or in the future. Quarries, sand, and gravel operations, or other mineral extraction operations may be permitted as a Conditional Use only in an AM Agricultural/Mineral District (see Article 4 Section 417) upon satisfactory demonstration that such operations will not be detrimental to the neighborhood or surrounding properties.

In order to preserve a balance of land uses, expedite reclamation, preserve health, safety, morals, and general welfare of the community, to provide for the prompt restoration of depleted mining sites, and to implement the objectives and policies of the current Regional Planning and Coordinating Commission *Perspectives 2020: Future Land Use Plan for Greene County, Ohio*, total of all legally permitted mining sites shall not exceed 800 acres in Spring Valley Township.

The Township Zoning Inspector shall maintain a current and up-to-date total of all acreage existing as mineral extraction sites for the purpose of managing the 800-acre maximum.

523.1 All applications for a Conditional Use Permit within the AM Agricultural/Mineral Resource District shall include eight copies and be accompanied by the following information, at a minimum:

- a. Vicinity maps, drawn at a scale of one (1) inch equal to one thousand (1,000) feet, illustrating the potential extraction area(s) in relation to surrounding existing land uses, existing and proposed roads, surrounding zoning districts, and land uses as shown in *Perspectives 2020: A Future Land Use Plan for Greene County, Ohio*.
- b. A map at a scale of at least one (1) inch equals one hundred (100) feet showing existing contours at intervals of five (5) feet or less, any existing building structures, and any public utilities or easements on the property.
- c. Name and address of the applicant and/or owners, including all partners and officers.
- d. Name and address of the owner of the surface rights of the property.
- e. A plan showing the location, timing, and size of the areas to be excavated on all proposed phases as well as an estimate and description of material to be excavated on all proposed phases.
- f. A list of the types of resources or minerals to be extracted.
- g. The proposed method of removal of such resources and whether or not blasting or other use of explosives will be required.
- h. A hydrologic study determining and describing both ground and surface water in the vicinity, identified as to area by a map and flow chart showing volume and direction. The map shall show water table depth and location of all wells in the area. Test wells and data shall be obtained to establish ground water condition at the proposed site.
- i. Analysis of potential impact on the site including but not limited to: wetlands, floodplain, archeological and/or historic sites, shorelines, vegetation and wildlife, endangered or threatened plants and animals, scenic vistas and travel corridors (both human and wildlife).
- j. The location of any mineral processing to be used and any accessory or related operations that may be utilized in connection with the operation of a processing plant by the mining processor or any other firm, person, or corporation.
- k. A general description of the equipment to be used for excavating, processing, and/or transporting excavated mineral resources.

- l. A transportation plan for the site illustrating any proposed external routes of access to the site and any proposed internal circulation route within the site, estimated number and frequency of trips to and from the site.
- m. A detailed reclamation plan for the rehabilitation and reclamation of the affected areas as specified in this Section.
- n. The means by which the applicant will control storm water runoff and erosion to protect the watershed(s) and aquifer(s).
- o. Hours of operation and days of operation for the extraction and other operations.
- p. The means by which noise, dust, odors, vibrations, light pollution, and other potential nuisances will be controlled.
- q. The location, type and height of all fencing with a minimum height of five feet required and appropriate signs prohibiting trespassing.
- r. The location and type of landscaping to be used to screen the site, or other operations from adjacent land uses and public right-of-ways, including mounding.
- s. Whenever the floor of a quarry is greater than five (5') feet below the average elevation of an adjacent public street or any adjacent property, the property containing such quarry shall be completely enclosed by mound of earth not less than ten (10') feet in height, and planted with trees and suitable landscaping. Such mound base shall be located not less than thirty (30') feet from any street right-of-way or boundary of the quarry property and this slope shall be a 3 to 1 ratio.
- t. Access roads shall be maintained in a dust-free condition by surfacing or dust retarding material. A full explanation of these controls shall be furnished in detail.
- u. No mineral extraction operations shall be conducted within five hundred (500) feet of an existing residence or residential district except as necessary for initial berm construction or removal.
- v. The location of any storage or processing activities on the site shall be shown on the phasing plan.
- w. Any other information required by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

523.2 All proposed mineral extraction operations shall be required to secure a permit for such activities from the Chief of the Division of Reclamation, Ohio Department of Natural Resources upon the issuance of a Conditional Use Permit by the Zoning Inspector.

523.3 The operator shall maintain complete records on a daily basis of all blasting operations, (if permitted) including records of the time, the date, the location, and complete description of weather conditions relating to each such blast. Such records shall be available to the Zoning Inspector upon request. At the request of the Zoning Inspector, the operator shall fully cooperate in any investigation by the Zoning Inspector of the conditions of the operation. The Zoning Inspector accompanied by necessary technical personnel shall be permitted on-site during any working hours.

523.4 In order to insure adequate lateral support for public roads in the vicinity of mineral extraction operations:



- a. All mineral excavations shall be located at least 100 feet and back filled to at least 150 feet from a street right-of-way line.
- b. All quarrying or blasting shall be located at least 100 feet from the right-of-way line of any existing or platted street, road, highway or railway.
- c. Such excavation or quarrying may be permitted within these limits to the point of reducing the ground elevation to the grade of the existing or platted street, road, or highway where officially approved by the authority charged with maintenance of such platted street, road, or highway.

523.5 All excavations of minerals shall either be: (1) made to a depth not less than five (5) feet below a water-producing level, or (2) graded and/or back filled with non-noxious and non-flammable solids, to assure that the excavated area will not collect and retain stagnant water. The graded or back filled surface shall create an adequate finished topography to minimize erosion by wind or rain and substantially conform to the contours of the surrounding area.

523.6 The underwater banks of all excavations, which are not back filled, shall be sloped at a grade of not less than 3 feet horizontal to 1 foot vertical minimum, to six (6) feet below the water line. Spoil banks shall be graded to a level suiting the existing terrain and planted with trees, shrubs, legumes, or grasses where re-vegetation is possible.

523.7 When any quarrying has been completed, it shall comply with the approved reclamation plan and such excavated area shall either be left as a permanent lake, or the bottom floor thereof shall be leveled to prevent the collection and stagnation of water and to provide proper drainage without excessive soil erosion. If the bottom floor is leveled, said floor should be covered with topsoil of adequate thickness for the growing of turf or other ground cover. If left as a lake, the banks shall be sloped and the soils restored and the area around the lake replanted in accordance with a reclamation plan approved as a part of the zoning approval process and consistent with ODNR reclamation regulations to provide habitat. Buildings and structures designed and constructed exclusively for mineral extraction, storage, or processing, for which no future use is contemplated and no other use is practical or feasible, shall be demolished and removed from the mined-out area within six (6) months of completions of the mining.

523.8 The reclamation plan for the entire site shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:

- a. A map at a scale of one (1) inch equals one hundred (100) feet showing the existing contours at intervals of five (5) feet or less, any existing buildings or structures, and any public utilities or easements on the property.
- b. The depth of the proposed surface soil shall be not less than 18" or at least as great as the depth of the unusable overburden which

existed at the commencement of operations, but which in no event need be more than 18 inches.

- c. The angle of slope of all earthen banks, which except for mounds required under Section 523.1 S, shall be no greater than one (1) foot vertical to three (3) feet horizontal. In areas where at the commencement of excavation a greater angle existed, the angle of slope shall be no greater than that which existed at the commencement of excavation.
- d. The angle of slope of all banks consisting of rock and the required cover.
- e. The location of fences or effective plantings in those locations that such angles of slope and not physically or economically feasible to reduce.
- f. The number of trees and shrubs, and the type of ground cover to be provided. The type and number per acre of trees, shrubs, ground cover or legume to plant shall be determined in consultation with the Greene County Agricultural Extension Agent in coordination with the Ohio Department of Natural Resources Division of Wildlife, based on future land use.
- g. The location of proposed ultimate land uses, and physical improvements such as roads, drives, drainage courses, utilities and other improvements as determined in consultation with the Regional Planning and Coordinating Commission, the Zoning Commission, the County Engineer, the Sanitary Engineer, and the Greene County Soil and Water Conservation District.
- h. A statement that vegetation shall be restored by the spreading of sufficient soil and by appropriate seeding of grasses or planting of shrubs and trees in all parts of said reclamation area where the same is not submerged under water.
- i. A grading plan showing the proposed final topography of the area indicated by contour lines of no greater interval than five (5) feet.
- j. At the end of each numbered calendar year the owner/operator of any land in the AM (Agricultural/Mineral Resource Districts) on which, during the preceding 24 month period, there has been any active quarrying; shall file with the Zoning Inspector a Reclamation status report which contains both maps and text and which shall contain the following information:
  1. Divisions of the overall site into separate Reclamation Status Areas, which shall be those due to their location in relation to overall operations, are independently reclaimable.
  2. A statement as to when reclamation shall commence in each of said areas after each area is no longer used or usable in the overall operation. Reclamation shall commence within two (2) years.
  3. A statement as to when reclamation shall be completed in each of said areas. In no event shall said period of time be in excess of one (1) year after reclamation has commenced and, in that part of said areas within five hundred (500) feet of a residential district, said period of time shall not be in excess of two (2) weeks after reclamation has commenced.

4. The actual mineral extraction and floor areas uncovered during the preceding 24-months period.
5. As to those areas in which, under the preceding paragraphs of this section, reclamation has commenced or is required to be commenced within the succeeding 24-month period the following additional information:

- a) The depth of the proposed soil cover, which shall be at least eighteen (18) inches.
  - b) A statement that along all boundaries of the overall ownership where no reasonable mining activities, expansion or future plans can be shown by the operator, the land shall be re-graded by slope and be built up to the grade existing at the time of the commencement of operations.
  - c) The angle of slope of all banks which shall be no greater than one (1) foot vertical to three (3) feet horizontal, except where at the commencement of quarrying a greater angle slope existed, in which case the angle of slope shall be no greater than that which existed at the commencement of quarrying.
  - d) The location of fences of at least five (5) feet in height in those locations where such angles of slope are not physically or economically feasible.
  - e) The number of trees and shrubs, and the type of ground cover to be provided.
  - f) The locations of roads, drives, draining courses and other improvements.
  - g) Vegetation shall be restored by appropriate seeding of grasses or planting of shrubs or trees in all parts of said extracted areas.
  - h) Within six (6) months after the operation of any phase is completed, all temporary structures (except fences), equipment, stockpiles, rubble, heaps, or other debris shall be removed so as to leave the premises in a neat and orderly condition.
  - i) Upon completion of quarry operations, the operator/applicant shall be required to submit a restoration report prepared by a registered Ohio Professional Engineer, certifying that the restoration plan has been fully completed as required.
- k. Said plans, when filed and re-filed, shall be received for approval by the Zoning Inspector. If approved, said plans shall be binding upon said owner and shall constitute the Restoration and Reclamation Plan for the subject area.

#### 523.9 Performance Bonds:

- a. To guarantee that ongoing operations are in accordance with the stipulations and restrictions established at the time of approval, a

performance bond would be furnished and verified annually to the Clerk of Spring Valley Township, Greene County, Ohio. The amount shall be set by the Board of Zoning Appeals in an amount sufficient to offset damages in event of violations of specified conditions of operation.

- b. To guarantee the restoration, rehabilitation, and reclamation as required herein, every applicant granted permission to conduct a mineral extraction operation as herein provided shall furnish a reclamation plan and a performance bond running to the Clerk of Spring Valley Township, Greene County, Ohio. The amount of the Restoration and Reclamation performance bond shall be based upon an estimate of costs to meet the aforementioned requirements prepared by a professional civil engineer registered in the State of Ohio and submitted by the applicant. The amount of the performance bond shall be established by the Board of Zoning Appeals and approved by Resolution of the Township Trustees, depending upon the type and extent of the restoration required. The performance bond shall be a guarantee that such applicant, in restoring, reclaiming, and rehabilitating such land, shall, to the satisfaction of the Zoning Inspector, meet the requirements of this section.
- c. The Township Trustees reserve the right to periodically review and increase the amount of performance bonds for good cause based on new information, changed conditions, circumstances, or inflationary factors.

## SECTION 524

TEMPORARY USES: The following regulations are necessary to govern the operation of certain uses which are non permanent in nature. Application for a Temporary Zoning Permit shall be made to the Zoning Inspector, containing a graphic description of the proposed use, and sufficient information to determine yard requirements, setbacks, sanitary facilities, and parking space for the proposed temporary use. The following uses are deemed to be temporary uses and shall be subject to the specific regulations and time limits which follow and to the regulations of any district in which such use is located:

- 524.1 Carnivals, Circuses, Tent Meetings, Bazaars, Festivals, Art Shows, or Other Similar Public Events may be permitted within any non-residential district and upon church, school or other similar sites within any residential district. No permit shall be issued unless the written consent of fifty-one percent (51%) of the owners of all residentially used property within four-hundred (400) feet of the temporary use site is first filed with the Zoning Inspector at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to commencement of the event. Such uses shall only be provided on lots where adequate off-street parking can be provided and shall not be permitted for a period longer than fifteen (15) days.
- 524.2 Christmas Tree Sales may be permitted within any non-residential district for a period not exceeding thirty-five (35) days.

- 524.3 Real Estate Sales Offices may be permitted within any district for any new subdivision which has been approved by the Spring Valley Planning Commission under the Subdivision Regulations for Spring Valley Township. Such office shall contain no living accommodations. The permit shall be valid for one (1) year, but may be granted two (2) six-month extensions if conditions warrant such renewal. Such office shall be removed upon completion of sales of the lots therein, or upon expiration of the Temporary Zoning Permit, whichever occurs sooner.
- 524.4 Temporary office for contractors and equipment sheds incidental to a construction project may be permitted within any district. The permit shall not be valid for more than one (1) year but may be renewed for six-month extensions if construction is substantially underway. Such uses shall be removed immediately upon completion of the construction project, or upon expiration of the Temporary Zoning Permit whichever occurs sooner.
- 524.5 The temporary placement of a mobile home upon a lot which already contains a residential structure may be permitted where the Board of Zoning Appeals finds that special circumstances or conditions such as fires, windstorms, or other similar events which are fully described in the findings of the Board, exist, such that the use of a temporary residential structure is necessary in order to prevent an exceptional hardship on the applicant, provided that such a temporary structure does not represent a hazard to the safety, health, or welfare of the community.

An applicant for a Temporary Zoning Permit under 524.5 must produce a written statement for the Greene County Health Department approving the water supply and waste water disposal system of the temporary mobile home location. Such permit may be initially issued for nine (9) months, renewable for up to three (3) months time for all permits, not exceeding a total of twelve (12) months.

- 524.6 Temporary sales may be permitted within parking lots within any business district. A temporary Zoning Permit for such sales shall only be issued once within any four (4) month period and shall not exceed a period of seven (7) consecutive days unless otherwise approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals. A temporary use permit shall not be issued if it is determined by the Zoning Inspector that encroachment of more than twenty five percent (25%) of the required storage or parking areas will take place.
- 524.7 Garage sales may be permitted within any district in which dwellings are permitted. Garage sales may be permitted three times for any particular lot within any twelve (12) month period and shall not exceed a period of seven (7) consecutive days. Accessory parking shall be provided upon the lot in such a manner as to not create a traffic hazard.

SECTION 525

CEMETERIES: The following standards shall apply to the development and construction of cemeteries within Spring Valley Township.

- 525.1 The site proposed for a cemetery shall not interfere with the development of a system of collector and larger streets in the vicinity of such site. In addition, such site shall have direct access to a thoroughfare which the Board of Zoning Appeals determines is adequate to serve the size of facility proposed.
- 525.2 Any new cemetery shall be located on a site containing not less than twenty (20) acres.
- 525.3 All buildings, including but not limited to mausoleums and maintenance buildings, shall respect the required yards setback of the district in which it is located.
- 525.4 All graves or burial lots shall be set back not less than twenty five (25) feet from any street right-of-way line.
- 525.5 All required yards shall be landscaped and maintained in good order in accordance with state and local regulations. A plan for perpetual care of the grounds shall be required.

SECTION 526

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SECTION 527

TENANT FARMER DWELLING: A zoning permit is not required for the erection of a tenant farmer dwelling (s), provided the land owner/lessee states in writing to the Zoning Inspector that the purpose of the dwelling is to house a person (s) who is to be engaged in assisting them with farming the land in question and/or maintaining and protecting it in their absence.

SECTION 528

HOME OCCUPATIONS: All home occupations shall be in accordance with the following provisions:

- 528.1 No person or persons shall operate a home occupation or be employed thereunder other than a resident of the premises;
- 528.2 All home occupations shall be conducted entirely within the dwelling unit, and the use of the dwelling unit for the home occupation shall be clearly incidental and subordinate to its use for residential purposes by its occupants. Not more than twenty five percent (25%) of the gross floor area of any dwelling unit shall be used for a home occupation;
- 528.3 Uses permitted as home occupations include beauty services, barber services, music or other similar types of lessons, woodworking, upholstery, arts and crafts, an office for professional services, an office for the business in which the occupant is engaged, and limited repair services for domestic goods and appliances such as lawnmowers, televisions, radios, etc.;

- 528.4 Home occupations shall not be permitted in any accessory building within any district other than an Agricultural District. Any home occupation located within an accessory building exceeding six-hundred (600) square feet in floor area shall be subject to review and approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals to insure that the residential/agricultural character of the neighborhood is maintained.
- 528.5 There shall be no change on the outside appearance of the building or premises, or other visible evidence of the conduct of such home occupation other than one sign, not exceeding two square feet in area, non-illuminated, and mounted flat against the wall of the building in which the home occupation is located;
- 528.6 There shall be no sale on the premises of commodities not produced as the result of the home occupation;
- 528.7 No traffic shall be generated by such home occupation in greater volume than would normally be expected in a residential neighborhood, and any need for parking generated by the conduct of such home occupation shall meet the off-street parking requirements as specified in this Regulation, and shall not be located in a required front yard; and
- 528.7 Equipment or processes shall not be used in such home occupation which create noise, vibrations, glare, fumes, odors, or electrical interference detectable outside the dwelling unit if the occupation is conducted in a single-family residence, or off the lot if conducted in other than a single-family residence. In the case of electrical interference, no equipment or process shall be used which creates visual or audible interference in any radio, television receiver off the premises, or cause fluctuations in voltage off the premises.

SECTION 529

MINIMUM FLOOR AREA PER DWELLING UNIT: The minimum residential floor area per dwelling within Spring Valley Township shall be in accordance with the following table. These requirements shall be applicable to all districts.

	Single Family and Two Family Dwellings	Multiple Dwellings
0 Bedroom	1000 sq ft	600 sq ft
1 Bedroom	1000 sq ft	750 sq ft
2 Bedroom	1100 sq ft	900 sq ft
3 Bedroom	1250 sq ft	1050 sq ft
4 Bedroom	1400 sq ft	1200 sq ft
5 Bedroom	1550 sq ft	1350 sq ft +150 sq ft for each additional bedroom over 5
6+ Bedroom	1700 sq ft +150 sq ft for each additional bedroom over 6	

SECTION 530

CHURCHES WITHIN RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS: Churches and their accessory uses shall be permitted within residential districts only under the following requirements:

- 530.1 The minimum lot area shall be two (2) acres and the minimum lot width shall be two hundred (200) feet. The lot area shall be adequate to accommodate the required off-street parking requirements of the church.
- 530.2 The church building shall be set back from any adjacent residential property line a distance equal to or greater than the height of the structure exclusive of the steeple or spire.
- 530.3 The church lot shall be accessible to a major thoroughfare in a manner that does not require the passage of traffic through local residential streets.
- 530.4 Accessory living quarters may be provided on the church lot as a Conditional Use. The location, density, and the additional lot area required for such uses shall be subject to approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- 530.5 Adequate screening shall be provided along all property lines bordering residential lots. Such screening shall be subject to approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

SECTION 531

AIRPORTS AND LANDING STRIPS: All airports and landing strips shall be in accordance with the following requirements:

- 531.1 In order to maintain the safety of the occupants of surrounding properties, all private helicopter landing areas shall be located a minimum of five hundred (500) feet from any adjacent property or shall be screened by a wall, solid fence, mound, or evergreen planting a minimum of six (6) feet in height. In order to maintain the safety of the occupants of surrounding properties, all such sites shall be approved by the Ohio Department of Transportation, Division of Aviation.
- 531.2 All private landing strips shall be approved by the Ohio Department of Transportation, Division of Aviation and shall be situated so as to not create a nuisance or hazard to residential dwellings or other structures within the vicinity.
- 531.3 Commercial airports may be permitted as Conditional Uses within specified districts subject to the following conditions:
  - a. The applicant shall present sufficient evidence to the Board of Zoning Appeals that the design and location of the airport satisfies all of the applicable requirements of the Federal Aviation Administration and the Ohio Department of Transportation, Division of Aviation.



- b. The applicant shall provide proof to the Board of Zoning Appeals that all appropriate air rights and/or easements have been secured from surrounding property owners.
- c. The location of buildings, hangars, or other structures shall meet or exceed the minimum setback requirements of the district in which the airport is located.
- d. The location and capacity of all off-street parking and loading areas and the location of vehicular access to public streets shall be subject to approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- e. All airports shall have water supply and waste water disposal facilities approved by the Ohio EPA.
- f. Appropriate visual and noise screening of the hanger and terminal areas from existing surrounding development shall be provided. Such screening shall be subject to approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

SECTION 532 Deleted 7/10

SECTION 533 SURFACE AND SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE:  
 In order to protect adjacent property owners and/or existing lot the Zoning Inspector shall contact Greene County Natural Resource Conservation Service (formerly SCS) or Greene County Engineer whenever surface or subsurface drainage problem is identified for review and comment.

SECTION 534 BED AND BREAKFAST: In order to assist in the restoration, rehabilitation, and maintenance of older structures where the existing housing stock is viable but in need of adaptive re-use, Bed and Breakfast operations may be permitted as conditional uses in A-10, A-5, E-3 and TB Districts, subject to the following conditions:

- a. All operations hereunder must meet the definition of Bed and Breakfast in Section 202.
- b. Are operated totally within the principal dwelling and not within a garage or accessory building located on the premises.
- c. Does not have exterior evidence of operation other than four (4) square foot wall sign permitted under Article 7.
- d. Shall not involve any exterior additions or alterations for the sole purpose of expanding the operations.

- e. Shall contain no separate or additional kitchen facilities for guests.
- f. Shall provide one (1) off-street parking space for every guest room in addition to the off-street parking otherwise required for the principal structure.
- g. Shall permit access to the guest rooms only through the principal structure.
- h. Shall obtain an occupancy permit from the Zoning Inspector prior to the commencement of operations to insure compliance with applicable zoning and safety standards and the other conditions required by this use. There after, annual permits are required with owners filing for applications for same on forms provided by the Township. Permits will become due on the last day of January in the calendar year, and will is issued only upon payment of a fee set by the Township Trustees, a completed application has been filed, and a biannual inspection has been completed by the Zoning Inspector. An inspection will also be conducted by the Zoning Inspector in June of the calendar year, and anytime it deemed necessary by the Zoning Inspector or Fire Chief of Spring Valley Township.
- i. Shall maintain in good order a minimum of one (1) operating smoke detector and one (1) carbon monoxide detector in each guest room and in all common areas, including stairways.
- j. Shall conform to the bedding requirements contained in Section 3731.12 of the Ohio Revised Code.

SECTION 535

ACCESS STANDARDS: The purpose of the Access Standards is to ensure that emergency, fire, and safety vehicles can access the property. Access standards shall be required before issuance of a zoning permit for a principal building.

- a. An access driveway must commence at a dedicated road;
- b. Shall be a minimum width of 15 feet, paved or gravel;
- c. Free from obstruction of tree limbs, etc. to a height of 13 feet 6 inches;
- d. Have an 8 inch gravel base;
- e. Any access driveway in excess of 500 feet in length shall have a pull off at the half way point, or at a point that is most feasible, and additional pull offs for every 500 feet thereafter;
- f. Any access driveway in excess of 1000 feet shall also have a turn around at the end, and will be inspected by the Spring Valley Township Fire Department, and given approval by the Zoning Inspector. A turnaround should be a 50 foot square, and a "T" should be at least 35 feet wide each direction;
- g. It is required to have the house number at the entrance to the access driveway, for visibility to emergency vehicles;
- h. There shall be no more than one principal building per access driveway, unless approved by the Spring Valley Township Board of Zoning Appeals, Then the Board of Appeals shall require all deeds include covenants and agreements indicating that the said lane or drive is a private drive and that it shall be maintained and kept in a state of good repair by the private landowners to whom the lane provides ingress and egress; further each deed will require the landowner to install and maintain a turn-around on each lot sufficient to Township fire and emergency equipment; said covenants and agreements shall clearly indicate that said private drive and individual turn-around are not public roadway and that Spring Valley Township shall have no responsibility for maintenance of the private drive and/or turn-around.

SECTION  
536

SMALL WIND TURBINES: A system consisting of a wind turbine, a tower, which has a rated capacity of less than five megawatts and which is intended to primarily reduce on-site consumption of utility power. All small wind turbines are required to obtain a zoning permit and be in compliance with the following provisions:

536.1 Setback: The base of the tower shall be set back from all property lines, public right of ways and public utility lines a distance equal to the total extended height (the tower height plus the length of one blade plus five feet). Buildings or other structures associated with a small wind turbine shall comply with Section 507.

536.2 Tower Height: So long as the total extended height meets sound and set back requirements, there shall be no specific height limitation, except as imposed by Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) regulations.

536.3 Requirement for Engineered Drawings: Zoning permit applications for small wind turbines shall be accompanied by standard drawings of the wind turbine structure.

536.4 Compliance with FAA Regulations: The applicant is responsible to assure that no wind turbine shall be constructed, altered or maintained so as to project above any of the imaginary airspace surfaces described by the FAA guidance on airspace protection.

536.5 Utility notification: No small wind turbine shall be installed until physical evidence has been given that the utility company has been informed of the customer's intent to install an interconnected customer owned generator. Off-grid systems shall be exempt from this requirement.

536.6 Abandonment: If a small wind turbine is inoperable for six consecutive months the owner shall be notified that they must, within six months of receiving the notice, restore their system to operating condition. If the owner fails to restore their system to operating condition within the six month time frame, then the owner shall be required, at their expense, to remove the small wind turbine from the tower, or provide proof that repairs are in process.

536.7 Signage: All signs other than the manufacturers or installers identification, appropriate warning signs, or owner identification on a wind generator, tower, building, or other structure associated with a small wind turbine visible from any public road shall be prohibited. Signs of manufacturers or installer's identification, appropriate warning signs, or owner identification on a wind generator, tower, building or other structure associated with a small wind turbine shall meet the zoning requirements as identified in Article 7.

536.8 Lighting: No illumination of the turbine or tower shall be allowed unless required by the FAA.

536.9 Access: Any climbing foot pegs or rungs below 12 feet of a freestanding tower shall be removed to prevent unauthorized climbing. For lattice or guyed towers, sheets or metal or wood may be fastened to the bottom tower section such that it cannot readily be climbed.

Section 537 AGRITOURISM: This activity will be a Conditional Use in all zoning districts for any property which is enrolled in the CAUV program for the preceding three years.

In the interest of the public health and safety, no agritourism operation shall be permitted unless the following conditions have been satisfied:

- 537.1 The agritourism provider shall provide evidence the farm on which the agritourism operation is proposed is ten (10) acres or more in area. If such farm is less than ten (10) acres and more than five (5) acres in size, evidence shall be provided that such farm is currently enrolled in the Current Agricultural Use Value (CAUV) program for a minimum of three years or produces an average yearly gross income of at least twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) from agricultural production.
- 537.2 The agritourism provider shall identify the educational, entertainment, historical, cultural and/or recreational relationship of the agritourism operation to the existing agricultural use of the property and the surrounding agricultural community in general.
- 537.3 The agritourism provider shall submit a floor plan of the structure to be used for agritourism activities and a site plan of the property illustrating all structures, setbacks from property lines for all structures and any existing or proposed well and/or on-site wastewater disposal system area(s) on the property.
- 537.4 The size and setback for any structure used primarily for agritourism activities shall be determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals per township regulations.
- 537.5 The agritourism operator shall provide off-street parking as determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals per township regulations.
- 537.6 The agritourism operator shall provide ingress and egress in a manner necessary to protect public safety.
- 537.7 The following definitions apply to this section:
  - a. **AGRITOURISM**: An agriculturally related educational, entertainment, historical, cultural, or recreational activity, including you-pick operations or farm markets, conducted on a farm that allows or invites members of the general public to observe, participate in, or enjoy that activity
  - b. **AGRITOURISM PROVIDER**: A person who owns, operates, provides, or sponsors an agritourism activity or an employee of such a person who engages in or provides agritourism activities whether or not for a fee.
  - c. **FARM**: Land that is composed of tracts, lots, or parcels totaling not less than ten (10) acres devoted to agricultural production or totaling less than ten (10) acres devoted to agricultural production if the land produces an average yearly gross income of at least twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) from agricultural production.
  - d. **AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION**: Commercial animal or poultry husbandry, aquaculture, algaculture meaning the farming of algae, apiculture, animal husbandry, or poultry husbandry; the production for a commercial purpose of timber, field crops, tobacco, fruits, vegetables, nursery stock, ornamental shrubs, ornamental trees, flowers, or sod; the growth of timber for a noncommercial purpose if the land on which the timber is grown is contiguous to or part of a parcel of land under common ownership that is otherwise devoted exclusively to agricultural use; or any combination of such husbandry, production, or growth; and includes the processing, drying, storage, and marketing of agricultural products when those activities are conducted in conjunction with such husbandry, production, or growth; land devoted to biodiesel production, biomass energy production, electric or heat energy production, or biologically derived methane gas production if the land on which the production facility is located is contiguous to or part of a parcel of land under common ownership that is otherwise devoted exclusively to

agricultural use, provide that at least fifty per cent of the feedstock used in the production was derived from parcels of land under common ownership or leasehold. Agricultural production includes conservation practices, provided that the tracts, lots, or parcels of land or portions thereof that are used for conservation practices comprise not more than twenty-five per cent of tracts, lots, or parcels of land that are otherwise devoted exclusively to agricultural use and for which an application is filed under Section 929.02 of the Revised Code.

- e. **CONSERVATION PRACTICES:** Practices used to abate soil erosion as required in the management of the farming operation, and include, but are not limited to, the installation, construction, development, planting, or use of grass waterways, terraces, diversions, filter strips, field borders, windbreaks, riparian buffers, wetlands, ponds, and cover crops for that purpose.

**ARTICLE 6**

**OFF-STREET PARKING  
& LOADING REGULATIONS**

SECTION 601

**OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIRED:** No building or structure shall be erected, substantially altered, changed in use, or any land used or changed in use unless adequately maintained off-street parking spaces, either in garages or open parking areas and off-street loading spaces have been provided in accordance with the provisions of this Article. The provisions of this Article shall not apply to any building, structure, or land use existing before the effective date of the Resolution or any amendment thereto unless such building, structure, or use is altered or changed. However, the number of off-street parking or loading spaces shall not be reduced to an amount less than required for a new land use as specified in this Article.

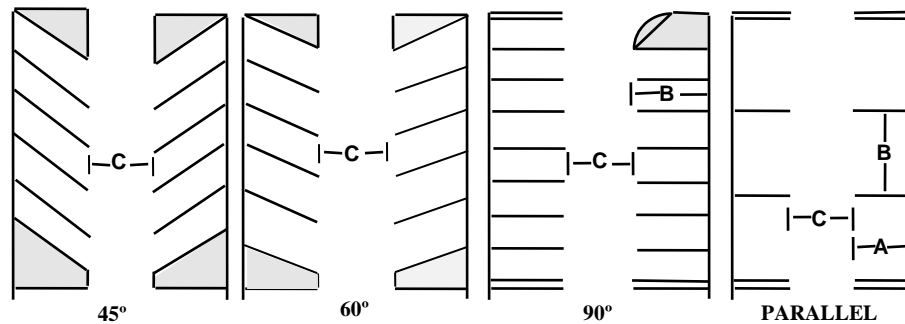
SECTION 602

**REQUIRED PARKING AND LOADING PLAN:** A parking and loading plan shall not be required for single-family or two-family residential uses. All other land shall submit a parking and loading plan to the Zoning Inspector as a part of the application for a Zoning Permit. The parking and loading plan shall show boundaries of the property, parking spaces, loading areas, circulation patterns, drainage plans, construction plans for any boundary walls or fences, a screening plan, and the location of adjacent houses or buildings.

SECTION 603

**OFF STREET PARKING DESIGN STANDARDS:** A11 parking facilities including entrances, exits, maneuvering areas, and parking spaces shall be in accordance with the following specifications:

603.1 Parking Space Dimensions: A11 parking spaces shall be in accordance with the following design requirement:



	45°	60°	90°	PARALLEL
A Width of Parking Space	14'	11'5"	10'	9'
B Length of Parking Space	21'6"	22'	20'	23'
C Width of Driveway Aisle	13'	17'6"	25'	12'

603.2 Access: All parking spaces, except those required for single family or two family uses not fronting upon an arterial or collector street, shall have access to a public street in such a manner that any vehicle leaving or entering the parking area from or into a public street or private interior drive shall be traveling in a forward motion.



- 603.3 Paving: All required parking spaces other than for single family dwellings, together with driveways, and other circulation areas, shall be hard-surfaced with a pavement having an asphalt or concrete binder.
- 603.4 Drainage: All parking spaces, together with driveways, aisles, and other circulation areas shall be graded and drained so as to dispose of surface water which might accumulate within or upon such area, and shall be designed to prevent the excess drainage of surface water on to adjacent properties or walkways and damage to public streets.
- 603.5 Barriers: Wherever a parking lot extends to a property line, fencing, wheel stops, curbs, or other suitable barriers shall be provided in order to prevent any part of a parked vehicle from extending beyond the property line.
- 603.6 Screening: Screening shall be required as provided in Article 5, Section 515.
- 603.7 Access to Required Trash Areas: Trash and/or garbage collection areas for commercial, industrial, and multi-family residential uses that provide such services, shall be enclosed on at least three sides by a solid wall or fence of at least four (4) feet in height if such area is not within an enclosed building or structure. Provisions for adequate vehicular access to and from such areas for collection of trash and/or garbage shall be required.
- 603.8 Other Uses Within Required Parking Areas: No motor vehicle repair work or service of any kind, except emergency repairs, shall be permitted in or associated with any off-street parking area. Display or sales of any merchandise within any parking area shall be permitted only by the Zoning Inspector in accordance with Article 5, Section 525.
- 603.9 Landscaping: All parts of open off-street parking areas which are unusable, either for parking or for traffic, shall be landscaped with plantings of grass, flowers, shrubs, and/or trees, which shall be continuously maintained.
- 603.10 Visibility: Access of driveways for parking areas shall be located in such a way that any vehicle entering or leaving such parking area shall be clearly visible for a reasonable distance by any pedestrian or motorist approaching the access or driveway from a public or private street.
- 603.11 Marking: All parking spaces shall be marked with paint lines, curb stones, or in any other manner approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals and maintained in clearly visible condition.
- 603.12 Maintenance: The owner of property used for parking areas shall maintain such areas in good condition without holes and free of all dust, trash, or other debris.

- 603.13 Lighting: Any parking area which is intended to be used during non-day hours shall be properly illuminated as to avoid accidents. Any lights used to illuminate a parking lot shall be so arranged as to reflect the light away from the adjoining property.
- 603.14 Separation from Right-of-Way: All parking facilities located within required front or side yards shall be separated from sidewalks and streets in public rights-of-way by a strip of land which shall be at least five (5) feet in width and which shall be reserved as open space and planted in grass.
- 603.15 Signs: Where necessary due to multiple curb cuts, the entrances, exits, and the intended circulation pattern of the parking area shall be clearly marked.
- 603.16 Joint Use of Facilities: Two or more non-residential uses may jointly provide and use parking spaces when their hours of operation do not normally overlap, provided that such an arrangement is provided within the deeds or other written legal documents approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- 603.17 Collective Parking Areas: Two or more nonresidential uses may collectively provide the required off-street parking area, provided the required number or parking spaces shall not be less than the sum of the requirements for the individual uses computed separately.

SECTION 604

PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS: For the purposes of this Resolution the following parking space requirements shall apply. The number of parking spaces required for uses not specifically mentioned shall be determined by the Board of Zoning Appeals:

RESIDENTIAL

TYPE OF USE	PARKING SPACES REQUIRED
Single family or two family	Two for each unit which may include the driveway
Apartment hotels, apartments, or multi-family dwellings	Two for each unit
Mobile homes	Two for each unit
Boarding houses, rooming houses, dormitories and fraternity houses which have sleeping rooms	Two for each sleeping room or two for each permanent occupant, whichever is greater

COMMERCIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL

TYPE OF USE	PARKING SPACES REQUIRED
Animal hospitals and/or kennels	One for each 400 sq ft of floor area and one for each two employees
Automobile repair station	One for each 800 sq ft of floor area and one for each employee

Automobile salesrooms, wholesale stores, machinery, or other large item sales, and similar uses	One for each 400 square feet of floor areas and one for each employee
Automobile service stations	Two for each service stall and two for each service bay
Automobile washing facilities	One for each employee
Banks, financial institutions, post offices, and similar uses	One for each 200 sq ft of floor area and one for each employee
Barber and beauty shops	Three for each barber or beauty operator
Carry-out restaurants	One for each 200 sq ft of floor area and one for each two employees with a minimum total of eight spaces
Churches and other places of religious assembly	One for each 300 sq ft of floor area
Drive-In restaurants	One for each 125 sq ft of floor area and one per each two employees
Funeral parlors, mortuaries and similar uses	One for each 50 sq ft of floor area in slumber rooms, parlors, or service rooms
Hospitals	One for each two beds, and one for each staff doctor, and one for each two employees
Hotels, motels	One for each sleeping room, one for each employee, and one for each 100 sq ft used for restaurant, cocktail lounge, or similar purpose
Laundromats	One for each washing or dry cleaning machine
Libraries, museums, and art galleries	One for each 400 square feet of floor area
Medical and dental offices and clinics	Three for every examination or treatment room and one for each employee
Offices public or professional administration, or service building	One for each 300 square feet of floor area
Restaurant, taverns, night clubs similar uses	One for each three persons and capacity, and one for each three employees
Retail stores	One for each 250 square feet of floor area
Sanitariums, homes for the aged, nursing homes, children's homes, and similar uses	One for each two beds

### INDUSTRIAL

TYPE OF USE	PARKING SPACES REQUIRED
Manufacturing, storage uses, warehouse and wholesale uses, parcel delivery, freight terminals, and similar uses	Two for every three employees on the largest shift for which the building is designed and one for each motor vehicle used in the business and maintained on the premises

### SCHOOLS

TYPE OF USE	PARKING SPACE REQUIRED
Business, Technical, and Trade Schools	One for each two students and one for each teacher
Colleges and Universities	One for each four students

Elementary and Junior High Schools	Two for each classroom and one for every eight seats in auditoriums or assembly halls
High Schools	One for each two persons capacity of the largest assembly area including: one for every ten students, one for every teacher, and one for every other employee or administrator
Kindergartens, Child Care Centers, Nursery, and similar uses	One for each 400 sq ft of floor area and one for each employee, but not less than six for the building

### RECREATIONAL

TYPE OF USE	PARKING SPACE REQUIRED
Bowling alleys	Six for each alley or lane plus one additional space for each 100 square feet used for restaurant, cocktail lounge, or similar use
Dance halls, skating rinks	One for each two persons capacity
Swimming pools	One for each two member families or one for each five persons capacity, whichever if greater
Auditoriums, sports arenas, and similar uses	One for each four persons theaters capacity
Golf courses open to the public	Five for each hole, one for each employee, and one space for each 100 sq ft of area used for restaurant, cocktail lounge, or similar purpose
Miniature golf course	Two for each hole and one for each employee
Private clubs and lodges	One for each three persons capacity
Tennis facilities, racquetball or similar uses	Two for each three playing facilities areas and one for each employee

#### SECTION 605

**OFF-STREET LOADING DESIGN STANDARDS:** A permanently maintained area for standing, loading, and unloading services shall be provided for on the same lot with every building, structure, or part thereof erected and occupied for commercial, institutional, and/or distribution of materials or merchandise by vehicles. These off-street loading areas shall be required in order to avoid undue interference with public use of streets and alleys. All loading facilities shall be in accordance with the following specifications:

- 605.1 Loading Space Dimensions: Each loading space shall I have minimum dimensions not less than twelve (12) feet in width, fifty (50) feet in length, and a vertical clearance of not less than fifteen (15) feet
- 605.2 Projection Into Yards: Off-street loading spaces may occupy any part of a required rear or side yard, but shall not project into any front yard.

- 605.3 Access: All required, off-street loading spaces shall have access to public street or alley in such a manner that any vehicle leaving or entering the premises shall be traveling in a forward motion. This requirement may be waived upon approval by the Board of Appeals.
- 605.4 Paving: All required loading spaces, together with driveways, aisles, and other circulation areas, shall be surfaced with an asphaltic or portland cement binder pavement in order to provide a durable and dust free surface.
- 605.5 Drainage: All loading spaces, together with driveways, aisles, and other circulation areas, shall be designed to prevent the drainage of surface water on to adjacent properties or walkways and damage to public streets.
- 605.6 Screening: Screening shall be required as provided in Article 5, Section 515.
- 605.7 Lighting: Any loading area which is intended to be used during non-daylight hours shall be properly illuminated to avoid accidents. Any lights used to illuminate a loading area shall be so arranged as to reflect the light away from adjoining property.
- 605.8 Distance From Residential Districts: No loading ramp, dock, door, or space, nor any portion thereof, shall be located closer than fifty (50) feet from any lot zoned for any residential use unless located completely within an enclosed building.

**SECTION 606**

**OFF-STREET LOADING SPACE REQUIREMENTS:** The minimum number of off-street loading spaces shall be provided in accordance with this section unless otherwise approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals. An area adequate for maneuvering, ingress, and egress shall be provided in addition to the following required loading spaces:

TYPE OF USE	REQUIRED LOADING SPACES
Retail operations, including restaurant and dining facilities within hotels and office buildings, with a total useable floor area of 20,000 square feet or more devoted to such purposes	One loading berth for every 40,000 square feet of floor area or fraction thereof; One loading space for every 20,000 square feet of floor area or fraction thereof
Retail operations, and all first floor non-residential uses, with a gross floor area of less than 20,000 square feet, and all wholesale and light industrial operations with a gross floor area of less than 10,000 square feet	One loading space
Office buildings and hotels with total usable area of 100,000 square feet or more devoted to such purposes	One loading berth for every 100,000 floor square feet of floor area or fraction thereof
Industrial and wholesale operations with a gross	Minimum number of loading berths required:

floor area of 10,000 square feet or over as follows:

10,000 to 39,999 square feet	.....	1
40,000 to 99,999 square feet	.....	2
100,000 to 159,999 square feet	.....	3
160,000 to 239,999 square feet	.....	4
240,000 to 319,999 square feet	.....	5
320,000 to 399,000 square feet	.....	6
Each 90,000 square feet above 399,999 square feet	.....	1

**ARTICLE 7**

**SIGNS**

SECTION 701 INTENT AND PURPOSE: The intent of this Article is to provide a comprehensive system of sign regulation for the Township that recognizes the necessity and desirability of communication by outdoor signs while promoting an order to signage which eliminates visual clutter and confusion within the physical environment. The purpose of this article is to protect the safety and general welfare of the public within the Township by encouraging compatibility between the design and functional nature of the sign and its location within the physical environment, thus reducing the propensity for traffic accidents and personal hazards caused by distractions, sight obstructions, and unsafe structures.

SECTION 702 ZONING PERMIT REQUIRED: The erection or location of any sign within Spring Valley Township shall require a permit unless otherwise specified within this article. Signs erected for the purpose of traffic control, civil defense, or other similar public function, signs which cannot be viewed or are not intended to be viewed from any street or other property, and signs required by any law, ordinance or governmental regulation shall be exempt from the provisions of this article.

SECTION 703 GENERAL LOCATION AND SAFETY REQUIREMENTS: All signs erected or located within Spring Valley Township shall conform with the following requirements:

703.1 Signs shall not prevent free ingress to or free egress from any door, window, or fire escape.

703.2 Signs shall not obstruct free and clear visibility at any intersection in accordance with Article 5, Section 510.

703.3 Signs shall not be located or designed so as to interfere with, obstruct the view of, or be confused with any authorized traffic control sign, signal, or device.

703.4 Signs shall not make use of colors, rotating lights, the words "STOP," "LOOK," "DANGER," or other similar words, devices, or symbols which may mislead or confuse traffic.

703.5 Signs shall not be erected within nor project into any public right-of-way unless otherwise specified, and shall not be posted in any manner that is destructive to public property.

703.6 Signs shall not be erected or located upon any property or building without the consent of the owner(s) or an authorized representative.

703.7 Any illuminated sign which is clearly visible from any residential district shall not be illuminated between the hours of 11 p.m. and 7 a.m. unless it is accessory to a business or commercial use open for business during such hours and located upon the same lot.



- 703.8 Streamers, spinners, banners, strings of lights, and other similar devices which do not serve the function of a sign shall not be permitted.
- 703.9 All lighting, indirect or internal, shall consist of constant illumination which is uniform in intensity except for time and temperature displays. All lighting shall be properly directed so as to not create a nuisance to surrounding properties because of glare.
- 703.10 Changeable copy shall not be permitted on any sign unless specifically permitted in this article.
- 703.11 The bottom of all freestanding signs shall maintain a minimum clearance of eight (8) feet above any pedestrian area and twelve (12) feet above any parking or loading area.
- 703.12 Wall signs shall not extend above the junction of any roof and wall.
- 703.13 Projecting signs shall not project into any right-of-way and not more than thirty-six (36) inches over any setback line.

SECTION 704 REAL ESTATE SIGNS: Signs identifying a property for sale, for rent, or for lease may be placed on-site until ten (10) days after the property has been closed, sold, rented, or leased. Real estate signs shall not exceed six (6) square feet in area per side within any residential district and shall not exceed twenty (20) square feet within any other district. All such signs shall be set back from the street right-of-way a minimum of ten (10) feet or the equivalent to the number of square feet of sign area, whichever is greater. No zoning permit shall be required for any real estate sign six (6) square feet or less in area.

SECTION 705 SUBDIVISION SALE SIGNS: Signs providing information on the sale of lots within an approved and recorded subdivision may be placed upon the property until such time as seventy-five percent (75%) of the lots within the subdivision are sold. Subdivision sale signs shall contain only the name of the subdivision, the name of the owner, the name of the developer, and information regarding the price, terms, and the location and phone number of the sales office. All such signs shall be set back a minimum of ten (10) feet or the total number of square feet of sign area, whichever is greater. The maximum sign area shall be twenty (20) square feet.

SECTION 706 POLITICAL SIGNS: Signs involving any issue or candidate for public elective office may be temporarily erected for a period not to exceed sixty (60) days before or seven (7) days after an election. Political signs shall be permitted as free standing signs in all districts, and shall not be attached to any structures providing essential services or located in any manner destructive to public property. The maximum sign area shall be six (6) square feet within any residential district or public right-of-way and twenty (20) square feet upon private property in any other district. No zoning permit shall be required for political signs.

SECTION 707 CONSTRUCTION SIGNS: Signs identifying a construction project may be temporarily erected upon the same lot as the project. Such signs shall be permitted only for the length of the construction project or for one year, whichever is shorter. Any extension past the one year time shall be subject to approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals. Construction signs shall contain only the name of the construction project, the construction firm(s), the engineer, the architect, and/or the subcontractors involved in the project. Only one (1) construction sign shall be permitted per street frontage. Maximum sign area permitted shall be three (3) square feet for each dwelling unit for residential structures up to a maximum of twenty (20) square feet for all principal structures. All signs shall be set back from the street right-of-way a minimum number of feet equal to the square feet of sign area of the sign.

SECTION 708 Agricultural Signs identifying the sale of agricultural products such as vegetables, eggs, straw, hay, fruits and seeds grown, produced or sold within Spring Valley Township shall comply with Section 703 of the Spring Valley Township Zoning Resolution excepting Sections 703.7, 703.9, and 703.10. In addition the subject Sign must meet the following restrictions;

708.1 No more than two (2) Signs shall be permitted only during the harvest season of said agricultural product.

708.2 The Sign must be placed no less than 10 feet from any right of way.

708.3 Signs shall not be illuminated.

708.4 The Sign shall not exceed 6 square feet in size.

708.5 The Sign may incorporate a changeable placard within the 6 square feet of the sign.

708.6 This Section does not apply to signs advertising agriculture products grown on the lot as provided in Section 519.21 of the Ohio Revised Code.

SECTION 709 SPECIAL EVENT SIGNS: Information signs advertising a grand opening, a seasonal event, a special sale, or any other similar special event may be temporarily located upon the premises on which the event is to take place for a period not to exceed seven (7) days within any thirteen (13) week period. The maximum sign area permitted for special event signs shall be six (6) square feet in any residential district and twelve (12) square feet in any other district. All signs shall be set back from the street right-of-way a minimum often (10) feet.

SECTION 710 BILLBOARDS: Billboards may be erected on free-standing structures only in Agricultural or Industrial Districts and on any side or rear building wall in Agriculture, Business, and Industrial Districts. All billboards shall be subject to the following provisions.

710.1 The billboards can be double-faced and each side shall be considered as facing traffic flowing in the opposite direction;

710.2 Billboards on the same street facing the same traffic flow shall not be placed closer together than 1,000 feet;

710.3 No billboard structure shall be located closer than 1,000 feet to another billboard structure facing traffic flowing in the same direction in the vicinity of an intersection;

- 710.4 The maximum permitted area of a billboard shall not exceed two hundred fifty (250) square feet of total area at the required setback as designated in Section 710.7. Larger signs may be permitted provided that for each additional square foot the required set back shall be increased by three (3) feet;
- 710.5 Structures for billboards shall be vertical (cantilever) construction and where the back of the sign is visible it shall be suitably painted or otherwise covered to present a neat and clean appearance;
- 710.6 All lighting use in the illumination of billboards shall be adequately shielded or shaded, and properly directed so as to not be objectionable to adjacent and surrounding properties;
- 710.7 All billboards shall be set back from right-of-way lines a minimum distance of one hundred (100) feet along all state highways designated as such on the Official Zoning District Map, and the required front yard setback along all other streets; and
- 710.8 No billboard shall be located closer than one hundred (100) feet to any residential district.

SECTION 711 IDENTIFICATION SIGNS: Signs which identify any residential subdivision, any multiple-family development, and/or any non-residential use may be erected upon the same property as such use in accordance with the following provisions:

- 711.1 Identification signs shall pertain only to the use or uses conducted upon the same property and shall not contain any advertising of products or changeable copy.
- 711.2 Identification signs shall be considered permanent installations and shall be either freestanding or attached to the structure which houses the use or uses identified on the sign.
- 711.3 Recorded residential subdivisions or multiple-family developments may be permitted freestanding identification signs as a Conditional Use subject to the following:
- a. Such signs shall be limited to one (1) or two (2) entrances along major thoroughfares and shall not obstruct visibility at any intersection as regulated in Article 5, Section 510.
  - b. Such signs shall contain only the name of the subdivision or multiple-family development which they identify, shall not exceed six (6) feet in height, and shall be landscaped.
  - c. The applicant shall submit a plan for the perpetual maintenance of such signs, identifying the responsibilities of the applicant, the public, the landowner, or other parties. Such plan shall be subject to approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

- d. The Board of Zoning Appeals may limit the size of such signs so as to insure the scale of such signs is compatible with the residential character of the area .

711.4 Identification signs for non-residential uses within any residential district shall be attached and shall not project more than fifteen (15) inches from the structure. Such signs shall be non-illuminated and shall not exceed five percent (5%) of the total area of the building elevation upon which the sign is placed.

711.5 Identification signs for non-residential uses within any business or industrial district shall be in accordance with the following:

- a. Each principal structure shall be entitled to two identification signs in the following combinations: one freestanding sign and one wall sign; one projecting sign and one wall sign; or two wall signs. Two freestanding signs, two projecting signs, or both a projecting and a freestanding sign shall not be permitted upon the same property unless otherwise specified in this Article.
- b. The maximum sign area for a freestanding sign or a projecting sign shall be twenty-five (25) square feet.
- c. The maximum sign area for a wall sign shall be one (1) square foot per linear foot of building frontage up to a maximum of one-hundred (100) square feet.
- d. Freestanding signs shall not exceed sixteen (16) feet in height and shall be set back a minimum of ten (10) feet from any street right-of-way line.

711.6 Identification signs for non-residential uses within any agricultural or flood plain district shall be in accordance with the provisions of Section 711.5 except that each principal structure shall be entitled to only one (1) identification sign.

## SECTION 712

**REMOVAL OF SIGNS BY THE ZONING INSPECTOR:** The Zoning Inspector shall cause to be removed: any sign that endangers the public safety by reason of its location and placement; an abandoned sign that no longer applies to the property on which it is situated; a dangerous or materially, electrically or structurally defective sign; or a sign for which no required permit has been issued. The Zoning Inspector shall prepare a notice which shall describe the sign and specify the violation involved and which shall state that if the sign is not removed or the violation is not corrected within ten (10) days, the sign shall be removed in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

- a. All notices mailed by the Zoning Inspector shall be sent by certified mail. Any time period shall be deemed to commence on the date of the receipt of the certified mail.
- b. The notice shall be mailed to the owner of the property on which the sign is located as shown on the last tax assessment roll it known, or with reasonable

care should be known, and shall be mailed to or delivered to the occupant of the property.

- c. Any person having an interest in the sign or the property may appeal the determination of the Zoning Inspector ordering removal or compliance by filing a written notice of appeal with the Board of Zoning Appeals within 30 days after the date of mailing the notice, or 30 days after receipt of the notice if the notice was not mailed.

**ARTICLE 8**

**NONCONFORMITIES**

SECTION 801

INTENT: Within the districts established by the resolution or amendments that may later be adopted, there exist lots, structures, or uses or land and structures which were lawful before this Resolution was passed or amended, but which would be prohibited or more restricted under the terms of this Resolution or amendment thereto. It is the intent of this Resolution to permit these non-conformities to continue until they are removed, but not to encourage their continuance. It is further the intent of these Resolution that nonconformity's shall not be enlarged upon, expanded, or extended, nor be used as grounds for adding other structures or uses prohibited elsewhere in the same district.

SECTION 802

NON-CONFORMING LOTS OF RECORD: All non-conforming lots of record shall be in accordance with the following provisions:

802.1 Single Non-Conforming Lots of Record: In any district in which single-family dwellings are permitted, a single-family dwelling may be erected on any single lot of record at the effective date of adoption of this amendment, notwithstanding limitations imposed by other provisions of this Resolution. Such lot must be in separate ownership and not of continuous frontage with other lots in the same ownership. This provision shall apply even though such lot fails to meet the requirements for area or width, or both, that are generally applicable in the district. Yard dimensions and requirements other than those applying to area or width, or both, of the lot shall conform to the regulations for the district in which such lot is located. Variance of yard requirements from the required standards shall be obtained only through action of the Board of Zoning Appeals.

802.2 Non-Conforming Lots of Record in Combination: If two or more lots, or a combination of lots and portions of lots with continuous frontage in single ownership, are of record at the time of amendment of this Resolution and if all or part of the lots with no buildings do not meet the requirements established for lot width and area, the lands involved shall be considered to be an undivided parcel for the purpose of this Resolution. All such lots shall be required to be replatted or resurveyed, as required, to meet the current area and frontage requirements for the required use before a zoning permit may be issued. No portion of said parcel shall be used or sold in a manner which diminishes compliance with lot width and area requirements established by this Resolution, nor shall any division of any parcel be made which creates a lot with a width or area below the requirements stated in the Resolution.

SECTION 803

NON-CONFORMING USES OF LAND: Where, at the time of adoption or amendment of this Resolution, lawful uses of land exist which would not be permitted by the regulations imposed by this Resolution, the uses may be continued so long as they remain otherwise lawful, provided:

- 803.1 No such non-conforming uses shall be enlarged or increased or extended to occupy a greater area of land than was occupied at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Resolution;
- 803.2 Any non-conforming use may be extended throughout any parts of a building which were manifestly arranged or designed for such use at the time of adoption for amendment of this resolution, but no use shall be extended to occupy any land outside such building.
- 803.3 No such non-conforming uses shall be moved in whole or in part to any portion of the lot or parcel other than that occupied by such uses at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Resolution unless it increases conformity with these regulations;
- 803.4 If any such non-conforming uses of land are voluntarily discontinued for a period of more than two (2) years, any subsequent use of such land shall conform to the regulations specified by this Resolution for the district in which such land is located.
- 803.5 Additional structures not conforming to the requirements of this Resolution shall be not erected in connection with such non-conforming use of land.

#### SECTION 804

NON-CONFORMING STRUCTURES: Where a lawful structure exists at the effective date of adoption of this Resolution that could not be built under the terms of this Resolution by reason of restrictions on area, height, yards, its location on the lot, bulk, or other requirements concerning the structure, such structure may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following regulations:

- 804.1 No such non-conforming structure may be enlarged or altered in a way which increases its nonconformity, but any structure or portion thereof may be altered to decrease its non-conformity;
- 804.2 Should such non-conforming structure be destroyed by any means, for two hundred percent (200%) or more of its most current assessed value as recorded in the Office of the Greene County Auditor, it shall not be reconstructed except in conformity with the provisions of this Resolution;
- 804.3 Should such non-conforming structure be destroyed, by any means, for less than two hundred percent (200%) of its most current assessed value as recorded in the Office of the Greene County Auditor, the destroyed portion may be reconstructed provided that the bulk, height, and area requirements shall not be in excess of those which existed prior to said damage;
- 804.4 Should such structure be moved for any reason for any distance whatever, it shall thereafter conform to the regulations for the district in which it is located after it is moved;



- 804.5 To avoid undue hardship, nothing in this Resolution shall be deemed to require a change in the plans, construction, or designated use of any building on which actual construction was lawfully begun prior to the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Resolution and upon which actual building construction has been carried on diligently;
- 804.6 On any non-conforming structure or portion of a structure containing a non-conforming use, work may be done on ordinary repairs, or on repair or replacement of non-bearing walls, fixtures, wiring or plumbing provided that the cubic content existing when it become non-conforming shall not be increased. Upon the order of any official charged with protecting the public safety, nothing in this Section shall be deemed to prevent the strengthening or restoring to a safe condition any building or part thereof declared to be unsafe by such official;
- 804.7 When a non-conforming use of a structure, or structure and premises in combination, is voluntarily discontinued or abandoned for more than two (2) years, except when government action impedes access to the premises, the structure or structure and premises in combination, shall not thereafter be used except in conformity with the regulations of the district in which it is located and all other applicable provisions of this Resolution.

**ARTICLE 9**

**ADMINISTRATIVE BODIES  
AND THEIR DUTIES**

SECTION 901

TOWNSHIP ZONING INSPECTOR: The Township Trustees shall appoint a Township Zoning Inspector, together with such assistants as the Trustees deem necessary, and designate him as the enforcing officer of this Resolution. Any official or employee of the Township may assist the Zoning Inspector by reporting to him any new construction, reconstruction, land use changes, or suspected violation.

901.1 Duties: The Township Zoning Inspector shall be responsible for the following duties;

- a. The Zoning Inspector shall review all applications within the Township for Zoning Permits as outlined in Section 1001 within the Township to insure that they conform to all applicable provisions of this Resolution, then a Zoning Permit shall be issued and a record of all such permits maintained;
- b. The Zoning Inspector may periodically conduct on-site inspections to insure the actual construction will conform to the Zoning Permit;
- c. The Zoning Inspector, upon finding that any of the provisions of this Resolution are being violated, shall notify, in writing, the person responsible for such violation and order the action necessary to correct such violation;
- d. The Zoning Inspector may order discontinuance of illegal uses of land, building, or structures;
- e. The Zoning Inspector may order removal of illegal buildings or structures or illegal additions or structural alterations;
- f. The Zoning Inspector shall review all applicable subdivision plats and lot splits which are submitted to the Regional Planning and Coordinating Commission of Greene County in order to determine if the plat or lot split conforms to all applicable provisions of this Resolution.

SECTION 902

TOWNSHIP ZONING COMMISSION: The Township Trustees shall establish a Township Zoning Commission, consisting of five citizens of the Township to be appointed by the Township Trustees. None of the members shall concurrently serve as a member of the Board of Zoning Appeals.

The terms of the members shall be of such length and so arranged that the term of one member will expire each year. Each member shall serve until his successor is appointed and qualified. Members of the Zoning Commission may be removed for nonperformance of duty, misconduct in office, or other cause by the Township Trustees, upon written charges being filed with the Township Trustees, after a public hearing has been held regarding such charges, and after a copy of the charges has been served upon the member so

charged at least ten days prior to the hearing, either personally, by registered mail or by leaving such copy at his usual place of residence. The member shall be given an opportunity to be heard and answer such charges. Vacancies shall be filled by the Township Trustees and shall be for the unexpired term.

902.1 Meetings: The Zoning Commission shall elect its own officers annually and shall adopt the rules necessary for the conduct of its affairs in keeping with the provisions of this Resolution. Meetings shall be held at the call of the Chairman and at such other times as the Zoning Commission may determine. The Chairman or in his absence the acting Chairman, may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. All meetings shall be open to the public.

The Zoning Commission shall keep minutes of its proceedings and shall keep records of its examinations and other official actions, all of which shall be public record.

902.2 Actions: The Zoning Commission shall act by resolution or, motion. The concurring vote of a majority of those members present shall be necessary to pass any motion to recommend the approval, disapproval, or modification of any proposed amendment to this Resolution. The results of such resolution or motion shall be forwarded to the Township Trustees for their action, except as may otherwise be provided herein.

902.3 Duties: The Township Zoning Commission shall be responsible for the following duties:

- a. The Township Zoning Commission shall initiate or review all proposed amendments to this Resolution and make recommendations to the Township Trustees in accordance with Section 1004.

## SECTION 903

BOARD OF ZONING APPEALS: The Township Trustees shall appoint five (5) residents of the Township to the Board of Zoning Appeals. The terms of all members shall be so arranged that the term of one member shall expire every year. Each member shall serve until his successor is appointed and qualified. Members of the Board of Zoning Appeals may be removed for nonperformance of duty, misconduct in office, or other cause by the Township Trustees, upon written charges being filed with the Township Trustees, after a public hearing has been held regarding such charges, and after a copy of the charges has been served either personally, by registered mail, or by leaving such copy at his usual place of residence. The member shall be given an opportunity to be heard and answer such charges. Vacancies shall be filled by resolution of the Township Trustees and shall be for the unexpired term.

903.1 Meetings: The Board of Zoning Appeals shall adopt rules necessary to the conduct of its affairs in keeping with the provisions of this Resolution. Meetings shall be held at the call of the Chairman and at such other times as the Board of Zoning Appeals may determine. The Chairman, or in his absence the Action Chairman, may administer

oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. All meetings shall be open to the public. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall keep minutes of its preceding, showing the vote of each member upon question or if absent or failing to vote, indicating such fact, and shall keep records of its examinations and other official actions, all of which shall be a public record and be immediately file in the office of the Board of Zoning Appeals.

903.2 Actions: In exercising its duties, the Board of Zoning Appeals may, as long as such action is in conformity with the terms of this Resolution, reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination appealed from and may make such order, requirement, decision, or determination as ought to be made, and to that end shall have the power of the Zoning inspector from whom the appeal is taken. The concurring vote of a majority of those members present shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision, or determination of the Zoning Inspector, or to decide in favor of the applicant on any matter upon which it is required to pass under this Resolution.

903.3 Duties: For the purpose of this Resolution, the Board of Zoning Appeals has the following specific responsibilities:

- a. To hear and decide appeals in accordance with Article 10, Section 1003 where it is alleged there is an error in any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by the Zoning Inspector;
- b. Where the applicant has provided sufficient evidence to warrant the granting of a variance, to authorize such variances from the terms of this Resolution as will not be contrary to the public interest, where owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of this Resolution will result in unnecessary hardship, and so that the spirit of this Resolution shall be observed and substantial justice done. The consideration of such variances shall be in accordance with Article 10, Section 1003;
- c. To grant Conditional Use Permits as specified in Article 10, Section 1002, and such additional safeguards as will uphold the intent of this Resolution;
- d. To determine if uses not specifically mentioned in this Resolution are similar to uses permitted within a district in accordance with Section 401;
- e. To determine the exact location of any district boundary in accordance with Article 3, Section 303 if there is uncertainty as to the exact location involved.
- f. In cases regarding conditional uses for mineral extraction the Board of Zoning Appeals has these specific responsibilities:
  1. Inspections of nearby structures and water wells to determine structural integrity and water levels;

2. Ensure compliance with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations.
3. Identification of specific roads in accordance with division (B) of section 303.141 of the Ohio Revised Code to be used as the primary means of ingress to and egress from the proposed activity;
4. Ensure compliance with reasonable noise abatement measures;
5. Ensure compliance with reasonable dust abatement measures;
6. Establishment of setbacks, berms, and buffers from the proposed activity;
7. Establishment of a complaint procedure;
8. Establishment of any other measure reasonable related to public health and safety.

SECTION 904

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEES It is the intent of this Resolution that all questions of interpretation and enforcement shall be first presented to the Zoning Inspector, and that such questions shall be presented to the Board of Appeals only on appeal from the decision of the Zoning Inspector, and that recourse from the decisions of the Board of Appeals shall be to the courts as provided by law. It is further the intent of this Resolution that the duties of the Township Trustees, in connection with this Resolution, shall not include hearing and deciding questions of interpretation and enforcement that may arise. The procedure for deciding such questions shall be as stated in Article 10, Section 1003.

- 904.1 Duties: The Township Trustees shall be responsible for the following duties:
- a. To appoint a Zoning Inspector, members of the Township Zoning Commission, and members of the Board of Zoning Appeals;
  - b. To amend or establish a schedule of fees for issuing zoning permits, appeals, variances, conditional use permits, processing amendments, and any other zoning actions requiring postage, legal advertising, inspections, or general process of applications.
  - c. To consider and adopt, reject or modify all proposed amendments to this Resolution as provided in Article 10, Section 1004.

**ARTICLE 10**

**ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES**

SECTION 1001

ZONING PERMIT REQUIRED: No person shall change any use of land, locate, erect, construct, reconstruct, enlarge or structurally alter any building or structure within Spring Valley Township without first obtaining a Zoning Permit. No Zoning Permit shall be issued unless the plans for the proposed building or structure or use of land fully comply with the provisions of this Resolution, unless the Zoning Inspector receives a written order from the Board of Zoning Appeals deciding an appeal, a variance, or conditional use. A Zoning Permit shall be required for all dwellings, all principal structures and uses, all accessory structures unless otherwise specified, all specified accessory uses, and all temporary uses. A Zoning Permit shall not be required for the use of land for agricultural purposes, for buildings or structures exclusively used for agricultural purposes, or for structures, not including buildings, required in the provision of essential services.

1001.1 Accompanying Information: A written application and site plan for a Zoning Permit shall be submitted to the Zoning Inspector of Spring Valley Township on forms provided by the Zoning Inspector. The following information shall be required:

- a. Name, address, and phone number of applicant;
- b. Date;
- c. The name of the subdivision and the lot number or other information necessary to establish the location of the lot;
- d. The actual dimensions of the lot based on actual survey, including square footage and/or acreage, the yard and other open space dimensions thereof, and the location and size of any existing structures thereon;
- e. The location on the lot and size of any proposed structure and/or the proposed alteration of any existing structure, indicating dimensions, including building height;
- f. The number of proposed dwelling units, and the total residential floor area and the number of bedrooms to be included in each dwelling unit;
- g. A permit from the Greene County Health Department or Ohio Environmental Protection Agency for onsite waste water disposal, where applicable, illustrating the location of primary and secondary leaching field locations;
- h. The proposed parking plan and number and location of proposed off-street parking or loading spaces;
- i. A plan for screening when applicable;
- j. A statement by the applicant attesting to the truth and exactness of all information supplied on the application;
- k. A statement that the permit shall expire and shall be revoked if work has not been started and substantially pursued within one (1) year of its issue date;
- l. Such other information as may be necessary to determine conformance with this Resolution; and
- m. A fee as established by the Township Trustees.



1001.2 Processing of Permit: Within thirty (30) days after the receipt of an application, the Zoning Inspector shall either approve or disapprove the application in conformance with the provisions of this Resolution. If the application is approved, the Zoning Inspector shall issue a Zoning Permit. One copy of the application shall be returned to the applicant by the Zoning Inspector after he shall have marked such copy either as approved or disapproved and attested to same by his signature on such copy. One copy of the application similarly marked shall be retained by the Zoning Inspector and filed. After the Zoning Inspector issues a Zoning Permit, he shall issue a placard to be posted in a conspicuous place on the property in question, attesting to the fact that the use or alteration is in conformance with the provisions of this Resolution.

In the event an application involves land within three hundred (300) feet of the centerline of a proposed new highway or a highway for which changes are proposed as described in the certification of local officials by the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation or any land within a radius of five hundred (500) feet from the point of intersection of said centerline with any public road or highway, the Zoning Inspector shall require a third application for a Zoning Permit and send it to the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation by registered mail for review. If the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation notifies the Zoning Inspector that he shall proceed to acquire the land needed, then the Zoning Inspector shall refuse to issue the Zoning Permit. If the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation notifies the Zoning Inspector that acquisition at this time is not in the public interest or upon the expiration of the one hundred twenty (120) day period or any extension thereof agreed upon by the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation and the property owner, the Zoning Inspector shall, if the application is in conformance with all provisions of this Resolution, issue the Zoning Permit.

## SECTION 1002

CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS: Conditional uses shall be permitted only upon issuance of a Conditional Use Permit by the Zoning Inspector after approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals. At a minimum, the application shall contain the following information:

1002.1 Application: An application for a Conditional Use Permit by at least one owner of the property is required prior to any authorization by the Board of Zoning Appeals. At a minimum, the application shall contain the following information:

- a. Name, address, and telephone number of applicant;
- b. Date;
- c. The lot, name, and number or legal description of the property;
- d. Description of existing zoning district;
- e. Description of the proposed Conditional Use;
- f. A site plan of the proposed site for the Conditional Use showing the scale, north arrow, location of all buildings, parking and

loading areas, traffic access and traffic circulation, sidewalks, curbs, open spaces, landscaping, refuse and service areas, fire hydrants, utilities, rights-of way, signs, yards, and such other information as the Board of Zoning Appeals may require to determine if the proposed Conditional Use meets the intent and requirements of this Resolution;

- g. A plan for screening when applicable;
- h. A narrative statement discussing the merits of the proposal;
- i. Such other information as may be required by the Board of Zoning Appeals; and
- j. A fee as established by the Township Trustees.

1002.2 Conditional Use Standards: Conditional Uses may be permitted provided that such uses shall be found to comply with the following requirements and all other applicable requirements as set forth in this Resolution:

- a. The use is so designed, located and proposed to be operated so that the public health, safety, welfare and convenience will be protected;
- b. The use will not result in the destruction, loss or damage of a natural, scenic, or historic feature of major importance;
- c. The use will be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained so that it shall not cause substantial injury to the value of the property in the area or neighborhood where it is to be located;
- d. The use shall be compatible with adjoining development and the proposed character of the zoning district where it is to be located;
- e. The use will be served adequately by essential public facilities and services such as highways, streets, police and fire protection, drainage structures, refuse disposal, water and sewers, and schools, or that the persons or agencies responsible for the establishment of the proposed use shall be able to provide any such services adequately;
- f. The use will not create excessive additional requirements at public cost for public facilities and services and will not be detrimental to the economic welfare of the community;
- g. Adequate landscaping and screening are provided, as required under Article 5, Section 515;
- h. Adequate off-street parking and loading is provided, and ingress and egress is so designed as to cause minimum interference with traffic on abutting streets;
- i. The use conforms with all applicable regulations governing the district in which it is located, except as may otherwise be determined for planned unit development;
- j. The use is compatible with the standards, objectives, and policies of *Perspectives: A Future Land Use Plan for Greene County, Ohio*;
- k. The use will not involve uses, activities, processes, materials, equipment and conditions of operation that will be detrimental to any persons, property, or the general welfare by reason of excessive production of traffic, noise, smoke, fumes, glare, odors, or vibrations; and

1. Any other supplementary requirements as prescribed by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

1002.3 Processing of Conditional Uses: The Board of Zoning Appeals shall hold a public hearing within sixty (60) days from the receipt of the application. Before holding the public hearing, notice of such hearing shall be given in one (1) or more newspapers of general circulation within the Township at least ten (10) days before the date of said hearing. The notice shall set forth the time and place of the public hearing, and the nature of the proposed Conditional Use. Before holding the public hearing, written notice of such hearing shall be mailed by the Chairman of the Board of Zoning Appeals, by first class mail, at least ten (10) days before the day of the hearing to all parties in interest. The notice shall contain the same information as required of notices published in newspapers. Within thirty (30) days after the hearing, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall either approve, approve with supplementary conditions, or disapprove the application as presented. If the application is disapproved by the Board of Zoning Appeals, the applicant may seek relief through the Court of Common Pleas.

1002.4 Expiration of Conditional Use Permits: A conditional use permit shall be deemed to authorize only one particular conditional use. The Conditional Use Permit shall automatically expire if, for any reason, the conditional use shall cease for more than six (6) months, or construction is not begun within the amount of time indicated on the Conditional Use Permit.

## SECTION 1003

APPEALS AND VARIANCES: It is the purpose of this Section to establish procedures and requirements for the hearing of appeals and variances. As is specified in Article 9, Section 903, the Board of Zoning Appeals has appellate jurisdiction relative to appeals and variances.

1003.1 Appeals: Appeals to the Board of Zoning Appeals concerning interpretation or administration of this Resolution may be taken by any person aggrieved or by any officer or bureau of the legislative authority of the Township affected by any decision of the Zoning Inspector. Such appeal shall be taken within twenty (20) days after the decision by filing, with the Zoning Inspector and with the Board of Zoning Appeals, a notice of appeal specifying the grounds upon which the appeal is being taken. The Zoning Inspector shall transmit to the Board of Zoning Appeals all the papers constituting the record upon which the action appealed was taken.

1003.2 Stay of Proceedings: An appeals stays all proceeding in furtherance of the action appealed from, unless the Zoning Inspector from whom the appeal is taken certifies to the Board of Zoning Appeals after the notice of appeal is filed with him, that by reason of facts stated in the application, a stay would, in his opinion, cause imminent peril to life and property. In such case, proceedings shall not be stayed other than by a restraining order which may be granted by the Board of Zoning

Appeals or by a court of record on application, on notice to the Zoning Inspector from whom the appeal is taken on due cause shown.

1003.3 Variance: The Board of Zoning Appeals may authorize, upon appeal in specific cases, such variance from the terms of this Resolution as will not be contrary to the public interest or the intent of this Resolution, but only where strict interpretation would result in unnecessary hardship. No non-conforming use of neighboring lands, structures, or buildings in the same district and no permitted or non conforming use of lands, structures, or buildings in other districts shall be considered grounds for issuance of a variance.

1003.4 Application: A variance from the terms of this Resolution shall not be granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals unless the applicant has provided sufficient evidence to warrant the granting of a variance, and a written application for a variance is submitted to the Zoning Inspector and the Board of Zoning Appeals containing, at a minimum, the following information:

- a. Name, address, and telephone number of applicant;
- b. Legal description of the property;
- c. Description and nature of variance requested;
- d. A narrative statement demonstrating that the requested variance conforms to the following standards:
  1. That special conditions and circumstances exist which are peculiar to the land, structure, or building involved and which are not applicable to other lands, structures, or buildings in the same district.
  2. That a literal interpretation of the provisions of this Resolution would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other properties in the same district under the terms of this Resolution.
  3. That special conditions and circumstances do not result from the actions of the applicant.
  4. That granting the variance requested will not confer on the applicant any special privilege that is denied by this Resolution to other lands, structures, or buildings in the same district.
  5. That an economic hardship, requesting a more intensive use of the property than would normally be permitted, is not the only nor the primary factor for requesting the variance; and
- e. A fee as established by the Township Trustees.

1003.5 Granting of Variances: The burden of proof for granting a variance, shall rest with applicant. In granting any appeal or variance, the Board of Zoning Appeals may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards in conformity with the Resolution. Violation of such conditions and safeguards, when made part of the terms under which the appeal or variance is granted, shall be deemed a violation of this Resolution and punishable under Article 10, Section 1006 of this

Resolution. Under no circumstances shall the Board of Zoning Appeals grant an appeal or variance to allow a use not permissible under the terms of this Resolution in the district involved, or any use expressly or by implication prohibited by the terms of this Resolution in said district.

1003.6 Processing Appeals and Variances: The Board of Zoning Appeals shall hold a public hearing within sixty (60) days after the receipt of an application for an appeal or variance from the Zoning Inspector or an applicant.

Before holding the required public hearing, notice of such hearing shall be given in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the Township at least ten (10) days before the date of said hearing. The notice shall set forth the time and place of the public hearing, and the nature of the proposed appeal or variance.

Before holding the required public hearing, written notice of such hearing shall be mailed by the Chairman of the Board of Zoning Appeals, by first class mail, at least ten (10) days before the day of the hearing to all parties in interest. The notice shall contain the same information as required of notices published in newspapers.

#### SECTION 1004

AMENDMENTS AND DISTRICT CHANGES: Whenever the public necessity convenience, general welfare, or good zoning practices require, the Township Trustees may, by resolution after receipt of recommendations from the Zoning Commission and subject to procedures provided by law, amend, supplement, change, or repeal the regulations, restrictions, and district boundaries or classification of property.

1004.1 Initiation of Amendments: Amendments to this Resolution may be initiated in one of the following ways:

- a. By adoption of a motion by the Zoning Commission.
- b. By adoption of a resolution by the Township Trustees; or
- c. By the filing of an application by at least one (1) owner or his designee or property within the area proposed to be changed or affected by said amendment.

1004.2 Application for Amendments: The application for amendment shall contain at a minimum the following information in triplicate:

- a. Name, address, and telephone number of applicant;
- b. Date;
- c. Legal description of the property;
- d. Present use;
- e. Present zoning district;
- f. Proposed use;
- g. Proposed zoning district;

- h. A vicinity map at a scale approve by the Zoning Commission showing property lines, streets, existing and proposed zoning, and such other items as the Zoning Commission may require;
- i. Proposed amendment to the text;
- j. A list of all property owners within five hundred (500) feet of, contiguous to, and directly across the street from the parcel(s) proposed to be rezoned, and others that may have a substantial interest in the case;
- k. A statement on how the proposed amendment relates to *Perspectives: A Future Land Use Plan for Greene County*; and
- l. A fee as established by the Township Trustees.

All applicants submitting requests for change in district boundaries on the Official Zoning District Map shall be required to post a sign upon the property in question within five (5) days after the submission of an application. Such sign shall be clearly visible from the street, or in the case of two or more streets, that street with the greater average traffic flow.

Such sign shall state "THIS PROPERTY IS BEING CONSIDERED FOR REZONING." "FOR INFORMATION CALL SPRING VALLEY TOWNSHIP." and shall also denote the present and proposed zoning district classification for the site. No zoning permit shall be required. However, the location and size of such sign shall be subject to approval by the Zoning Inspector.

1004.3 Procedure for Amendments: Within five (5) days after the adoption of a motion by the Zoning Commission, transmittal of a resolution by the Board of Township Trustees, or the filing of an application by at least one (1) owner, or his designee, the Zoning Commission shall transmit a copy of such motion, resolution, or application together with the text and map pertaining to the case in question to the Regional Planning and Coordinating Commission of Greene County, Ohio. The Regional Planning and Coordinating Commission shall recommend the approval, denial, or modification to the Zoning Commission. Such recommendation shall be considered at the public hearing held by the Zoning Commission.

In the event that a proposed rezoning is located adjacent to another political jurisdiction, an additional copy of the application shall be provided and forwarded to the chairman of the Planning Commission or the Zoning Commission of that jurisdiction. Any comments provided by the adjoining jurisdiction shall be considered at the public hearing of the Zoning Commission.

Before any zoning amendment is approved affecting any land within three hundred (300) feet of the centerline of a proposed new highway or highway for which changes are proposed as described in the certification to local officials by the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation, or within a radius of five hundred (500) feet from the point of intersection of said centerline with any public road or

highway, the Commission shall give notice, by registered or certified mail to the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation. The Zoning Commission may proceed as required by law, however, for one hundred twenty (120) days from the date the notice is received by the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation. If the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation notifies the Township Council that he shall proceed to acquire any land needed, then the Board of Township Trustees shall refuse to approve the zoning. If the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation notifies the Council that acquisition at this time is not in the public interest or upon expiration of the one hundred twenty (120) day period or any extension thereof agreed upon by the Director of the Ohio Department of Transportation and the property owner, the Township Trustees shall proceed as required by law.

The Zoning Commission shall schedule a public hearing after the adoption of their motion, a transmittal of a resolution from the Township Trustees, or the filing of an application for Zoning Amendment. Said hearing shall not be less than twenty (20) no more than forty (40) days from the date of adoption of such motion, transmittal of such resolution, or the filing of such application.

Before the required public hearing, notice shall be given by the Zoning Commission by at least one (1) publication in a newspaper of general circulation within the Township at least fifteen (15) days before the date of said hearing. This notice shall set forth the time and place of the public hearing, the nature of the proposed amendment, and a statement that after the conclusion of such public hearing the matter will be referred to the Board of Township Trustees for further determination.

If the proposed amendment intends to rezone or redistrict ten (10) or less parcels of land, as listed on the tax duplicate, written notice of the hearing shall be mailed by the Zoning Commission, by first class mail, at least twenty days before the date of the public hearing to all owners of property within five hundred (500) feet of, contiguous to, and directly across the street from such area proposed to be rezoned or redistricted to the address of such owners appearing on the County Auditor's current tax list or lists that may be specified by the Board of Township Trustees. The failure to deliver the notice, as provided in this section, shall not invalidate any such amendment. This notice shall set forth the time and place of the public hearing, the nature of the proposed amendment, and a statement that after the conclusion of such public hearing the matter will be referred to the Board of Township Trustees for further determination.

Within thirty (30) days after the required public hearing, the Zoning Commission shall forward with reasons for such recommendation to the Board of Township Trustees that the amendment be granted as requested, or it may recommend a modification of the amendment requested or it may recommend that the amendment not be granted.

Upon receipt of the recommendation from the Zoning Commission, the Board of Township Trustees shall schedule a public hearing. The date of said hearing shall be not more than thirty (30) days from the receipt of the recommendation from the Zoning Commission.

Notice of the required public hearing shall be given by the Board of Township Trustees by at least one (1) publication in a newspaper of general circulation within the Township. Said notice shall be published at least fifteen (15) days before the date of the required hearing. Such notice shall be mailed by the Clerk of Board of Township Trustees, by first class mail, at least twenty (20) days before the day of the hearing to all owners of property within five hundred (500) feet of, contiguous to, and directly across the street from such area proposed to be rezoned or redistricted to the address of such owners appearing on the County Auditor's current tax list or lists that may be specified by the Board of Township Trustees. The failure to deliver the notice as provided in this section shall not invalidate any such amendment. In the case of a text amendment or where more than ten (10) parcels of land are being considered, written notice shall not be required.

Within twenty (20) days after the required public hearing the Board of Township Trustees shall either adopt or deny the recommendation of the Zoning Commission or adopt some modification thereof. In the event the Board of Township Trustees denies or modifies the recommendation of the Commission the majority vote of the Board of Township Trustees is required.

Such amendment adopted by the Board of Township Trustees shall become effective thirty (30) days after the date of such adoption unless within thirty (30) days after the adoption of the amendment there is presented to the Board of Township Trustees a petition, signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the Township equal to not less than eight (8) percent of the total vote cast for all candidates for Governor in such area at the last preceding general election at which a Governor was elected, requesting the Board of Township Trustees to submit the amendment to the electors of such area, for approval or rejection, at the primary or general election.

No amendment for which such referendum vote has been requested shall be put into effect unless a majority of the votes cast on the issue is in favor of the amendment. Upon certification by the Board of Elections that the amendment has been approved by the voters, it shall take immediate effect.

#### SECTION 1005

VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES: Violation of the provisions of this Resolution or failure to comply with any of its requirements, including violations of conditions and safeguards established in various sections of this Resolution, including those established by the Board of Zoning Appeals for Conditional Uses, shall constitute a misdemeanor. Any person who violates this Resolution or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall upon



conviction thereof be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) and in addition shall pay all costs and expenses involved in the case. Each day such violation continues after receipt of a violation notice shall be considered a separate offense. The owner or tenant of any building, structure, premises, or part thereof, and any architect, builder, contractor, agent, or other person who commits, participates in, assists in, or maintains such violation may each be found guilty of a separate offense and suffer the penalties herein provided. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Township from taking such other lawful action as is necessary to prevent or remedy any violation.

Whenever a violation of this Resolution occurs, or is alleged to have occurred, any person may file a written complaint. Such complaint stating fully the causes and basis thereof shall be filed with the Zoning Inspector shall record properly such complaint, immediately investigate, and take action thereon as provided in this section.

**SPRING VALLEY TOWNSHIP ZONING RESOLUTION**

Certified to be the text and map adopted and approved by the Spring Valley Township Zoning Commission August 22, 1988, and certified to the Spring Valley Township Board of Trustees.

CERTIFIED:

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Marty Beam, Chairman  
Spring Valley Township  
Zoning Commission

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mary Martin, Secretary  
Spring Valley Township  
Zoning Commission

Certified to be true and correct copy of the amended text and map of Spring Valley Township Zoning Resolution as adopted by the Spring Valley Township Board of Trustees on October 3, 1988.

CERTIFIED:

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
John DeWine

\_\_\_\_\_  
Robert W. Wiggins, Clerk  
Spring Valley Township  
Board of Trustees

\_\_\_\_\_  
Paul L. Ferguson

\_\_\_\_\_  
Wendell Johnson